

HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 2420

By COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

March 31

1 On page 1 of the printed bill, line 2, after “ORS” insert “161.365 and”.

2 Delete lines 4 through 30 and delete pages 2 through 4 and insert:

3 “**SECTION 1.** ORS 161.365 is amended to read:

4 “161.365. (1) When the court has reason to doubt the defendant’s fitness to proceed by reason
5 of incapacity as described in ORS 161.360, the court may call any witness to its assistance in
6 reaching its decision **and shall order that a community mental health program director or the**
7 **director’s designee consult with the defendant to determine whether services and supervision**
8 **necessary to safely restore the defendant’s fitness to proceed are available in the community.**
9 **After the consultation, the program director or the director’s designee shall provide to the**
10 **court a copy of the findings resulting from the consultation.** If the court determines the as-
11 sistance of a psychiatrist or psychologist would be helpful, the court may:

12 “(a) Order that a psychiatric or psychological examination of the defendant be conducted by a
13 certified evaluator as defined in ORS 161.309 and a report of the examination be prepared; or

14 “(b) Order the defendant to be committed for the purpose of an examination for a period not
15 exceeding 30 days to a state mental hospital or other facility designated by the Oregon Health Au-
16 thority if the defendant is at least 18 years of age, or to a secure intensive community inpatient
17 facility designated by the authority if the defendant is under 18 years of age.

18 “(2) The report of an examination described in this section must include, but is not necessarily
19 limited to, the following:

20 “(a) A description of the nature of the examination;

21 “(b) A statement of the mental condition of the defendant;

22 “(c) If the defendant suffers from a mental disease or defect, an opinion as to whether the de-
23 fendant is incapacitated within the description set out in ORS 161.360; and

24 “(d) If the defendant is incapacitated within the description set out in ORS 161.360, a recom-
25 mendation of treatment and services necessary to restore capacity.

26 “(3) Except when the defendant and the court both request to the contrary, the report may not
27 contain any findings or conclusions as to whether the defendant as a result of mental disease or
28 defect was subject to the provisions of ORS 161.295 or 161.300 at the time of the criminal act
29 charged.

30 “(4) If the examination by the psychiatrist or psychologist cannot be conducted by reason of the
31 unwillingness of the defendant to participate in the examination, the report shall so state and shall
32 include, if possible, an opinion as to whether the unwillingness of the defendant was the result of
33 mental disease or defect affecting capacity to proceed.

34 “(5) The report shall be filed in triplicate with the clerk of the court, who shall cause copies to
35 be delivered to the district attorney and to counsel for defendant.

1 “(6)(a) When upon motion of the court or a financially eligible defendant, the court has ordered
2 a psychiatric or psychological examination of the defendant, a county or justice court shall order
3 the county to pay, and a circuit court shall order the public defense services executive director to
4 pay from funds available for the purpose:

5 “(A) A reasonable fee if the examination of the defendant is conducted by a psychiatrist or
6 psychologist in private practice; and

7 “(B) All costs including transportation of the defendant if the examination is conducted by a
8 psychiatrist or psychologist in the employ of the Oregon Health Authority or a community mental
9 health program established under ORS 430.610 to 430.670.

10 “(b) When an examination is ordered at the request or with the acquiescence of a defendant who
11 is determined not to be financially eligible, the examination shall be performed at the defendant’s
12 expense. When an examination is ordered at the request of the prosecution, the county shall pay for
13 the expense of the examination.

14 “(7) **The Oregon Health Authority shall establish by rule standards for the consultation**
15 **described in subsection (1) of this section.**

16 “**SECTION 2.** ORS 161.370 is amended to read:

17 “161.370. (1) When the defendant’s fitness to proceed is drawn in question, the issue shall be
18 determined by the court. If neither the prosecuting attorney nor counsel for the defendant contests
19 the finding of the report filed under ORS 161.365, the court may make the determination on the basis
20 of the report. If the finding is contested, the court shall hold a hearing on the issue. If the report
21 is received in evidence in the hearing, the party who contests the finding has the right to summon
22 and to cross-examine any psychiatrist or psychologist who submitted the report and to offer evidence
23 upon the issue. Other evidence regarding the defendant’s fitness to proceed may be introduced by
24 either party.

25 “(2) If the court determines that the defendant lacks fitness to proceed, the criminal proceeding
26 against the defendant shall be suspended and:

27 “(a) If the court finds that the defendant is dangerous to self or others as a result of mental
28 disease or defect, or that, **based on the findings resulting from the consultation described in**
29 **ORS 161.365 (1)**, the services and supervision necessary to restore the defendant’s fitness to proceed
30 are not available in the community, the court shall commit the defendant to the custody of the su-
31 perintendent of a state mental hospital or director of a facility, designated by the Oregon Health
32 Authority, if the defendant is at least 18 years of age, or to the custody of the director of a secure
33 intensive community inpatient facility designated by the authority if the defendant is under 18 years
34 of age; or

35 “(b) If the court does not make a finding described in paragraph (a) of this subsection, or if the
36 court determines that care other than commitment for incapacity to stand trial would better serve
37 the defendant and the community, the court shall release the defendant on supervision for as long
38 as the unfitness endures.

39 “(3) When a defendant is released on supervision under [*this section*] **subsection (2)(b) of this**
40 **section**, the court may place conditions that the court deems appropriate on the release, including
41 the requirement that the defendant regularly report to the authority or a community mental health
42 program for examination to determine if the defendant has **gained or** regained capacity to stand
43 trial.

44 “(4) When the court, on its own motion or upon the application of the superintendent of the
45 hospital or director of the facility in which the defendant is committed, a person examining the de-

1 defendant as a condition of release on supervision, or either party, determines, after a hearing, if a
2 hearing is requested, that the defendant has **gained or** regained fitness to proceed, the criminal
3 proceeding shall be resumed. If, however, the court is of the view that so much time has elapsed
4 since the commitment or release of the defendant on supervision that it would be unjust to resume
5 the criminal proceeding, the court on motion of either party may dismiss the charge and may order
6 the defendant to be discharged or cause a proceeding to be commenced forthwith under ORS 426.070
7 to 426.170 or 427.235 to 427.290.

8 “(5) The superintendent of a state hospital or director of a facility to which the defendant is
9 committed shall cause the defendant to be evaluated within 60 days from the defendant’s delivery
10 into the superintendent’s or director’s custody, for the purpose of determining whether there is a
11 substantial probability that, in the foreseeable future, the defendant will have the capacity to stand
12 trial. In addition, the superintendent or director shall:

13 “(a) Immediately notify the committing court if the defendant, at any time, gains or regains the
14 capacity to stand trial or will never have the capacity to stand trial.

15 “(b) Within 90 days of the defendant’s delivery into the superintendent’s or director’s custody,
16 notify the committing court that:

17 “(A) The defendant has the present capacity to stand trial;

18 “(B) There is no substantial probability that, in the foreseeable future, the defendant will gain
19 or regain the capacity to stand trial; or

20 “(C) There is a substantial probability that, in the foreseeable future, the defendant will gain
21 or regain the capacity to stand trial. If the probability exists, the superintendent or director shall
22 give the court an estimate of the time in which the defendant, with appropriate treatment, is ex-
23 pected to gain or regain capacity.

24 “(6)(a) If the superintendent or director determines that there is a substantial probability that,
25 in the foreseeable future, the defendant will gain or regain the capacity to stand trial, unless the
26 court otherwise orders, the defendant shall remain in the superintendent’s or director’s custody
27 where the defendant shall receive treatment designed for the purpose of enabling the defendant to
28 gain or regain capacity. In keeping with the notice requirement under subsection (5)(b) of this sec-
29 tion, the superintendent or director shall, for the duration of the defendant’s period of commitment,
30 submit a progress report to the committing court, concerning the defendant’s capacity or incapacity,
31 at least once every 180 days as measured from the date of the defendant’s delivery into the
32 superintendent’s or director’s custody.

33 “(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, if the superintendent or director deter-
34 mines that a defendant committed under this section is no longer dangerous to self or others as a
35 result of mental disease or defect, or that the services and supervision necessary to restore the
36 defendant’s fitness to proceed are available in the community, the superintendent or director shall
37 file notice of that determination with the court. Upon receipt of the notice, the court shall order the
38 person released on supervision as described in subsection (3) of this section.

39 “(7)(a) A defendant who remains committed under subsection (6) of this section shall be dis-
40 charged within a period of time that is reasonable for making a determination concerning whether
41 or not, and when, the defendant may gain or regain capacity. However, regardless of the number
42 of charges with which the defendant is accused, in no event shall the defendant be committed for
43 longer than whichever of the following, measured from the defendant’s initial custody date, is
44 shorter:

45 “(A) Three years; or

1 “(B) A period of time equal to the maximum sentence the court could have imposed if the de-
2 fendant had been convicted.

3 “(b) For purposes of calculating the maximum period of commitment described in paragraph (a)
4 of this subsection:

5 “(A) The initial custody date is the date on which the defendant is first committed under this
6 section on any charge alleged in the accusatory instrument; and

7 “(B) The defendant shall be given credit against each charge alleged in the accusatory instru-
8 ment for each day the defendant is committed under this section, whether the days are consecutive
9 or are interrupted by a period of time during which the defendant has **gained or** regained fitness
10 to proceed.

11 “(8) The superintendent or director shall notify the committing court of the defendant’s im-
12 pending discharge 30 days before the date on which the superintendent or director is required to
13 discharge the defendant under subsection (7) of this section.

14 “(9) When the committing court receives a notice from the superintendent or director under
15 subsection (5) or (8) of this section concerning the defendant’s progress or lack thereof, the com-
16 mitting court shall determine, after a hearing, if a hearing is requested, whether the defendant
17 presently has the capacity to stand trial.

18 “(10) If at any time the court determines that the defendant lacks the capacity to stand trial,
19 the court shall further determine whether there is a substantial probability that the defendant, in
20 the foreseeable future, will gain or regain the capacity to stand trial and whether the defendant is
21 entitled to discharge under subsection (7) of this section. If the court determines that there is no
22 substantial probability that the defendant, in the foreseeable future, will gain or regain the capacity
23 to stand trial or that the defendant is entitled to discharge under subsection (7) of this section, the
24 court shall dismiss, without prejudice, all charges against the defendant and:

25 “(a) Order that the defendant be discharged; or

26 “(b) Initiate commitment proceedings under ORS 426.070 or 427.235 to 427.290.

27 “(11) All notices required under this section shall be filed with the clerk of the court and de-
28 livered to both the district attorney and the counsel for the defendant.

29 “(12) If the defendant **gains or** regains fitness to proceed, the term of any sentence received by
30 the defendant for conviction of the crime charged shall be reduced by the amount of time the de-
31 fendant was committed under this section to the custody of a state mental hospital, or to the custody
32 of a secure intensive community inpatient facility, designated by the Oregon Health Authority.

33 “(13) Notwithstanding the suspension of the criminal proceeding under subsection (2) of this
34 section, the fact that the defendant is unfit to proceed does not preclude any objection through
35 counsel and without the personal participation of the defendant on the grounds that the indictment
36 is insufficient, that the statute of limitations has run, that double jeopardy principles apply or upon
37 any other ground at the discretion of the court which the court deems susceptible of fair determi-
38 nation prior to trial.”.

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