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### Matt MacPherson proposes the following substitute bill:

### **Tobacco and Electronic Cigarette Modifications**

# 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

## **Chief Sponsor: Matt MacPherson**

#### Senate Sponsor:

3	LONG TITLE	١

### 4 General Description:

5 This bill amends provisions related to tobacco and electronic cigarette products.

### 6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

- 7 This bill:
- 8 repeals the ban on flavored electronic cigarette products;
- 9 repeals the nicotine content limit for electronic cigarette products;
- 10 amends provisions related to electronic cigarette product enforcement;
- repeals the requirement that electronic cigarette products obtain premarket authorization
- 12 from the federal Food and Drug Administration;
- requires tracking of electronic cigarette products;
- retail tobacco businesses that sell flavored electronic
- 15 cigarette products;
- for retail tobacco specialty businesses:
  - raises licensing fees;
- creates identification scanning requirements; and
- creates surveillance footage requirements;
- creates a tobacco handling permit for retail tobacco specialty business employees and
- 21 operators;

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- 22 creates a tax on flavored electronic cigarette products; and
- 23 amends criminal penalties regarding the illegal sale of tobacco and electronic cigarette
- 24 products.
- 25 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- None None
- 27 Other Special Clauses:
- This bill provides a special effective date.

- 29 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 30 AMENDS:
- 31 **10-8-41.6 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
- 32 Chapter 470
- 33 **17-50-333 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
- 34 Chapter 470
- **26B-7-501** (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws
- 36 of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
- 37 **26B-7-505** (Effective 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470
- **26B-7-509** (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws
- 39 of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
- 40 **26B-7-511 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as renumbered and amended by Laws
- 41 of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
- 42 **26B-7-518 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as renumbered and amended by Laws
- 43 of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
- **26B-7-521** (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws
- 45 of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
- 46 **59-14-102** (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
- 47 Chapter 199
- 48 **59-14-807** [(Effective 07/01/24)] (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by
- Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470
- **76-10-101 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
- 51 Chapter 470
- **76-10-104 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
- 53 Chapters 302, 347
- **76-10-104.1 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah
- 55 2020, Chapters 302, 347
- **76-10-105.1** (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah
- 57 2021, Chapter 348
- **76-10-111 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
- 59 Chapters 302, 347
- **76-10-112 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
- Chapter 302
- **76-10-113 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,

63 Chapter 470 64 **76-10-114 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, 65 First Special Session, Chapter 12 **ENACTS:** 66 67 **26B-7-523** (Effective upon governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953 68 **59-14-901** (Effective 07/01/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 69 **59-14-902** (Effective 07/01/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 70 **59-14-903** (Effective 07/01/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 71 **59-14-904** (Effective 07/01/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 72 **59-14-905** (Effective 07/01/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 73 **59-14-906** (Effective 07/01/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 74 **59-14-907** (Effective 07/01/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 75 **REPEALS:** 76 **26A-1-131** [(Effective 07/01/24)] (Effective upon governor's approval), as enacted by 77 Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470 78 **59-14-810** [(Effective 07/01/24)] (Effective upon governor's approval), as enacted by Laws 79 of Utah 2024, Chapter 470 80 81 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 82 Section 1. Section 10-8-41.6 is amended to read: 83 10-8-41.6 (Effective upon governor's approval). Regulation of retail tobacco 84 specialty business. 85 (1) As used in this section: 86 (a) "Community location" means: 87 (i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school; 88 (ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool; 89 (iii) a trade or technical school; 90 (iv) a church; 91 (v) a public library; 92 (vi) a public playground; 93 (vii) a public park; 94 (viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities; 95 (ix) a public recreational facility; 96 (x) a public arcade; or

97	(xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
98	(b) "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services created in
99	Section 26B-1-201.
100	(c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
101	76-10-101.
102	(d) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in
103	Section 76-10-101.
104	[(d)] (e) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a
105	retail tobacco specialty business.
106	[(e)] (f) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section
107	26A-1-102.
108	[(f)] (g) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
109	[(g)] (h) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in which:
110	(i) sales of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products
111	account for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross receipts for the
112	establishment;
113	(ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or
114	storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
115	(iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage
116	of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
117	(iv) the commercial establishment:
118	(A) holds itself out as a retail tobacco specialty business; and
119	(B) causes a reasonable person to believe the commercial establishment is a retail
120	tobacco specialty business;[-or]
121	(v) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products, electronic
122	cigarette products, or nicotine products[-]; or
123	(vi) any flavored electronic cigarette product is sold.
124	[(h)] (i) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section
125	76-10-105.1.
126	[(i)] (j) "Tobacco product" means:
127	(i) a tobacco product as defined in Section 76-10-101; or
128	(ii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101.
129	(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police powers

of the state by the state or by delegation of the state's police powers to other

131	governmental entities.
132	(3)(a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality
133	unless the person obtains a license from the municipality in which the retail tobacco
134	specialty business is located.
135	(b) A municipality may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a person
136	if the person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5).
137	(4)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a municipality may not issue a license for a
138	person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco
139	specialty business is located within:
140	(i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
141	(ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
142	(iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
143	(A) agriculture use; or
144	(B) residential use.
145	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in a
146	straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the
147	nearest property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through
148	(iii), without regard to intervening structures or zoning districts.
149	(5) A municipality may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a
150	retail tobacco specialty business until the person provides the municipality with proof
151	that the retail tobacco specialty business has:
152	(a) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26B, Chapter
153	7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the
154	local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco
155	specialty business is located; and
156	(b)(i) for a retailer that sells a tobacco product, a valid license issued by the State Tax
157	Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-201 or 59-14-301 to sell a tobacco
158	product; and
159	(ii) for a retailer that sells an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product, a valid
160	license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-803
161	to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
162	(6)(a) Nothing in this section:
163	(i) requires a municipality to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or
164	(ii) prohibits a municipality from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person

165	seeking a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco
166	specialty business.
167	(b) A municipality may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license
168	issued under this section:
169	(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10,
170	Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
171	(ii) if a licensee violates federal law or federal regulations restricting the sale and
172	distribution of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products to protect children
173	and adolescents;
174	(iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under
175	Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and
176	Nicotine Products; or
177	(iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.
178	(7)(a) A retail tobacco specialty business is exempt from Subsection (4) if:
179	(i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a
180	license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business;
181	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in a municipality in accordance
182	with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
183	(iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within
184	1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or
185	high school.
186	(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection
187	(7)(a) if:
188	(i) the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse
189	or permanent revocation;
190	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise
191	suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine
192	products for more than 60 consecutive days;
193	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
194	premises or business operation; and
195	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the
196	terms of other applicable laws, including:
197	(A) Section 26B-7-503;
198	(B) zoning ordinances:

199		(C) building codes; and
200		(D) the requirements of the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i).
201	(c)	A retail tobacco specialty business that does not qualify for an exemption under
202		Subsection (7)(a) is exempt from Subsection (4) if:
203		(i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a
204		general tobacco retailer permit or a retail tobacco specialty business permit under
205		Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and
206		Nicotine Products, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area
207		in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located;
208		(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in the municipality in accordance
209		with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
210		(iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within
211		1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or
212		high school.
213	(d)	Except as provided in Subsection (7)(e), a retail tobacco specialty business may
214		maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(c) if:
215		(i) on or before December 31, 2020, the retail tobacco specialty business receives a
216		retail tobacco specialty business permit from the local health department having
217		jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located;
218		(ii) the permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) is renewed continuously without
219		lapse or permanent revocation;
220		(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise
221		suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine
222		products for more than 60 consecutive days;
223		(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
224		premises or business operation as the business existed when the retail tobacco
225		specialty business received a permit under Subsection (7)(d)(i); and
226		(v) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms
227		of other applicable laws, including:
228		(A) Section 26B-7-503;
229		(B) zoning ordinances;
230		(C) building codes; and
231		(D) the requirements of the retail tobacco permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i)
232	(e)	A retail tobacco specialty business described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b) that is

233	located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle,
234	junior high, or high school before July 1, 2022, is exempt from Subsection
235	(4)(a)(iii)(B) if the retail tobacco specialty business:
236	(i) relocates, before July 1, 2022, to a property that is used or zoned for commercial
237	use and located within a group of architecturally unified commercial
238	establishments built on a site that is planned, developed, owned, and managed as
239	an operating unit; and
240	(ii) continues to meet the requirements described in Subsection (7)(b) that are not
241	directly related to the relocation described in this Subsection (7)(e).
242	Section 2. Section 17-50-333 is amended to read:
243	17-50-333 (Effective upon governor's approval). Regulation of retail tobacco
244	specialty business.
245	(1) As used in this section:
246	(a) "Community location" means:
247	(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
248	(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
249	(iii) a trade or technical school;
250	(iv) a church;
251	(v) a public library;
252	(vi) a public playground;
253	(vii) a public park;
254	(viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
255	(ix) a public recreational facility;
256	(x) a public arcade; or
257	(xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
258	(b) "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services created in
259	Section 26B-1-201.
260	(c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
261	76-10-101.
262	(d) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in
263	Section 76-10-101.
264	[(d)] (e) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a
265	retail tobacco specialty business.
266	[(e)] (f) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section

267	26A-1-102.
268	[(f)] (g) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
269	[(g)] (h) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in which:
270	(i) sales of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products
271	account for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross receipts for the
272	establishment;
273	(ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or
274	storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
275	(iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage
276	of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
277	(iv) the commercial establishment:
278	(A) holds itself out as a retail tobacco specialty business; and
279	(B) causes a reasonable person to believe the commercial establishment is a retail
280	tobacco specialty business;[-or]
281	(v) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products, electronic
282	cigarette products, or nicotine products[-] ; or
283	(vi) any flavored electronic cigarette product is sold.
284	[(h)] (i) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section
285	76-10-105.1.
286	[(i)] (j) "Tobacco product" means:
287	(i) the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101; or
288	(ii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101.
289	(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police powers
290	of the state by the state or by the delegation of the state's police power to other
291	governmental entities.
292	(3)(a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a county unless the
293	person obtains a license from the county in which the retail tobacco specialty
294	business is located.
295	(b) A county may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a person if the
296	person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5).
297	(4)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a county may not issue a license for a
298	person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco
299	specialty business is located within:
300	(i) 1,000 feet of a community location;

301	(ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
302	(iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
303	(A) agriculture use; or
304	(B) residential use.
305	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in a
306	straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the
307	nearest property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through
308	(iii), without regard to intervening structures or zoning districts.
309	(5) A county may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail
310	tobacco specialty business until the person provides the county with proof that the retail
311	tobacco specialty business has:
312	(a) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26B, Chapter
313	7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the
314	local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco
315	specialty business is located; and
316	(b)(i) for a retailer that sells a tobacco product, a valid license issued by the State Tax
317	Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-201 or 59-14-301 to sell a tobacco
318	product; or
319	(ii) for a retailer that sells an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product, a valid
320	license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-803
321	to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
322	(6)(a) Nothing in this section:
323	(i) requires a county to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or
324	(ii) prohibits a county from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person
325	seeking a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco
326	specialty business.
327	(b) A county may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license issued
328	under this section:
329	(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10,
330	Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
331	(ii) if a licensee violates federal law or federal regulations restricting the sale and
332	distribution of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products to protect children
333	and adolescents;
334	(iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under

335	Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and
336	Nicotine Products; or
337	(iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.
338	(7)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(e), a retail tobacco specialty business is
339	exempt from Subsection (4) if:
340	(i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a
341	license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business;
342	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in a county in accordance with
343	all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
344	(iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within
345	1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or
346	high school.
347	(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection
348	(7)(a) if:
349	(i) the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse
350	or permanent revocation;
351	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise
352	suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine
353	products for more than 60 consecutive days;
354	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
355	premises or business operation; and
356	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the
357	terms of other applicable laws, including:
358	(A) [Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act] Section 26B-7-503;
359	(B) zoning ordinances;
360	(C) building codes; and
361	(D) the requirements of the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i).
362	(c) A retail tobacco specialty business that does not qualify for an exemption under
363	Subsection (7)(a) is exempt from Subsection (4) if:
364	(i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a
365	general tobacco retailer permit or a retail tobacco specialty business permit under [
366	Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail
367	Permit] Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products,
368	and Nicotine Products, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the

369	area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located;
370	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in the county in accordance with
371	all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
372	(iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within
373	1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or
374	high school.
375	(d) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection
376	(7)(c) if:
377	(i) on or before December 31, 2020, the retail tobacco specialty business receives a
378	retail tobacco specialty business permit from the local health department having
379	jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located;
380	(ii) the permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) is renewed continuously without
381	lapse or permanent revocation;
382	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise
383	suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine
384	products for more than 60 consecutive days;
385	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
386	premises or business operation as the business existed when the retail tobacco
387	specialty business received a permit under Subsection (7)(d)(i); and
388	(v) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms
389	of other applicable laws, including:
390	(A) [Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act] Section 26B-7-503;
391	(B) zoning ordinances;
392	(C) building codes; and
393	(D) the requirements of the retail tobacco permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i).
394	(e) A retail tobacco specialty business described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b) that is
395	located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle,
396	junior high, or high school before July 1, 2022, is exempt from Subsection
397	(4)(a)(iii)(B) if the retail tobacco specialty business:
398	(i) relocates, before July 1, 2022, to a property that is used or zoned for commercial
399	use and located within a group of architecturally unified commercial
400	establishments built on a site that is planned, developed, owned, and managed as
401	an operating unit; and
402	(ii) continues to meet the requirements described in Subsection (7)(b) that are not

403 directly related to the relocation described in this Subsection (7)(e). 404 Section 3. Section **26B-7-501** is amended to read: 405 26B-7-501 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions. 406 As used in this part: (1) "Community location" means the same as that term is defined: 407 408 (a) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and 409 (b) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333. 410 (2) "Electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 411 (3) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 412 76-10-101. 413 (4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 414 76-10-101. 415 (5) "Employee" means an employee of a tobacco retailer. 416 (6) "Enforcing agency" means the department, or any local health department enforcing the 417 provisions of this part. 418 (7) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in 419 Section 76-10-101. 420 [(7)] (8) "General tobacco retailer" means a tobacco retailer that is not a retail tobacco 421 specialty business. 422 [(8)] (9) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 423 26A-1-102. 424 [(9)] (10) "Manufacture" includes: 425 (a) to cast, construct, or make electronic cigarettes; or 426 (b) to blend, make, process, or prepare an electronic cigarette substance. 427 [(10)] (11) "Manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance" means an electronic 428 cigarette substance that is sold in a container that: 429 (a) is prefilled by the electronic cigarette substance manufacturer; and 430 (b) the electronic cigarette manufacturer does not intend for a consumer to open. 431 [(11)] (12) "Manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product" means: 432 (a) an electronic cigarette substance or container that the electronic cigarette 433 manufacturer does not intend for a consumer to open or refill; or (b) a prefilled electronic cigarette as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 434 435 [(12)] (13) "Nicotine" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.

[(13)] (14) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.

437	[(14)] (15) "Non-tobacco shisha" means any product that:
438	(a) does not contain tobacco or nicotine; and
439	(b) is smoked or intended to be smoked in a hookah or water pipe.
440	[(15)] (16) "Owner" means a person holding a 20% ownership interest in the business that is
441	required to obtain a permit under this part.
442	[(16)] (17) "Permit" means a tobacco retail permit issued under Section 26B-7-507.
443	[(17)] (18) "Place of public access" means any enclosed indoor place of business,
444	commerce, banking, financial service, or other service-related activity, whether publicly
445	or privately owned and whether operated for profit or not, to which persons not
446	employed at the place of public access have general and regular access or which the
447	public uses, including:
448	(a) buildings, offices, shops, elevators, or restrooms;
449	(b) means of transportation or common carrier waiting rooms;
450	(c) restaurants, cafes, or cafeterias;
451	(d) taverns as defined in Section 32B-1-102, or cabarets;
452	(e) shopping malls, retail stores, grocery stores, or arcades;
453	(f) libraries, theaters, concert halls, museums, art galleries, planetariums, historical sites,
454	auditoriums, or arenas;
455	(g) barber shops, hair salons, or laundromats;
456	(h) sports or fitness facilities;
457	(i) common areas of nursing homes, hospitals, resorts, hotels, motels, "bed and
458	breakfast" lodging facilities, and other similar lodging facilities, including the
459	lobbies, hallways, elevators, restaurants, cafeterias, other designated dining areas, and
460	restrooms of any of these;
461	(j)(i) any child care facility or program subject to licensure or certification under this
462	title, including those operated in private homes, when any child cared for under
463	that license is present; and
464	(ii) any child care, other than child care as defined in Section 26B-2-401, that is not
465	subject to licensure or certification under this title, when any child cared for by the
466	provider, other than the child of the provider, is present;
467	(k) public or private elementary or secondary school buildings and educational facilities
468	or the property on which those facilities are located;
469	(l) any building owned, rented, leased, or otherwise operated by a social, fraternal, or
470	religious organization when used solely by the organization members or the

471	members' guests or families;
472	(m) any facility rented or leased for private functions from which the general public is
473	excluded and arrangements for the function are under the control of the function
474	sponsor;
475	(n) any workplace that is not a place of public access or a publicly owned building or
476	office but has one or more employees who are not owner-operators of the business;
477	(o) any area where the proprietor or manager of the area has posted a conspicuous sign
478	stating "no smoking", "thank you for not smoking", or similar statement; and
479	(p) a holder of a bar establishment license, as defined in Section 32B-1-102.
480	[(18)] (19)(a) "Proof of age" means:
481	(i) a valid identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 8, Identification
482	Card Act;
483	(ii) a valid identification that:
484	(A) is substantially similar to an identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter
485	3, Part 8, Identification Card Act;
486	(B) is issued in accordance with the laws of a state other than Utah in which the
487	identification is issued;
488	(C) includes date of birth; and
489	(D) has a picture affixed;
490	(iii) a valid driver license certificate that is issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform
491	Driver License Act, or in accordance with the laws of the state in which the valid
492	driver license is issued;
493	(iv) a valid United States military identification card that:
494	(A) includes date of birth; and
495	(B) has a picture affixed; or
496	(v) a valid passport.
497	(b) "Proof of age" does not include a valid driving privilege card issued in accordance
498	with Section 53-3-207.
499	[(19)] (20) "Publicly owned building or office" means any enclosed indoor place or portion
500	of a place owned, leased, or rented by any state, county, or municipal government, or by
501	any agency supported by appropriation of, or by contracts or grants from, funds derived
502	from the collection of federal, state, county, or municipal taxes.
503	[(20)] (21) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined:
504	(a) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and

505 (b) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333. 506 [(21)] (22) "Shisha" means any product that: 507 (a) contains tobacco or nicotine; and 508 (b) is smoked or intended to be smoked in a hookah or water pipe. 509  $\left[\frac{(22)}{(23)}\right]$  (23) "Smoking" means: 510 (a) the possession of any lighted or heated tobacco product in any form; 511 (b) inhaling, exhaling, burning, or carrying any lighted or heated cigar, cigarette, pipe, or 512 hookah that contains: 513 (i) tobacco or any plant product intended for inhalation; 514 (ii) shisha or non-tobacco shisha; 515 (iii) nicotine; 516 (iv) a natural or synthetic tobacco substitute; or 517 (v) a natural or synthetic flavored tobacco product; 518 (c) using an electronic cigarette; or 519 (d) using an oral smoking device intended to circumvent the prohibition of smoking in 520 this part. 521 [(23)] (24) "Tax commission license" means a license issued by the State Tax Commission 522 under: 523 (a) Section 59-14-201 to sell a cigarette at retail; 524 (b) Section 59-14-301 to sell a tobacco product at retail; or 525 (c) Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product. 526 [(24)] (25) "Tobacco product" means: 527 (a) a tobacco product as defined in Section 76-10-101; or 528 (b) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101. 529 [(25)] (26) "Tobacco retailer" means a person that is required to obtain a tax commission 530 license. 531 Section 4. Section **26B-7-505** is amended to read: 532 26B-7-505 (Effective 07/01/24). Electronic cigarette products -- Labeling --533 Requirements to sell -- Advertising -- Labeling of nicotine products containing nicotine. 534 (1) The department shall, in consultation with a local health department and with input from 535 members of the public, establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, 536 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the requirements to sell an electronic cigarette 537 substance that is not a manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance regarding: 538 (a) labeling;

539	(b) nicotine content;
540	(c) packaging; and
541	(d) product quality.
542	(2) On or before January 1, 2021, the department shall, in consultation with a local health
543	department and with input from members of the public, establish by rule made in
544	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
545	requirements to sell a manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product regarding:
546	(a) labeling;
547	(b) nicotine content;
548	(c) packaging; and
549	(d) product quality.
550	(3)(a) A person may not sell an electronic cigarette substance unless the electronic
551	cigarette substance complies with the requirements established by the department
552	under Subsection (1).
553	(b) Beginning on July 1, 2021, a person may not sell a manufacturer sealed electronic
554	cigarette product unless the manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product complie
555	with the requirements established by the department under Subsection (2).
556	[(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b), beginning on January 1, 2025, a
557	person may not sell an electronic eigarette product that is not a premarket authorized
558	or pending electronic eigarette product as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.]
559	(4)(a) A local health department may not enact a rule or regulation regarding electronic
560	cigarette substance labeling, nicotine content, packaging, or product quality that is
561	not identical to the requirements established by the department under Subsections (1)
562	and (2).
563	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), a local health department may enact a rule
564	or regulation regarding electronic cigarette substance manufacturing.
565	(c) A local health department may not enact a rule or regulation regarding a
566	manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product.
567	(5) A person may not advertise an electronic cigarette product as a tobacco cessation device.
568	(6)(a) Any nicotine product shall contain the statement described in Subsection (6)(b) if
569	the nicotine product:
570	(i)(A) is not a tobacco product as defined in 21 U.S.C. Sec. 321 and related federal
571	regulations; or
572	(B) is not otherwise required under federal or state law to contain a nicotine

573	warning; and
574	(ii) contains nicotine.
575	(b) A statement shall appear on the exterior packaging of a nicotine product described in
576	Subsection (6)(a) as follows:
577	"This product contains nicotine."
578	Section 5. Section <b>26B-7-509</b> is amended to read:
579	26B-7-509 (Effective upon governor's approval). Permit term and fees.
580	(1)(a) The term of a permit issued to a retail tobacco specialty business is one year.
581	(b) The term of a permit issued to a general tobacco retailer is two years.
582	(2)(a) A local health department may not issue a permit until the applicant has paid a
583	permit fee to the local health department of:
584	(i) for a general tobacco retailer:
585	$[\underbrace{(i)}]$ (A) \$30 for a new permit;
586	[(ii)] (B) \$20 for a permit renewal; or
587	[(iii)] (C) \$30 for reinstatement of a permit that has been revoked, suspended, or
588	allowed to expire[-] ; or
589	(ii) for a retail tobacco specialty business, \$3,000.
590	(b) A local health department that collects fees under Subsection (2)(a) shall use the fees
591	to administer and enforce the permit requirements described in Sections 26B-7-506
592	through [ <del>26B-7-521</del> ] <del>26B-7-522</del> .
593	(c) In addition to the fee described in Subsection (2)(a), a local health department may
594	establish and collect a fee to perform a plan review for a retail tobacco specialty
595	business permit.
596	(d) Payment of the fee described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) is due after an initial application
597	is approved and when a renewal application is approved.
598	(3) A permit holder may apply for a renewal of a permit no earlier than 30 days before the
599	day on which the permit expires.
600	(4) A tobacco retailer that fails to renew a permit before the permit expires may apply to
601	reinstate the permit by submitting to the local health department:
602	(a) the information required in Subsection 26B-7-508(3) and, if applicable, Subsection
603	26B-7-508(4);
604	(b) the fee for the reinstatement of a permit; and
605	(c) a signed affidavit affirming that the tobacco retailer has not violated the prohibitions
606	in Subsection 26B-7-507(1)(b) after the permit expired.

607	Section 6. Section 26B-7-511 is amended to read:
608	26B-7-511 (Effective upon governor's approval). Permit requirements for a
609	retail tobacco specialty business Tobacco handling permit.
610	(1) A retail tobacco specialty business shall:
611	(a) electronically verify proof of age for any individual that enters the premises of the
612	business in accordance with Section 26B-7-521;
613	(b) except as provided in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), prohibit any individual from
614	entering the business if the individual is under 21 years old;[-and]
615	(c) prominently display at the retail tobacco specialty business a sign on the public
616	entrance of the business that communicates:
617	(i) the prohibition on the presence of an individual under 21 years old in a retail
618	tobacco specialty business in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4); and
619	(ii) the prohibition on the sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products to
620	an individual under 21 years old as described in Sections 76-10-104, 76-10-104.1,
621	76-10-105.1, and 76-10-114[-] ; and
622	(d) implement security standards that include an electronic video monitoring system
623	with:
624	(i) at least one 19-inch or greater call-up monitor;
625	(ii) a printer, capable of producing a clear still photo from any video camera image;
626	(iii) video cameras with a recording resolution of at least 1280 x 720 pixels, or the
627	equivalent for analog, that records continuously during business hours and for one
628	hour before and after business hours, seven days a week, and is motion activated
629	after business hours that provides coverage of:
630	(A) all points of entry; and
631	(B) each point-of-sale;
632	(iv) a method for storing each video recording from the video camera for at least 45
633	days after the day on which the recording was taken;
634	(v) a surveillance system with:
635	(A) a storage device for locally stored footage secured in the business in a lock
636	box, cabinet, closet, or secured in another manner, to protect from tampering or
637	criminal theft; or
638	(B) a storage system on a remote server which has restricted access to protect
639	from tampering;
640	(vi) a failure notification system that provides an audible or visual notification of an

641	error within the electronic monitoring system; and
642	(vii) a date and time stamp embedded on video camera recordings; and
643	(e) place a sign in a publicly viewable area that notifies patrons that the patrons are
644	under surveillance.
645	(2) A retail tobacco specialty business may not:
646	(a) employ an individual under 21 years old to sell a tobacco product, an electronic
647	cigarette product, or a nicotine product;[-or]
648	(b) permit an employee under 21 years old to sell a tobacco product, an electronic
649	cigarette product, or a nicotine product[-] ; or
650	(c) employ an individual that does not have a tobacco handling permit described in
651	Subsection (3).
652	(3)(a) An employee, owner, or operator of a retail tobacco specialty business shall obtain
653	and maintain a tobacco handling permit.
654	(b) The department shall:
655	(i) develop a course to instruct an individual described in Subsection (3)(a) regarding
656	the laws and regulations that a retail tobacco specialty business must follow;
657	(ii) issue a tobacco handling permit to any individual who completes the training; and
658	(iii) establish a fee in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 to implement this
659	Subsection (3).
660	(c) A tobacco handling permit expires one year from the day the tobacco handling
661	permit is issued.
662	Section 7. Section <b>26B-7-518</b> is amended to read:
663	26B-7-518 (Effective upon governor's approval). Penalties.
664	(1)(a) If an enforcing agency determines that a person has violated the terms of a permit
665	issued under this part, the enforcing agency may impose the penalties described in
666	this section.
667	(b) If multiple violations are found in a single inspection by an enforcing agency or a
668	single investigation by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101, the
669	enforcing agency shall treat the multiple violations as one single violation under
670	Subsections (2), (3), and (4).
671	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), if a violation is found in an investigation
672	by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101 or an inspection by an enforcing
673	agency, the enforcing agency shall:
674	(a) on a first violation at a retail location, impose a penalty of \$1,000;

675	(b) on a second violation at the same retail location that occurs within one year of a	
676	previous violation, impose a penalty of \$1,500;	
677	(c) on a third violation at the same retail location that occurs within two years after tw	WО
678	previous violations, impose:	
679	(i) a suspension of the permit for 30 consecutive business days within 60 days af	ter
680	the day on which the third violation occurs; or	
681	(ii) a penalty of \$2,000; and	
682	(d) on a fourth or subsequent violation within two years of three previous violations:	
683	(i) impose a penalty of \$2,000;	
684	(ii) revoke a permit of the retailer; and	
685	(iii) if applicable, recommend to a municipality or county that a retail tobacco	
686	specialty business license issued under Section 10-8-41.6 or 17-50-333 be	
687	suspended or revoked.	
688	(3) [If a violation is found in an investigation of ] Except as provided in Subsection (7), is	<u>f</u> a
689	general tobacco retailer [by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101 for the	<del>ie</del>
690	sale of a tobacco product, an electronic eigarette product, or a nicotine product to an	
691	individual under 21 years old and the violation is committed by the owner of the gene	<del>ral</del>
692	tobacco retailer] sells a tobacco product to an individual under 21 years old, the	
693	enforcing agency shall:	
694	(a) on a first violation, impose a fine of \$2,000 on the general tobacco retailer; and	
695	(b) on the second violation for the same general tobacco retailer within one year of the	ıe
696	first violation:	
697	(i) impose a fine of \$5,000; and	
698	(ii) revoke the permit for the general tobacco retailer.	
699	(4) If [a violation is found in an investigation of] a retail tobacco specialty business [by a	
700	law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101 for the sale of a tobacco product, as	n
701	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an individual under 21 years old]	
702	sells a tobacco product to an individual under 21 years old, the enforcing agency shall	1:
703	(a) on the first violation:	
704	(i) impose a fine of [\$5,000] \$10,000;[-and]	
705	(ii) impose an additional fine of \$1,000 for each product sold up to \$100,000; and	<u>d</u>
706	[(ii)] (iii) immediately suspend the permit for 30 consecutive days; and	
707	(b) on the second violation at the same retail location within two years of the first	
708	violation:	

709	(i) impose a fine of [\$10,000] \$20,000;[-and]
710	(ii) impose an additional fine of \$1,000 for each product sold up to \$100,000; and
711	[(ii)] (iii) revoke the permit for the retail tobacco specialty business.
712	(5)(a) Except when a transfer described in Subsection (6) occurs, a local health
713	department may not issue a permit to:
714	(i) a tobacco retailer for whom a permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (2)
715	or (3); or
716	(ii) a tobacco retailer that has the same proprietor, director, corporate officer, partner,
717	or other holder of significant interest as another tobacco retailer for whom a
718	permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (2), (3), or (4).
719	(b) A person whose permit:
720	(i) is suspended under this section may not apply for a new permit for any other
721	tobacco retailer for a period of 12 months after the day on which an enforcing
722	agency suspends the permit; and
723	(ii) is revoked under this section may not apply for a new permit for any tobacco
724	retailer for a period of 24 months after the day on which an enforcing agency
725	revokes the permit.
726	(6) Violations of this part, Section 10-8-41.6, or Section 17-50-333 that occur at a tobacco
727	retailer location shall stay on the record for that tobacco retailer location unless:
728	(a) the tobacco retailer is transferred to a new proprietor; and
729	(b) the new proprietor provides documentation to the local health department that the
730	new proprietor is acquiring the tobacco retailer in an arm's length transaction from
731	the previous proprietor.
732	(7) If a general tobacco retailer is found to be selling a flavored electronic cigarette product
733	to an individual under 21 years old, the enforcing agency shall:
734	(a) on the first violation:
735	(i) impose a fine of \$10,000;
736	(ii) impose an additional fine of \$1,000 for each product sold up to \$100,000; and
737	(iii) immediately suspend the permit for 30 consecutive days; and
738	(b) on the second violation at the same retail location within two years of the first
739	violation:
740	(i) impose a fine of \$20,000;
741	(ii) impose an additional fine of \$1,000 for each product sold up to \$100,000; and
742	(iii) revoke the permit for the general tobacco retailer.

743	Section 8. Section <b>26B-7-521</b> is amended to read:
744	26B-7-521 (Effective upon governor's approval). Verification of proof of age
745	Verification of identification.
746	(1) As used in this section:
747	(a) "Employee" means an employee of a retail tobacco specialty business.
748	(b) "Electronic verification program" means a technology used by a retail tobacco
749	specialty business to confirm proof of age for an individual.
750	(2) A retail tobacco specialty business shall require that an employee verify proof of age as
751	provided in this section.
752	(3) To comply with Subsection (2), an employee shall:
753	(a) request the individual present proof of age; and
754	(b) verify the validity of the proof of age electronically in accordance with Subsection (4).
755	(4)(a) A retail tobacco specialty business shall use an electronic verification program to
756	assist the business in complying with the requirements of this section.
757	(b) Beginning July 1, 2025, a retail tobacco specialty business shall use an identification
758	verification system.
759	(c) The identification verification system described in Subsection (4)(b) shall analyze
760	and conduct a forensic check of the front and back of a proof of identification for
761	authentic security features to detect a fraudulent proof of identification, which shall
762	include the ability to:
763	(i) read and identify ultraviolet and infrared images, microprint, laser perforation,
764	holograms, and other proof of identification specific security features;
765	(ii) scan and analyze a proof of identification issued from any state or territory within
766	the United States;
767	(iii) scan and read magstripe, 2D barcodes, and machine readable zones on United
768	States passport cards;
769	(iv) display easy to read results of the identification analysis and alert staff when a
770	proof of identification appears to be fake or false;
771	(v) detect and alert to an expired or invalid proof of identification;
772	(vi) ability to identify and alert to pass-back or proof of identification sharing; and
773	(vii) to capture a real time image of the individual presenting the proof of
774	identification.
775	(5)(a) A retail tobacco specialty business may not disclose information obtained under

this section except as provided under this part.

777	(b) Information obtained under this section:
778	(i) shall be kept for at least 180 days; and
779	(ii) is subject to inspection upon request by a peace officer or the representative of an
780	enforcing agency.
781	(6)(a) If an employee does not verify proof of age under this section, the employee may
782	not permit an individual to:
783	(i) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), enter a retail tobacco specialty business; or
784	(ii) purchase a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product.
785	(b) In accordance with Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), an individual who is under 21 years
786	old may be permitted to enter a retail tobacco specialty business if the individual is:
787	[(i) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian who provides proof of age; or]
788	[(ii)(A)] (i) present at the retail tobacco specialty business solely for the purpose of
789	providing a commercial service to the retail tobacco specialty business, including
790	making a commercial delivery;
791	[(B)] (ii) monitored by the proprietor of the retail tobacco specialty business or an
792	employee of the retail tobacco specialty business; and
793	[(C)] (iii) not permitted to make any purchase or conduct any commercial transaction
794	other than the service described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A).
795	(7) To determine whether the individual described in Subsection (2) is 21 years old or
796	older, the following may request an individual described in Subsection (2) to present
797	proof of age:
798	(a) an employee;
799	(b) a peace officer; or
800	(c) a representative of an enforcing agency.
801	Section 9. Section <b>26B-7-523</b> is enacted to read:
802	26B-7-523 (Effective upon governor's approval). Tracking Pilot program.
803	(1)
804	As used in this section, "RFID" means radio-frequency identification.
805	(2) Beginning May 15, 2026, a retail tobacco specialty business shall have in place an
806	inventory control system that tracks flavored electronic cigarette products.
807	(3) The inventory control system shall have an RFID tag attached to each flavored
808	electronic cigarette product package label in which:
809	(a) each flavored electronic cigarette product is issued a unique identification number
810	via an RFID tag; and

811	(b) the tag is placed in a position that can be clearly read and include the following
812	information:
813	(i) a unique identification number;
814	(ii) the name of the retail tobacco specialty business that sells the product; and
815	(iii) the date of sale of the flavored electronic cigarette product.
816	(4) A retail tobacco specialty business shall maintain the information required by this
817	section for at least 180 days after the day on which the flavored electronic cigarette
818	product leaves the retail tobacco specialty business.
819	(5)(a) The department shall conduct a pilot program regarding the effectiveness of RFID
820	tag tracking if:
821	(i) at least 20 retail tobacco specialty business licensees elect to participate before
822	July 1, 2025; and
823	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business agrees to share data that the department
824	determines relevant regarding RFID tracking to determine if RFID tracking is
825	effective in preventing individuals under 21 years old from obtaining a flavored
826	electronic cigarette product.
827	(b) If the department conducts a pilot program under this section, the department shall
828	provide a report to the Health and Human Services Interim Committee before
829	January 1, 2026.
830	(c) The department shall set a fee for participating retail tobacco specialty businesses to
831	recover the department's costs for conducting the pilot program.
832	Section 10. Section <b>59-14-102</b> is amended to read:
833	59-14-102 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions.
834	As used in this chapter:
835	(1) "Alternative nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
836	76-10-101.
837	(2) "Cigarette" means a roll made wholly or in part of tobacco:
838	(a) regardless of:
839	(i) the size of the roll;
840	(ii) the shape of the roll;
841	(iii) whether the tobacco is flavored, adulterated, or mixed with any other ingredient
842	or
843	(iv) whether the tobacco is heated or burned; and
844	(b) if the roll has a wrapper or cover that is made of paper or any other substance or

845 material except tobacco. 846 (3) "Cigarette rolling machine" means a device or machine that has the capability to 847 produce at least 150 cigarettes in less than 30 minutes. 848 (4) "Cigarette rolling machine operator" means a person who: 849 (a)(i) controls, leases, owns, possesses, or otherwise has available for use a cigarette 850 rolling machine; and 851 (ii) makes the cigarette rolling machine available for use by another person to 852 produce a cigarette; or 853 (b) offers for sale, at retail, a cigarette produced from the cigarette rolling machine. 854 (5) "Consumer" means a person that is not required: 855 (a) under Section 59-14-201 to obtain a license under Section 59-14-202; 856 (b) under Section 59-14-301 to obtain a license under Section 59-14-202; [-or] 857 (c) to obtain a license under Section 59-14-803[-]; or 858 (d) to obtain a license under Section 59-14-902. 859 (6) "Counterfeit cigarette" means: 860 (a) a cigarette that has a false manufacturing label; or 861 (b) a package of cigarettes bearing a counterfeit tax stamp. 862 (7)(a) "Electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 863 (b) "Electronic cigarette" does not include a cigarette or a tobacco product. 864 (8) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 865 76-10-101. (9) "Electronic cigarette substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 866 867 76-10-101. 868 (10) "Importer" means a person that imports into the United States, either directly or 869 indirectly, a finished cigarette for sale or distribution. 870 (11) "Indian tribal entity" means a federally recognized Indian tribe, tribal entity, or any 871 other person doing business as a distributor or retailer of cigarettes on tribal lands 872 located in the state. 873 (12) "Little cigar" means a roll for smoking that: 874 (a) is made wholly or in part of tobacco; 875 (b) uses an integrated cellulose acetate filter or other similar filter; and 876 (c) is wrapped in a substance: 877 (i) containing tobacco; and

(ii) that is not exclusively natural leaf tobacco.

- 879 (13)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (13)(b), "manufacturer" means a person that:
- (i) manufactures, fabricates, assembles, processes, or labels a finished cigarette; or
- 881 (ii) makes, modifies, mixes, manufactures, fabricates, assembles, processes, labels,
- repackages, relabels, or imports an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine
- product.
- (b) "Manufacturer" does not include a cigarette rolling machine operator.
- 885 (14) "Moist snuff" means tobacco that:
- (a) is finely cut, ground, or powdered;
- (b) has at least 45% moisture content, as determined by the commission by rule made in
- accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
- (c) is not intended to be:
- 890 (i) smoked; or
- (ii) placed in the nasal cavity; and
- 892 (d) except for single-use pouches of loose tobacco, is not packaged, produced, sold, or distributed in single-use units, including:
- 894 (i) tablets;
- 895 (ii) lozenges;
- 896 (iii) strips;
- 897 (iv) sticks; or
- (v) packages containing multiple single-use units.
- 899 (15) "Nicotine" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 900 (16) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 901 (17) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" means the same as that term is defined in Section 902 76-10-101.
- 903 (18) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 905 (19) "Nontherapeutic nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 907 (20) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 909 (21) "Prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 911 (22) "Retailer" means a person that:
- 912 (a) sells or distributes a cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to

913	a consumer in the state; or
914	(b) intends to sell or distribute a cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine
915	product to a consumer in the state.
916	(23) "Stamp" means the indicia required to be placed on a cigarette package that evidences
917	payment of the tax on cigarettes required by Section 59-14-205.
918	(24)(a) "Tobacco product" means a product made of, or containing, tobacco.
919	(b) "Tobacco product" includes:
920	(i) a cigarette produced from a cigarette rolling machine;
921	(ii) a little cigar; or
922	(iii) moist snuff.
923	(c) "Tobacco product" does not include a cigarette.
924	(25) "Tribal lands" means land held by the United States in trust for a federally recognized
925	Indian tribe.
926	Section 11. Section <b>59-14-807</b> is amended to read:
927	59-14-807 [(Effective 07/01/24)] (Effective upon governor's approval). Electronic
928	Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account.
929	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Electronic
930	Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account."
931	(2) The Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account
932	consists of:
933	(a) revenue collected from the tax imposed by Section 59-14-804;
934	[(b) fees and penalties collected under Section 59-14-810;]
935	[(e)] (b) all money received by the attorney general or the Department of Commerce as a
936	result of any judgment, settlement, or compromise of claims pertaining to alleged
937	violations of law related to the manufacture, marketing, distribution, or sale of
938	electronic cigarette products, as defined in Section 76-10-101:
939	(i) if the total amount of the judgment, settlement, or compromise received by the
940	state exceeds \$1,000,000; and
941	(ii) after reimbursement to the attorney general and the Department of Commerce for
942	expenses related to the matters described in Subsection [ $(2)(e)$ ] (2)(b); and
943	[ <del>(d)</del> ] <u>(c)</u> amounts appropriated by the Legislature.
944	(3)(a) For each fiscal year and subject to appropriation by the Legislature, the Division
945	of Finance shall distribute from the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine
046	Product Proceeds Pastricted Accounts

947	(i) \$2,000,000, which shall be allocated to the local health departments by the
948	Department of Health and Human Services using the formula created in
949	accordance with Section 26A-1-116;
950	(ii) \$2,000,000 to the Department of Health and Human Services for statewide
951	cessation programs and prevention education;
952	(iii) \$1,180,000 to the Department of Public Safety for law enforcement officers
953	aimed at disrupting organizations and networks that provide tobacco products,
954	electronic cigarette products, nicotine products, and other illegal controlled
955	substances to minors;
956	(iv) \$3,000,000, which shall be allocated to the local health departments by the
957	Department of Health and Human Services using the formula created in
958	accordance with Section 26A-1-116;
959	(v) \$5,084,200 to the State Board of Education for school-based prevention programs;
960	<u>and</u>
961	(vi) \$2,000,000 to the Department of Health and Human Services for alcohol,
962	tobacco, and other drug prevention, reduction, cessation, and control programs
963	that promote unified messages and make use of media outlets, including radio,
964	newspaper, billboards, and television[; and] .
965	[(vii) of the money deposited under Section 59-14-810:]
966	[(A) to the commission, in an amount equal to the amount necessary to create and
967	maintain the registry described in Section 59-14-810;]
968	[(B) to the Department of Health and Human Services, in an amount necessary for
969	completing duties described in Section 59-14-810; and]
970	[(C) to the Department of Health and Human Services, the remainder to be
971	divided among the local health departments for inspection and enforcement
972	described in Sections 26A-1-131 and 59-14-810.]
973	(b) If the amount in the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds
974	Restricted Account is insufficient to cover the distributions described in Subsection
975	(3)(a), the distribution amounts shall be adjusted proportionately.
976	(4)(a) The local health departments shall use the money received in accordance with
977	Subsection (3)(a) for enforcing:
978	(i) the regulation provisions described in Section 26B-7-505;
979	(ii) the labeling requirement described in Section 26B-7-505; and
980	(iii) the penalty provisions described in Section 26B-7-518.

981	(b) The Department of Health and Human Services shall use the money received in
982	accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(ii) for the Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana,
983	and Other Drug Prevention Program created in Section 26B-1-428.
984	(c) The local health departments shall use the money received in accordance with
985	Subsection (3)(a)(iv) to issue grants under the Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and
986	Other Drug Prevention Grant Program created in Section 26A-1-129.
987	(d) The State Board of Education shall use the money received in accordance with
988	Subsection (3)(a)(v) to distribute to local education agencies to pay for:
989	(i)(A) stipends for positive behaviors specialists as described in Subsection
990	53G-10-407(4)(a)(i);
991	(B) the cost of administering the positive behaviors plan as described in
992	Subsection 53G-10-407(4)(a)(ii); and
993	(C) the cost of implementing an Underage Drinking and Substance Abuse
994	Prevention Program in grade 4 or 5, as described in Subsection 53G-10-406
995	(3)(b); or
996	(ii) a comprehensive prevention plan, as that term is defined in Section 53F-2-525.
997	(5)(a) The fund shall earn interest.
998	(b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
999	(6) Subject to legislative appropriations, funds remaining in the Electronic Cigarette
1000	Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account after the distribution
1001	described in Subsection (3) may only be used for:
1002	(a) funding commission personnel to enforce compliance with the tax collection
1003	requirements of this part; and
1004	(b) programs and activities related to the prevention and cessation of electronic cigarette
1005	nicotine products, marijuana, and other drug use.
1006	Section 12. Section <b>59-14-901</b> is enacted to read:
1007	Part 9. Flavored Electronic Cigarette Tax
1008	<b>59-14-901</b> (Effective 07/01/25). Definitions.
1009	As used in this part:
1010	(1) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in
1011	Section 76-10-101.
1012	(2) "Licensee" means a person that holds a license to sell a flavored electronic cigarette
1013	product under this part.
1014	(3)(a) "Retail price" means the amount charged by a retailer for a flavored electronic

1015	<u>cigarette product.</u>
1016	(b) "Retail price" includes any part of the amount charged by a retailer that is paid or
1017	recouped for a tax imposed on a distributor under Section 59-14-804.
1018	Section 13. Section <b>59-14-902</b> is enacted to read:
1019	59-14-902 (Effective 07/01/25). License to sell flavored electronic cigarette
1020	product.
1021	(1) A person may not sell or offer to sell a flavored electronic cigarette product in this state
1022	without first:
1023	(a) obtaining a license from the commission under this section to sell a flavored
1024	electronic cigarette product; and
1025	(b) complying with any bonding requirement described in Subsection (5).
1026	(2) A license described in this section is required in addition to any other license required
1027	by law.
1028	(3) The commission shall issue a license to sell a flavored electronic cigarette product to a
1029	person that submits an application, on a form created by the commission, that includes:
1030	(a) the person's name;
1031	(b) the address of the facility where the person will sell a flavored cigarette product; and
1032	(c) any other information the commission requires to implement this part.
1033	(4) A license described in Subsection (3) is:
1034	(a) valid only at one fixed business address;
1035	(b) valid for three years;
1036	(c) valid only for a physical location; and
1037	(d) renewable if a licensee meets the criteria for licensing described in Subsection (3).
1038	(5)(a) The commission shall require a retailer that is responsible under this part for the
1039	collection of tax on a flavored electronic cigarette product to post a bond.
1040	(b) The retailer may post the bond required by Subsection (5)(a) in combination with
1041	any bond required by Section 59-14-201, 59-14-301, or 59-14-803.
1042	(c) Subject to Subsection (5)(d), the commission shall determine the form and amount of
1043	the bond.
1044	(d) The minimum amount of the bond shall be \$500.
1045	(e) If a bond is posted in combination with another bond under (5)(b), the total amount
1046	of the bond shall be equal to the sum total of \$500 plus the amount required by the
1047	other provision of law.

(6) The commission may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

1049	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish the additional information described in
1050	Subsection (3)(c) that a person shall provide in the application described in Subsection
1051	<u>(3).</u>
1052	(7) It is a class B misdemeanor for a person to violate Subsection (1).
1053	(8) The commission may not charge a fee for a license under this section.
1054	Section 14. Section <b>59-14-903</b> is enacted to read:
1055	59-14-903 (Effective 07/01/25). Publication of licensed distributors Retailer
1056	transaction only with licensed distributor Penalty.
1057	(1)(a) The commission shall maintain a list that includes the identity of each person
1058	licensed under this part to sell a flavored electronic cigarette product.
1059	(b) The list shall be:
1060	(i) published on the commission website; and
1061	(ii) updated by the commission at least once per quarter.
1062	(2) A distributor may sell a flavored electronic cigarette product only to a licensed retailer
1063	identified on the list described in Subsection (1).
1064	(3)(a) The commission may impose a penalty against a distributor that sells a flavored
1065	electronic cigarette product to a person other than a licensed retailer.
1066	(b) The penalty is \$10,000 for each sale.
1067	Section 15. Section <b>59-14-904</b> is enacted to read:
1068	$\underline{59\text{-}14\text{-}904}$ (Effective 07/01/25). Taxation of flavored electronic cigarette products.
1069	(1)(a) Beginning on July 1, 2025, a tax is imposed on a flavored electronic cigarette
1070	product.
1071	(b) A tax described in this section is in addition to any other tax required by law on an
1072	electronic cigarette product, including the tax described in Section 59-14-804.
1073	(2) The amount of tax imposed under Subsection (1) is .025 multiplied by the retail price of
1074	each product sold.
1075	(3) If a product is sold in the same package as a product that is taxed under Subsection (1),
1076	the tax described in Subsection (2) shall apply to the retail price of the entire packaged
1077	product.
1078	(4) A retailer, consumer, or user shall pay the tax levied under Subsection (1) at the point of
1079	<u>sale.</u>
1080	(5)(a) The retailer shall remit the taxes collected in accordance with this section to the
1081	commission.
1082	(b) The commission shall deposit revenues generated by the tax imposed by this section

1083	into the Flavored Electronic Cigarette Product Proceeds Restricted Account created
1084	in Section 59-14-906.
1085	Section 16. Section <b>59-14-905</b> is enacted to read:
1086	59-14-905 (Effective 07/01/25). Remittance of tax Returns Invoice required
1087	Filing requirement Exception Penalty Overpayment.
1088	(1)(a) The retailer that collects the tax imposed on a flavored electronic cigarette product
1089	shall remit to the commission, in an electronic format approved by the commission:
1090	(i) the tax collected in the previous calendar quarter; and
1091	(ii) the quarterly tax return.
1092	(b) The tax collected and the return are due on or before the last day of April, July,
1093	October, and January.
1094	(2)(a) A consumer that purchases an untaxed flavored electronic cigarette product for
1095	use or other consumption shall:
1096	(i) file with the commission, on forms prescribed by the commission, a statement
1097	showing the quantity and description of the item subject to tax under this part; and
1098	(ii) pay the tax imposed by this part on that item.
1099	(b) The consumer shall file the statement described in Subsection (2)(a) and pay the tax
1100	due on or before the last day of the month immediately following the month during
1101	which the consumer purchased an untaxed flavored electronic cigarette product.
1102	(c) A consumer shall maintain records necessary to determine the amount of tax the
1103	consumer is liable to pay under this part for a period of three years following the date
1104	on which the statement required by this section was filed.
1105	(3) A tourist who imports an untaxed flavored electronic cigarette product into the state
1106	does not need to file the statement described in Subsection (2) or pay the tax if the item
1107	is for the tourist's own use or consumption while in this state.
1108	(4) In addition to the tax required by this part, a person shall pay a penalty as provided in
1109	Section 59-1-401, plus interest at the rate and in the manner prescribed in Section
1110	59-1-402, if a person subject to this section fails to:
1111	(a) pay the tax prescribed by this part;
1112	(b) pay the tax on time; or
1113	(c) file a return required by this part.
1114	(5) An overpayment of a tax imposed by this part shall accrue interest at the rate and in the
1115	manner prescribed in Section 59-1-402.
1116	Section 17. Section <b>59-14-906</b> is enacted to read:

111/	59-14-906 (Effective 07/01/25). Flavored Electronic Cigarette Product Proceeds
1118	Restricted Account.
1119	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Flavored
1120	Electronic Cigarette Product Proceeds Restricted Account."
1121	(2) The account consists of revenue collected by the tax imposed in Section 59-14-904.
1122	(3) Subject to Subsection (5), for each fiscal year and subject to appropriation by the
1123	Legislature, the Division of Finance shall distribute:
1124	(a) 80% of the amount in the account to the Department of Health and Human Services
1125	to be used as follows:
1126	(i) 50% of the amount transferred to the Department of Health and Human Services,
1127	for tobacco and nicotine prevention programs and for enforcement of state law
1128	related to electronic cigarette products by the Department of Health and Human
1129	Services and each local health department; and
1130	(ii) 50% of the amount transferred to the Department of Health and Human Services,
1131	for any of the following:
1132	(A) cancer research conducted by one or more cancer research organizations as
1133	determined by the Department of Health and Human Services; or
1134	(B) research regarding the health risks of electronic cigarette product use
1135	conducted by one or more research organizations as determined by the
1136	Department of Health and Human Services; and
1137	(b) 20% of the amount in the account to the State Board of Education to pay for the
1138	school lunch program described in Section 53E-3-510.
1139	(4)(a) The fund shall earn interest.
1140	(b) Interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
1141	(5) Subject to legislative appropriations, before any amount of money is distributed under
1142	Subsection (3), the Division of Finance shall distribute an amount to the commission to
1143	enforce compliance with the tax collection requirements of this part.
1144	Section 18. Section <b>59-14-907</b> is enacted to read:
1145	59-14-907 (Effective 07/01/25). Reports of illegal product.
1146	If the commission suspects that a flavored electronic cigarette product is being sold in
1147	violation of a law other than a law described in this part, the commission shall report the name
1148	of the seller, the type of product, and the county where the product was sold:
1149	(1) to the local health department for the county where the sale occurs;
1150	(2) to the Department of Health and Human Services: and

1151	(3) to the Department of Public Safety.
1152	Section 19. Section <b>76-10-101</b> is amended to read:
1153	76-10-101 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions.
1154	As used in this part:
1155	(1)(a) "Alternative nicotine product" means a product, other than a cigarette, a
1156	counterfeit cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, a nontherapeutic nicotine
1157	product, or a tobacco product, that:
1158	(i) contains nicotine;
1159	(ii) is intended for human consumption;
1160	(iii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
1161	(iv) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
1162	replacement therapy.
1163	(b) "Alternative nicotine product" includes:
1164	(i) pure nicotine;
1165	(ii) snortable nicotine;
1166	(iii) dissolvable salts, orbs, pellets, sticks, or strips; and
1167	(iv) nicotine-laced food and beverage.
1168	(c) "Alternative nicotine product" does not include a fruit, a vegetable, or a tea that
1169	contains naturally occurring nicotine.
1170	(2) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under ordinary
1171	conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in any
1172	substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette.
1173	(3) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be heated or burned
1174	under ordinary conditions of use, and consists of:
1175	(a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or
1176	(b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of
1177	its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is
1178	likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in
1179	Subsection (3)(a).
1180	(4)(a) "Electronic cigarette" means:
1181	(i) any electronic oral device:
1182	(A) that provides an aerosol or a vapor of nicotine or other substance; and
1183	(B) which simulates smoking through the use or inhalation of the device;
1184	(ii) a component of the device described in Subsection (4)(a)(i); or

1185	(111) an accessory sold in the same package as the device described in Subsection
1186	(4)(a)(i).
1187	(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an oral device that is:
1188	(i) composed of a heating element, battery, or electronic circuit; and
1189	(ii) marketed, manufactured, distributed, or sold as:
1190	(A) an e-cigarette;
1191	(B) an e-cigar;
1192	(C) an e-pipe; or
1193	(D) any other product name or descriptor, if the function of the product meets the
1194	definition of Subsection (4)(a).
1195	(c) "Electronic cigarette" does not mean a medical cannabis device, as that term is
1196	defined in Section 26B-4-201.
1197	(5) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette, an electronic cigarette
1198	substance, or a prefilled electronic cigarette.
1199	(6) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing
1200	nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.
1201	(7)(a) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette product that
1202	has a taste or smell that is distinguishable by an ordinary consumer either before or
1203	during use or consumption of the electronic cigarette product.
1204	(b) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" includes an electronic cigarette product that is
1205	labeled as, or has a taste or smell of any fruit, chocolate, vanilla, honey, candy,
1206	cocoa, dessert, alcoholic beverage, herb, spice, or mint.
1207	(c) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" does not include an electronic cigarette
1208	product that has a taste or smell of only tobacco or menthol.
1209	(8) "Nicotine" means a poisonous, nitrogen containing chemical that is made synthetically
1210	or derived from tobacco or other plants.
1211	(9) "Nicotine product" means an alternative nicotine product or a nontherapeutic nicotine
1212	product.
1213	(10)(a) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a device that:
1214	(i) has a pressurized canister that is used to administer nicotine to the user through
1215	inhalation or intranasally;
1216	(ii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
1217	(iii) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
1218	replacement therapy.

- 1219 (b) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" includes a nontherapeutic nicotine inhaler or a 1220 nontherapeutic nicotine nasal spray. 1221 (11) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device substance" means a substance that: 1222 (a) contains nicotine; 1223 (b) is sold in a cartridge for use in a nontherapeutic nicotine device; 1224 (c) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and 1225 (d) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine 1226 replacement therapy. 1227 (12) "Nontherapeutic nicotine product" means a nontherapeutic nicotine device, a 1228 nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device. 1229 (13) "Place of business" includes: 1230 (a) a shop; 1231 (b) a store; 1232 (c) a factory; 1233 (d) a public garage; 1234 (e) an office; 1235 (f) a theater; 1236 (g) a recreation hall; 1237 (h) a dance hall; 1238 (i) a poolroom; 1239 (j) a cafe; 1240 (k) a cafeteria; 1241 (l) a cabaret; 1242 (m) a restaurant; 1243 (n) a hotel: 1244 (o) a lodging house; 1245 (p) a streetcar; 1246 (q) a bus; 1247 (r) an interurban or railway passenger coach; 1248 (s) a waiting room; and 1249 (t) any other place of business. 1250 (14) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette that is sold prefilled with
- 1252 (15) "Prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a nontherapeutic nicotine device that

an electronic cigarette substance.

1253	is sold prefilled with a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance.
1254	[(16) "Premarket authorized or pending electronic eigarette product" means an electronic
1255	cigarette product that:]
1256	[(a)(i) has been approved by an order granting a premarket tobacco product
1257	application of the electronic cigarette product by the United States Food and Drug
1258	Administration under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j(c)(1)(A)(i); or]
1259	[(ii)(A) was marketed in the United States on or before August 8, 2016;]
1260	[(B) the manufacturer submitted a premarket tobacco product application for the
1261	electronic cigarette product to the United States Food and Drug Administration
1262	under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j on or before September 9, 2020; and]
1263	[(C) has an application described in Subsection (16)(a)(ii) that either remains
1264	under review by the United States Food and Drug Administration or a final
1265	decision on the application has not taken effect; and]
1266	[(b) does not exceed:]
1267	[(i) 4.0% nicotine by weight per container; or]
1268	[(ii) a nicotine concentration of 40 milligrams per milliliter.]
1269	[(17)] (16) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined in
1270	Section 26B-7-501.
1271	[(18)] (17) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other
1272	lighted smoking equipment.
1273	[(19)] (18)(a) "Tobacco paraphernalia" means equipment, product, or material of any
1274	kind that is used, intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store,
1275	contain, conceal, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce a tobacco product, an
1276	electronic cigarette substance, or a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance into the
1277	human body.
1278	(b) "Tobacco paraphernalia" includes:
1279	(i) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without
1280	screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
1281	(ii) water pipes;
1282	(iii) carburetion tubes and devices;
1283	(iv) smoking and carburetion masks;
1284	(v) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette,
1285	that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
1286	(vi) chamber pipes;

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1287
                (vii) carburetor pipes;
1288
                (viii) electric pipes;
1289
                (ix) air-driven pipes;
1290
                (x) chillums;
1291
                (xi) bongs; and
1292
                (xii) ice pipes or chillers.
1293
            (c) "Tobacco paraphernalia" does not include matches or lighters.
1294
        [(20)] (19) "Tobacco product" means:
1295
            (a) a cigar;
1296
            (b) a cigarette; or
1297
            (c) tobacco in any form, including:
1298
                (i) chewing tobacco; and
1299
                (ii) any substitute for tobacco, including flavoring or additives to tobacco.
1300
        [(21)] (20) "Tobacco retailer" means:
1301
            (a) a general tobacco retailer, as that term is defined in Section 26B-7-501; or
1302
            (b) a retail tobacco specialty business.
1303
              Section 20. Section 76-10-104 is amended to read:
1304
              76-10-104 (Effective upon governor's approval). Providing a cigar, a cigarette,
1305
        an electronic cigarette product, a nicotine product, or tobacco to a minor -- Penalties.
1306
        (1) As used in this section "provides":
1307
            (a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
1308
            (b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier
1309
                when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or
1310
                the acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a
1311
                package for another person without any reason to know of the package's content.
1312
        (2) An individual who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence
1313
            provides a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an
1314
            individual who is under 21 years old, is guilty of:
1315
            (a) a class [C] B misdemeanor on the first offense; and
1316
            (b) a class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
1317
            [(e)] (b) a class A misdemeanor on any subsequent offense.
1318
        (3) This section does not apply to conduct of an employee of a tobacco retailer that is a
1319
            violation of Section 76-10-114.
1320
              Section 21. Section 76-10-104.1 is amended to read:
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1321	76-10-104.1 (Effective upon governor's approval). Providing tobacco
1322	paraphernalia to a minor Penalties.
1323	(1) As used in this section, "provides":
1324	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
1325	(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier
1326	when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or
1327	the acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a
1328	package for another person without any reason to know of the package's content.
1329	(2)(a) It is unlawful for an individual to knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with
1330	criminal negligence provide tobacco paraphernalia to an individual under 21 years
1331	old.
1332	(b) An individual who violates this section is guilty of:
1333	(i) a class [ $E$ ] $\underline{B}$ misdemeanor on the first offense; and
1334	(ii) a class [B] A misdemeanor on any subsequent offense.
1335	Section 22. Section <b>76-10-105.1</b> is amended to read:
1336	76-10-105.1 (Effective upon governor's approval). Requirement of direct,
1337	face-to-face sale of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine
1338	product Minors not allowed in tobacco specialty shop Penalties.
1339	(1) As used in this section:
1340	(a)(i) "Face-to-face exchange" means a transaction made in person between an
1341	individual and a retailer or retailer's employee.
1342	(ii) "Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a:
1343	(A) vending machine;[-or]
1344	(B) self-service display[-] ; or
1345	(C) a drive through.
1346	(b) "Retailer" means a person who:
1347	(i) sells a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an
1348	individual for personal consumption; or
1349	(ii) operates a facility with a vending machine that sells a tobacco product, an
1350	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product.
1351	(c) "Self-service display" means a display of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette
1352	product, or a nicotine product to which the public has access without the intervention
1353	of a retailer or retailer's employee.
1354	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell a tobacco product, an electronic

1355	cigarette product, or a nicotine product only in a face-to-face exchange.
1356	(3) The face-to-face sale requirement in Subsection (2) does not apply to:
1357	(a) a mail-order, telephone, or Internet sale made in compliance with Section 59-14-509;
1358	<u>or</u>
1359	(b) a sale from a vending machine or self-service display that is located in an area of a
1360	retailer's facility:
1361	(i) that is distinct and separate from the rest of the facility; and
1362	(ii) where the retailer only allows an individual who complies with Subsection (4) to
1363	be present[; or] .
1364	[(e) a sale at a retail tobacco specialty business.]
1365	(4) An individual who is under 21 years old may not enter or be present at a retail tobacco
1366	specialty business unless the individual is:
1367	[(a) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian; or]
1368	[(b)(i)] (a) present at the retail tobacco specialty business solely for the purpose of
1369	providing a service to the retail tobacco specialty business, including making a
1370	delivery;
1371	[(ii)] (b) monitored by the proprietor of the retail tobacco specialty business or an
1372	employee of the retail tobacco specialty business; and
1373	[(iii)] (c) not permitted to make any purchase or conduct any commercial transaction
1374	other than the service described in Subsection $[(4)(b)(i)]$ $(4)(a)$ .
1375	[(5) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies, under Subsection (4)(a), an individual
1376	into an area described in Subsection (3)(b) or into a retail tobacco specialty business
1377	may not allow the individual to purchase a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette
1378	product, or a nicotine product.]
1379	[ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(5)</u> A violation of Subsection (2) or (4) is a:
1380	(a) class $[E]$ $\underline{B}$ misdemeanor on the first offense; and
1381	[(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and]
1382	[(e)] (b) class A misdemeanor on any subsequent offenses.
1383	[(7) An individual who violates Subsection (5) is guilty of an offense under Section
1384	<del>76-10-104.</del> ]
1385	Section 23. Section <b>76-10-111</b> is amended to read:
1386	76-10-111 (Effective upon governor's approval). Restrictions on sale of
1387	smokeless tobacco or electronic cigarette products Exceptions.
1388	(1) The Legislature finds that:

1389	(a) smokeless tobacco, or chewing tobacco, is harmful to the health of individuals who
1390	use those products because research indicates that they may cause mouth or oral
1391	cancers;
1392	(b) the use of smokeless tobacco among juveniles in this state is [increasing rapidly] a
1393	matter of great concern;
1394	(c) the use of electronic cigarette products may lead to unhealthy behavior such as the
1395	use of tobacco products; and
1396	(d) it is necessary to restrict the gift of the products described in this Subsection (1) in
1397	the interest of the health of the citizens of this state.
1398	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer,
1399	wholesaler, and retailer to:
1400	(i) give or distribute without charge any smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or
1401	electronic cigarette product in this state;
1402	(ii) sell, offer for sale, or furnish any electronic cigarette product at less than the cost
1403	including the amount of any applicable tax, of the product to the manufacturer,
1404	wholesaler, or retailer; or
1405	(iii) give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish any electronic cigarette product for
1406	free or at a lower price because the recipient of the electronic cigarette product
1407	makes another purchase.
1408	(b) The price that a manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer may charge under Subsection
1409	(2)(a)(ii) does not include a discount for:
1410	(i) a physical manufacturer coupon:
1411	(A) that is surrendered to the wholesaler or retailer at the time of sale; and
1412	(B) for which the manufacturer will reimburse the wholesaler or the retailer for
1413	the full amount of the discount described in the manufacturer coupon and
1414	provided to the purchaser;
1415	(ii) a rebate that will be paid to the manufacturer, the wholesaler, or the retailer for
1416	the full amount of the rebate provided to the purchaser; or
1417	(iii) a promotional fund that will be paid to the manufacturer, the wholesaler, or the
1418	retailer for the full amount of the promotional fund provided to the purchaser.
1419	(c) Any individual who violates this section is guilty of:
1420	(i) a class [C] $\underline{B}$ misdemeanor for the first offense; and
1421	(ii) a class [B] A misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
1422	(3) Smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product may be

1423	distributed to adults without charge at professional conventions where the general public
1424	is excluded.
1425	Section 24. Section <b>76-10-112</b> is amended to read:
1426	76-10-112 (Effective upon governor's approval). Prohibition of distribution of a
1427	tobacco product Exceptions.
1428	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler, or
1429	retailer to give or distribute a tobacco product in this state without charge.
1430	(2) An individual who violates this subsection is guilty of:
1431	(a) a class $[C]$ $\underline{B}$ misdemeanor for the first offense; and
1432	(b) a class [B] A misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
1433	(3) A tobacco product may be distributed to an adult without charge at a professional
1434	convention where the general public is excluded.
1435	(4) The prohibition described in Subsection (1) does not apply to a tobacco retailer, a
1436	manufacturer, or a distributor that gives a tobacco product to an individual who is 21
1437	years old or older upon the individual's purchase of a tobacco product.
1438	Section 25. Section <b>76-10-113</b> is amended to read:
1439	76-10-113 (Effective upon governor's approval). Prohibition on distribution of
1440	flavored electronic cigarette products Prohibition of electronic cigarette products
1441	without federal authorization.
1442	(1) [Subject to Subsection (2), it ] It is unlawful for a tobacco retailer that is not a retail
1443	tobacco specialty business to give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish a flavored
1444	electronic cigarette product to any person.
1445	[(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), and beginning on January 1, 2025, it is unlawful for a
1446	person to give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish to any person a flavored
1447	electronic eigarette product.]
1448	[(3) Beginning on January 1, 2025, it is unlawful for a person to give, distribute, sell, offer
1449	for sale, or furnish to any person an electronic eigarette product that is not a premarket
1450	authorized or pending electronic cigarette product.]
1451	[(4)] (2) An individual who violates this section is guilty of:
1452	(a) a class [C] <u>B</u> misdemeanor for the first offense; and
1453	(b) a class [B] A misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
1454	Section 26. Section <b>76-10-114</b> is amended to read:
1455	76-10-114 (Effective upon governor's approval). Unlawful sale of a tobacco
1456	product, electronic cigarette product, or nicotine product.

1457 (1) As used in this section: (a) "Compensatory service" means service or unpaid work performed by an employee, in 1458 1459 lieu of the payment of a fine or imprisonment. 1460 (b) "Employee" means an employee or an owner of a tobacco retailer. 1461 (2) It is unlawful for an employee to knowingly or intentionally sell or give a tobacco 1462 product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product in the course of business to 1463 an individual who is under 21 years old. 1464 (3) An employee who violates this section is: 1465 (a) on a first violation: 1466 (i) guilty of [an infraction] a class C misdemeanor; and 1467 (ii) subject to: 1468 (A) a fine not exceeding \$1,000; or 1469 (B) compensatory service; or 1470 (b) on any subsequent violation: 1471 (i) guilty of a class [€] B misdemeanor; and 1472 (ii) subject to: 1473 (A) a fine not exceeding \$2,000; or 1474 (B) compensatory service. 1475 Section 27. **Repealer.** 1476 This bill repeals: 1477 Section 26A-1-131, (Effective 07/01/24) Electronic cigarette registry enforcement. 1478 Section 59-14-810, (Effective 07/01/24) Electronic cigarette product registry. 1479 Section 28. Effective Date. 1480 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect: 1481 (a) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), May 7, 2025; or 1482 (b) if approved by two-thirds of all members elected to each house: 1483 (i) upon approval by the governor; 1484 (ii) without the governor's signature, the day following the constitutional time limit of 1485 Utah Constitution, Article VII, Section 8; or 1486 (iii) in the case of a veto, the date of veto override. 1487 (2) The actions affecting the following sections take effect on July 1, 2025: 1488 (a) Section 59-14-901 (Effective 07/01/25); 1489 (b) Section 59-14-902 (Effective 07/01/25); 1490 (c) Section 59-14-903 (Effective 07/01/25);

1491 (d) Section 59-14-904 (Effective 07/01/25); 1492 (e) Section 59-14-905 (Effective 07/01/25); 1493 (f) Section 59-14-906 (Effective 07/01/25); and 1494 (g) Section 59-14-907 (Effective 07/01/25).