

SENATE BILL NO. 457—COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF THE OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR)

APRIL 7, 2025

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to public safety.
(BDR 15-1038)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: Increases or Newly
Provides for Term of Imprisonment in County or City
Jail or Detention Facility.
Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to public safety; revising provisions relating to assault, battery, stalking, pornography involving minors, domestic violence, and driving under the influence of alcohol or a prohibited substance; requiring a compliance hearing after the issuance of certain orders to relinquish firearms; establishing certain unlawful acts related to certain theft offenses involving property damage; revising provisions relating to offenders; establishing provisions related to the creation of corridors and the adjudication and reporting of certain offenses committed within such corridors; making various changes related to juvenile justice; prohibiting the construction of certain findings relating to actions for wrongful conviction; revising provisions relating to the sealing of records and specialty court programs; revising provisions relating to pretrial release; revising provisions relating to opioid use disorder; making appropriations; providing penalties; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

1 Existing law provides that if a person commits an assault upon an officer who
2 is performing his or her duty and the person knew or should have known that the
3 victim was an officer, the person is guilty of: (1) a category B felony if the assault
4 is made with the use of a deadly weapon or the present ability to use a deadly



5 weapon; (2) a category D felony if the person is a probationer, prisoner or parolee;
6 or (3) if neither of those circumstances is present, a gross misdemeanor. (NRS
7 200.471) Additionally, existing law provides that if a person commits a battery
8 upon an officer and the person knew or should have known that the victim was an
9 officer, the person is guilty of: (1) a category B felony if the battery causes
10 substantial bodily harm or is committed by strangulation; or (2) if those
11 circumstances are not present and no greater penalty is provided by law, a gross
12 misdemeanor. (NRS 200.481) **Sections 1.3 and 1.7** of this bill revise the definition
13 of "officer" for the purposes of the enhanced penalties for assault or battery to
14 include an employee of this State or a political subdivision of this State whose
15 normal job responsibilities require the employee to: (1) interact with the public; and
16 (2) perform tasks related to child welfare services or child protective services or
17 other tasks that expose the person to comparable danger. Additionally, **sections 1.3**
18 **and 1.7** of this act apply the enhanced penalties to an assault or battery committed
19 against a hospitality employee.

20 Existing law prohibits a person from stalking and prescribes various penalties
21 related to the circumstance under which the offense is committed. (NRS 200.575)
22 **Section 2** of this bill expands the unlawful acts which constitute stalking to include
23 certain courses of conduct that would cause the victim to feel terrorized, frightened,
24 intimidated, harassed or fearful for the immediate safety of a person in a dating
25 relationship with the victim. **Section 2** also makes various changes to provide that
26 stalking encompasses both acts committed in person and by electronic means, and
27 provides that such penalties are generally applicable to such acts regardless of
28 medium. **Sections 50 and 63** of this bill make conforming changes related to the
29 commission of stalking by electronic means under **section 2**.

30 Existing law provides that a person who knowingly and willfully has in his or
31 her possession any film, photograph or other visual representation depicting a
32 person under the age of 16 years as the subject of the sexual portrayal or engaging
33 in, simulating, or assisting others to engage in or simulate, sexual conduct is guilty
34 of possession of pornography involving a minor. (NRS 200.730) **Section 3** of this
35 bill revises the unit of prosecution for such an offense and prescribes that each
36 person depicted under the age of 16 years in any film, photograph or other visual
37 presentation constitutes a separate offense. **Section 41** of this bill makes a
38 conforming change related to **section 3**.

39 Existing law: (1) prescribes various circumstances in which a person is
40 prohibited from owning, possessing or having under his or her custody or control a
41 firearm; and (2) establishes procedures related to the surrender, sale or transfer of a
42 firearm by certain persons who are prohibited from owning, possessing or having
43 under their custody or control a firearm. (NRS 33.031, 33.033, 202.360, 202.361)
44 **Sections 4, 30 and 51** of this bill generally require a court to schedule a compliance
45 hearing under such circumstances to determine whether a person has complied with
46 a court order to surrender, sell or transfer a firearm. **Sections 4, 30 and 51**,
47 however, authorize the court to cancel the compliance hearing under certain
48 circumstances. **Sections 5, 31 and 52** of this bill apply certain related definitions in
49 existing law to **sections 4, 30 and 51**, respectively.

50 Existing law establishes certain crimes making it unlawful to take or obtain
51 property. (NRS 205.0821-205.295) **Section 29.1** of this bill creates a new crime
52 which provides that if a person intentionally causes property damage to a retail
53 establishment in the commission of a theft offense and the aggregate value of the
54 amount involved in the theft or property damage, or any combination thereof, is
55 \$750 or more, the person is guilty of a category C felony.

56 Existing law sets forth certain unlawful acts that constitute domestic violence
57 when committed against certain persons. (NRS 33.018) **Section 32** of this bill
58 revises the unlawful acts that constitute domestic violence to include kidnapping as



59 well as an attempt or solicitation to commit any unlawful act that constitutes
60 domestic violence.

61 Existing law establishes provisions concerning actions for wrongful conviction.
62 (NRS 41.900-41.970) **Section 34.3** of this bill provides that the entry of a
63 certificate of innocence and the award in an action for wrongful conviction is not a
64 finding that: (1) certain persons committed a wrongdoing; or (2) there was not
65 probable cause under certain circumstances.

66 Existing law provides that if a child who is alleged to be delinquent is taken
67 into custody and detained, the child must be given a detention hearing before the
68 juvenile court. (NRS 62C.040) **Section 35** of this bill requires the juvenile court to
69 order a qualified professional to evaluate the mental health of a child who: (1) is
70 alleged to have committed certain unlawful acts involving a battery against a school
71 employee or a child welfare professional; and (2) has in the previous year been
72 taken into custody two or more times for certain battery offenses. **Section 36** of this
73 bill makes a conforming change related to the detention of such children under
74 **section 35**.

75 Existing law requires a juvenile court to suspend the license of a juvenile under
76 certain circumstances if a child is adjudicated to be in need of supervision because
77 the child: (1) is a habitual truant; (2) committed an unlawful acts related to tobacco;
78 (3) committed certain unlawful acts related to a controlled substance or alcohol; or
79 (4) placed graffiti on or defaced property. (NRS 62E.430, 62E.440, 62E.630,
80 62E.690) **Sections 39.2-39.8** of this bill make various changes to authorize the
81 juvenile court to order the Department of Motor Vehicles to issue a restricted
82 driver's license to the child if the issuance is in the best interest of the child.
83 **Section 76.5** of this bill makes a conforming change regarding the circumstances
84 under which the Department of Motor Vehicles may issue a restricted driver's
85 license.

86 Existing law requires a court to discharge a defendant and dismiss the
87 proceedings or set aside the judgment of conviction upon completion of the terms
88 and conditions related to a program of treatment for alcohol or other substance use
89 disorder, a program for treatment of mental illness or a program of treatment for
90 veterans and members of the military or certain other terms and conditions.
91 Thereafter, existing law requires the sealing of records related to the discharge,
92 dismissal or setting aside a judgment of conviction. (NRS 176.211, 176A.240,
93 176A.245, 176A.260, 176A.265, 176A.290, 176A.295) **Sections 42, 44, 46 and 49**
94 of this bill provide that the automatic record sealing provisions do not apply to such
95 persons who were charged with certain offenses related to the abuse or neglect of a
96 child or the abuse of an older or vulnerable person.

97 Existing law requires a court to release any bail at the time of sentencing, if the
98 court has not already done so, unless the defendant owes fines and costs, in which
99 case, the bail must be applied towards the fines and costs. (NRS 178.522, 178.528)
100 **Section 56** of this bill provides that under these circumstances if the bail has been
101 deposited by a person other than a surety, and upon notice and the agreement of the
102 person, the bail must first be applied towards the payment of any restitution owed
103 by the defendant. **Section 55** of this bill makes a conforming change related to the
104 procedures prescribed by **section 56**.

105 Existing law authorizes: (1) a district attorney and any attorney employed by a
106 district attorney to prosecute a person in a county other than the county by which
107 the district attorney is employed for the limited purpose of conducting a pretrial
108 release hearing; and (2) such an attorney to receive a stipend for being available on
109 a weekend or holiday to serve as a prosecuting attorney in a pretrial release hearing.
110 (NRS 178.760) **Section 58** of this bill similarly authorizes a city attorney in a
111 county whose population is less than 100,000 (currently all counties except Clark
112 and Washoe Counties) to be deputized to prosecute a person in the county that
113 encompasses the city attorney for the limited purpose of serving as a prosecuting



114 attorney in a pretrial release hearing, and authorizes the city attorney to receive the
115 stipend for such services.

116 Existing law authorizes the establishment of correctional programs and judicial
117 programs for the reentry of offenders and parolees into the community. (NRS
118 209.4871-209.4889) **Section 60.8** authorizes the Department of Corrections to
119 establish an alternative correctional program for the reentry of certain offenders
120 into the community. **Sections 60.7, 61.3 and 61.7** of this bill establish and revise
121 various provisions concerning the alternative correctional programs.

122 Existing law authorizes the Director of the Department of Corrections and the
123 sheriff, chief of police or town marshal to establish programs for the treatment of
124 prisoners with a substance use disorder using medication-assisted treatment. (NRS
125 209.4247, 211.400) **Sections 61 and 62** of this bill require persons who establish
126 such programs to collaborate with the Department of Health and Human Services if
127 the program relates to opioid use disorder.

128 Existing law: (1) authorizes a board of county commissioners, with certain
129 exceptions, to exercise all powers necessary or proper to address matters of local
130 concern for the effective operation of a county government, whether or not the
131 powers are expressly granted to the board; and (2) defines "matter of local concern"
132 for such purposes. (NRS 244.143, 244.146) Existing law also authorizes a board of
133 county commissioners to enact and enforce local police and sanitary ordinances and
134 regulations that are not in conflict with the general laws and regulations of this
135 State. (NRS 244.357) **Section 65.5** of this bill requires a board of county
136 commissioners in a county whose population is 700,000 or more (currently only
137 Clark County) to adopt an ordinance that designates the geographic boundaries of
138 one or more corridors in which the commission of crime poses a significant risk to
139 public safety and the economic welfare of this State due to the high concentration
140 of tourists, visitors, employees and other persons in such corridors. **Section 65.5**
141 provides that a person who is charged with, convicted of or the subject of deferred
142 adjudication for any offense punishable as a misdemeanor: (1) for the first offense
143 within the corridor within two years, may as a condition of release, sentencing,
144 suspension of sentence or deferred adjudication, as applicable, be prohibited from
145 entering the corridor in which the offense occurred for a period not to exceed 1
146 year; and (2) for a second or subsequent offense within the corridor within 2 years,
147 must as a condition of release, sentencing, suspension of sentence or deferred
148 adjudication, as applicable, be prohibited from entering the corridor in which the
149 offense occurred for a period of not less than 1 year.

150 **Section 29.5** of this bill authorizes a justice court, in a county wherein the
151 board of county commissioners adopts an ordinance designating the geographic
152 boundaries of one or more corridors pursuant to **section 65.5**, to establish an
153 appropriate program for the adjudication of offenses punishable as a misdemeanor
154 that occurred within the boundaries of such corridors.

155 **Section 29.7** of this bill requires a justice court whose jurisdiction includes a
156 corridor established pursuant to **section 65.5** to prepare and submit: (1) to the
157 Legislature an annual report containing certain information regarding crimes that
158 occur within such corridors; and (2) to the respective board of county
159 commissioners a monthly report containing certain information regarding crimes
160 that occur within such corridors.

161 Existing law requires the Department of Health and Human Services to conduct
162 a statewide needs assessment to determine the priorities for allocating money from
163 the Fund for a Resilient Nevada; and (2) based on that needs assessment, develop a
164 statewide plan for allocating the money in the Fund. (NRS 433.734) Existing law
165 also prescribes specific requirements concerning the statewide needs assessment.
166 (NRS 433.736) **Section 70** of this bill requires the statewide assessment to establish
167 priorities related to the identification of educational resources to be used for
168 the training of law enforcement and other criminal justice agencies related to



169 trauma-informed practices and medication-assisted treatment for persons with
170 opioid use disorder. **Section 69** of this bill makes a conforming change to refer to
171 provisions renumbered by **section 70**.

172 Existing law establishes provisions related to peer recovery support services.
173 (NRS 433.622-433.641) **Section 66** of this bill requires the Department of Health
174 and Human Services to make available certain information relating to peer recovery
175 support services. **Sections 68 and 85-87** of this bill make conforming changes
176 governing the applicability of **section 66** to certain existing provisions of law
177 related to peer support services.

178 Existing law sets forth various penalties involving driving or operating a
179 vehicle or vessel under the influence of alcohol, a controlled substance or a
180 prohibited substance under certain circumstances. (Chapter 484C of NRS, NRS
181 488.400-488.520) **Sections 77 and 81** of this bill provide that the prohibition on a
182 person driving or operating a vehicle or vessel with a specific amount of marijuana
183 or marijuana metabolite in his or her blood applies to certain offenses punishable as
184 a felony. **Sections 80 and 82** of this bill increase the terms of imprisonment for a
185 person who proximately causes the death of another person while driving or
186 operating a vehicle or vessel under the influence of alcohol or a controlled
187 substance. Additionally, **sections 80 and 82** further provide that any such person
188 who proximately causes the death of another person and who has previously been
189 once or twice convicted of certain offenses related to driving or operating a vehicle
190 or vessel under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance is subject to an
191 increased penalty.

192 **Sections 87.3 and 87.5** make appropriations to the Interim Finance Committee
193 for allocation to the Department of Corrections and the Administrative Office of the
194 Courts for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this act.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** (Deleted by amendment.)

2 **Sec. 1.3.** NRS 200.471 is hereby amended to read as follows:
3 200.471 1. As used in this section:

4 (a) "Assault" means:

5 (1) Unlawfully attempting to use physical force against
6 another person; or

7 (2) Intentionally placing another person in reasonable
8 apprehension of immediate bodily harm.

9 (b) *"Child protective services" has the meaning ascribed to it*
10 *in NRS 432B.042.*

11 (c) *"Child welfare services" has the meaning ascribed to it in*
12 *NRS 432B.044.*

13 (d) "Fire-fighting agency" has the meaning ascribed to it in
14 NRS 239B.020.

15 ~~(e)~~ (e) "Health care facility" means a facility licensed
16 pursuant to chapter 449 of NRS, an office of a person listed in NRS
17 629.031, a clinic or any other location, other than a residence, where
18 health care is provided.



1 ~~(d)~~ (f) *“Hospitality employee” means a person employed by a*
2 *resort hotel, resort condominium, arena, stadium or convention*
3 *center, including, without limitation, a person who is employed in*
4 *a position of front desk staff, housekeeping, concierge, valet, bell*
5 *service, gaming floor, food and beverage, retail, security, facility*
6 *or hotel administration, count room, management or any other*
7 *position who is responsible for ensuring a positive guest*
8 *experience, and whose employment duties require the employee to:*

9 (1) *Wear identification, clothing, a uniform or other*
10 *insignia that identifies the employee as working for a resort hotel,*
11 *resort condominium, arena, stadium or convention center; and*

12 (2) *Be physically on the property of the resort hotel, resort*
13 *condominium, arena, stadium or convention center or otherwise*
14 *traveling within a corridor, as described in section 65.5 of this act.*

15 (g) *“Officer” means:*

16 (1) A person who possesses some or all of the powers of a
17 peace officer;

18 (2) A person employed in a full-time salaried occupation of
19 fire fighting for the benefit or safety of the public;

20 (3) A member of a volunteer fire department;

21 (4) A jailer, guard or other correctional officer of a city or
22 county jail;

23 (5) A prosecuting attorney of an agency or political
24 subdivision of the United States or of this State;

25 (6) A justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of
26 Appeals, district judge, justice of the peace, municipal judge,
27 magistrate, court commissioner, master or referee, including a
28 person acting pro tempore in a capacity listed in this subparagraph;

29 (7) An employee of this State or a political subdivision of
30 this State whose official duties require the employee to make home
31 visits;

32 (8) *An employee of this State or a political subdivision of*
33 *this State who as part of his or her normal job responsibilities:*

34 (I) *Interacts with the public; and*

35 (II) *Performs tasks related to child welfare services or*
36 *child protective services or tasks that expose the person to*
37 *comparable dangers;*

38 (9) A civilian employee or a volunteer of a law enforcement
39 agency whose official duties require the employee or volunteer to:

40 (I) *Interact with the public;*

41 (II) *Perform tasks related to law enforcement; and*

42 (III) *Wear identification, clothing or a uniform that*
43 *identifies the employee or volunteer as working or volunteering for*
44 *the law enforcement agency;*



1 ~~(9)~~ (10) A civilian employee or a volunteer of a fire-
2 fighting agency whose official duties require the employee or
3 volunteer to:

4 (I) Interact with the public;

5 (II) Perform tasks related to fire fighting or fire
6 prevention; and

7 (III) Wear identification, clothing or a uniform that
8 identifies the employee or volunteer as working or volunteering for
9 the fire-fighting agency; or

10 ~~(10)~~ (11) A civilian employee or volunteer of this State or
11 a political subdivision of this State whose official duties require the
12 employee or volunteer to:

13 (I) Interact with the public;

14 (II) Perform tasks related to code enforcement; and

15 (III) Wear identification, clothing or a uniform that
16 identifies the employee or volunteer as working or volunteering for
17 this State or a political subdivision of this State.

18 ~~(e)~~ (h) "Provider of health care" means:

19 (1) A physician, a medical student, a perfusionist, an
20 anesthesiologist assistant or a physician assistant licensed pursuant
21 to chapter 630 of NRS, a practitioner of respiratory care, a
22 homeopathic physician, an advanced practitioner of homeopathy, a
23 homeopathic assistant, an osteopathic physician, a physician
24 assistant or anesthesiologist assistant licensed pursuant to chapter
25 633 of NRS, a podiatric physician, a podiatry hygienist, a physical
26 therapist, a medical laboratory technician, an optometrist, a
27 chiropractic physician, a chiropractic assistant, a naprapath, a doctor
28 of Oriental medicine, a nurse, a student nurse, a certified nursing
29 assistant, a nursing assistant trainee, a medication aide - certified, a
30 person who provides health care services in the home for
31 compensation, a dentist, a dental student, a dental hygienist, a dental
32 hygienist student, an expanded function dental assistant, an
33 expanded function dental assistant student, a pharmacist, a
34 pharmacy student, an intern pharmacist, an attendant on an
35 ambulance or air ambulance, a psychologist, a social worker, a
36 marriage and family therapist, a marriage and family therapist
37 intern, a clinical professional counselor, a clinical professional
38 counselor intern, a behavior analyst, an assistant behavior analyst, a
39 registered behavior technician, a mental health technician, a licensed
40 dietitian, the holder of a license or a limited license issued under the
41 provisions of chapter 653 of NRS, a public safety officer at a health
42 care facility, an emergency medical technician, an advanced
43 emergency medical technician, a paramedic or a participant in a
44 program of training to provide emergency medical services; or



1 (2) An employee of or volunteer for a health care facility
2 who:

3 (I) Interacts with the public;

4 (II) Performs tasks related to providing health care; and

5 (III) Wears identification, clothing or a uniform that
6 identifies the person as an employee or volunteer of the health care
7 facility.

8 ~~(g)~~ (i) *“Resort hotel” has the meaning ascribed to it in*
9 *NRS 463.01865.*

10 (j) “School employee” means a licensed or unlicensed person
11 employed by a board of trustees of a school district pursuant to NRS
12 391.100 or 391.281.

13 ~~(g)~~ (k) “Sporting event” has the meaning ascribed to it in
14 NRS 41.630.

15 ~~(h)~~ (l) “Sports official” has the meaning ascribed to it in
16 NRS 41.630.

17 ~~(i)~~ (m) “Taxicab” has the meaning ascribed to it in
18 NRS 706.8816.

19 ~~(j)~~ (n) “Taxicab driver” means a person who operates a
20 taxicab.

21 ~~(k)~~ (o) “Transit operator” means a person who operates a bus
22 or other vehicle as part of a public mass transportation system.

23 ~~(l)~~ (p) “Utility worker” means an employee of a public utility
24 as defined in NRS 704.020 whose official duties require the
25 employee to:

26 (1) Interact with the public;

27 (2) Perform tasks related to the operation of the public
28 utility; and

29 (3) Wear identification, clothing or a uniform that identifies
30 the employee as working for the public utility.

31 2. A person convicted of an assault shall be punished:

32 (a) If paragraph (c) or (d) does not apply to the circumstances of
33 the crime and the assault is not made with the use of a deadly
34 weapon or the present ability to use a deadly weapon, for a
35 misdemeanor.

36 (b) If the assault is made with the use of a deadly weapon or the
37 present ability to use a deadly weapon, for a category B felony by
38 imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less
39 than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 6 years, or by a
40 fine of not more than \$5,000, or by both fine and imprisonment.

41 (c) If paragraph (d) does not apply to the circumstances of the
42 crime and if the assault:

43 (1) Is committed upon:



1 (I) An officer, *a hospitality employee*, a school employee,
2 a taxicab driver, a transit operator or a utility worker who is
3 performing his or her duty;

4 (II) A provider of health care while the provider of health
5 care is performing his or her duty or is on the premises where he or
6 she performs that duty; or

7 (III) A sports official based on the performance of his or
8 her duties at a sporting event; and

9 (2) The person charged knew or should have known that the
10 victim was an officer, *a hospitality employee*, a provider of health
11 care, a school employee, a taxicab driver, a transit operator, a utility
12 worker or a sports official,

13 ↪ for a gross misdemeanor, unless the assault is made with the use
14 of a deadly weapon or the present ability to use a deadly weapon,
15 then for a category B felony by imprisonment in the state prison for
16 a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not
17 more than 6 years, or by a fine of not more than \$5,000, or by both
18 fine and imprisonment.

19 (d) If the assault:

20 (1) Is committed by a probationer, a prisoner who is in
21 lawful custody or confinement or a parolee upon:

22 (I) An officer, *a hospitality employee*, a school employee,
23 a taxicab driver, a transit operator or a utility worker who is
24 performing his or her duty;

25 (II) A provider of health care while the provider of health
26 care is performing his or her duty or is on the premises where he or
27 she performs that duty; or

28 (III) A sports official based on the performance of his or
29 her duties at a sporting event; and

30 (2) The probationer, prisoner or parolee charged knew or
31 should have known that the victim was an officer, *a hospitality*
32 *employee*, a provider of health care, a school employee, a taxicab
33 driver, a transit operator, a utility worker or a sports official,

34 ↪ for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130, unless the
35 assault is made with the use of a deadly weapon or the present
36 ability to use a deadly weapon, then for a category B felony by
37 imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less
38 than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 6 years, or by a
39 fine of not more than \$5,000, or by both fine and imprisonment.

40 **Sec. 1.7.** NRS 200.481 is hereby amended to read as follows:

41 200.481 1. As used in this section:

42 (a) "Battery" means any willful and unlawful use of force or
43 violence upon the person of another.

44 (b) "Child" means a person less than 18 years of age.



1 (c) *“Child protective services” has the meaning ascribed to it*
2 *in NRS 432B.042.*

3 (d) *“Child welfare services” has the meaning ascribed to it in*
4 *NRS 432B.044.*

5 (e) *“Fire-fighting agency” has the meaning ascribed to it in*
6 *NRS 239B.020.*

7 ~~(f)~~ (f) *“Hospitality employee” means a person employed by a*
8 *resort hotel, resort condominium, arena, stadium or convention*
9 *center, including, without limitation, a person who is employed in*
10 *a position of front desk staff, housekeeping, concierge, valet, bell*
11 *service, gaming floor, food and beverage, retail, security, facility*
12 *or hotel administration, count room, management or any other*
13 *position who is responsible for ensuring a positive guest*
14 *experience, and whose employment duties require the employee to:*

15 (1) *Wear identification, clothing, a uniform or other*
16 *insignia that identifies the employee as working for a resort hotel,*
17 *resort condominium, arena, stadium or convention center; and*

18 (2) *Be physically on the property of the resort hotel, resort*
19 *condominium, arena, stadium or convention center or otherwise*
20 *traveling within a corridor, as described in section 65.5 of this act.*

21 (g) *“Officer” means:*

22 (1) *A person who possesses some or all of the powers of a*
23 *peace officer;*

24 (2) *A person employed in a full-time salaried occupation of*
25 *fire fighting for the benefit or safety of the public;*

26 (3) *A member of a volunteer fire department;*

27 (4) *A jailer, guard, matron or other correctional officer of a*
28 *city or county jail or detention facility;*

29 (5) *A prosecuting attorney of an agency or political*
30 *subdivision of the United States or of this State;*

31 (6) *A justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of*
32 *Appeals, district judge, justice of the peace, municipal judge,*
33 *magistrate, court commissioner, master or referee, including,*
34 *without limitation, a person acting pro tempore in a capacity listed*
35 *in this subparagraph;*

36 (7) *An employee of this State or a political subdivision of*
37 *this State whose official duties require the employee to make home*
38 *visits;*

39 (8) *An employee of this State or a political subdivision of*
40 *this State who as part of his or her normal job responsibilities:*

41 (I) *Interacts with the public; and*

42 (II) *Performs tasks related to child welfare services or*
43 *child protective services or tasks that expose the person to*
44 *comparable dangers;*



1 (9) A civilian employee or a volunteer of a law enforcement
2 agency whose official duties require the employee or volunteer to:

3 (I) Interact with the public;

4 (II) Perform tasks related to law enforcement; and

5 (III) Wear identification, clothing or a uniform that
6 identifies the employee or volunteer as working or volunteering for
7 the law enforcement agency;

8 ~~(9)~~ (10) A civilian employee or a volunteer of a fire-
9 fighting agency whose official duties require the employee or
10 volunteer to:

11 (I) Interact with the public;

12 (II) Perform tasks related to fire fighting or fire
13 prevention; and

14 (III) Wear identification, clothing or a uniform that
15 identifies the employee or volunteer as working or volunteering for
16 the fire-fighting agency; or

17 ~~(10)~~ (11) A civilian employee or volunteer of this State or
18 a political subdivision of this State whose official duties require the
19 employee or volunteer to:

20 (I) Interact with the public;

21 (II) Perform tasks related to code enforcement; and

22 (III) Wear identification, clothing or a uniform that
23 identifies the employee or volunteer as working or volunteering for
24 this State or a political subdivision of this State.

25 ~~(e)~~ (h) “Provider of health care” has the meaning ascribed to it
26 in NRS 200.471.

27 ~~(f)~~ (i) *“Resort hotel” has the meaning ascribed to it in*
28 *NRS 463.01865.*

29 (j) “School employee” means a licensed or unlicensed person
30 employed by a board of trustees of a school district pursuant to NRS
31 391.100 or 391.281.

32 ~~(g)~~ (k) “Sporting event” has the meaning ascribed to it in
33 NRS 41.630.

34 ~~(h)~~ (l) “Sports official” has the meaning ascribed to it in
35 NRS 41.630.

36 ~~(i)~~ (m) “Strangulation” means intentionally applying
37 sufficient pressure to another person to make it difficult or
38 impossible for the person to breathe, including, without limitation,
39 applying pressure to the neck, throat or windpipe that may prevent
40 or hinder breathing or reduce the intake of air, or applying any
41 pressure to the neck on either side of the windpipe, but not the
42 windpipe itself, to stop the flow of blood to the brain via the carotid
43 arteries.

44 ~~(j)~~ (n) “Taxicab” has the meaning ascribed to it in
45 NRS 706.8816.



1 ~~(o)~~ (o) "Taxicab driver" means a person who operates a
2 taxicab.

3 ~~(p)~~ (p) "Transit operator" means a person who operates a bus
4 or other vehicle as part of a public mass transportation system.

5 ~~(q)~~ (q) "Utility worker" means an employee of a public utility
6 as defined in NRS 704.020 whose official duties require the
7 employee to:

8 (1) Interact with the public;

9 (2) Perform tasks related to the operation of the public
10 utility; and

11 (3) Wear identification, clothing or a uniform that identifies
12 the employee as working for the public utility.

13 2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 200.485, a person
14 convicted of a battery, other than a battery committed by an adult
15 upon a child which constitutes child abuse, shall be punished:

16 (a) If the battery is not committed with a deadly weapon, and no
17 substantial bodily harm to the victim results, except under
18 circumstances where a greater penalty is provided in this section or
19 NRS 197.090, for a misdemeanor.

20 (b) If the battery is not committed with a deadly weapon, and
21 either substantial bodily harm to the victim results or the battery is
22 committed by strangulation, for a category C felony as provided in
23 NRS 193.130.

24 (c) If:

25 (1) The battery is committed upon:

26 (I) An officer, *hospitality employee*, school employee,
27 taxicab driver, transit operator or utility worker who was performing
28 his or her duty;

29 (II) A provider of health care while the provider of health
30 care is performing his or her duty or is on the premises where he or
31 she performs that duty; or

32 (III) A sports official based on the performance of his or
33 her duties at a sporting event;

34 (2) The officer, *hospitality employee*, provider of health care,
35 school employee, taxicab driver, transit operator, utility worker or
36 sports official suffers substantial bodily harm or the battery is
37 committed by strangulation; and

38 (3) The person charged knew or should have known that the
39 victim was an officer, *hospitality employee*, provider of health care,
40 school employee, taxicab driver, transit operator, utility worker or
41 sports official,

42 ↪ for a category B felony by imprisonment in the state prison for a
43 minimum term of not less than 2 years and a maximum term of not
44 more than 10 years, or by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by
45 both fine and imprisonment.



1 (d) If the battery:

2 (1) Is committed upon:

3 (I) An officer, *hospitality employee*, school employee,
4 taxicab driver, transit operator or utility worker who is performing
5 his or her duty;

6 (II) A provider of health care while the provider of health
7 care is performing his or her duty or is on the premises where he or
8 she performs that duty; or

9 (III) A sports official based on the performance of his or
10 her duties at a sporting event; and

11 (2) The person charged knew or should have known that the
12 victim was an officer, *hospitality employee*, provider of health care,
13 school employee, taxicab driver, transit operator, utility worker or
14 sports official,

15 ➤ for a gross misdemeanor, except under circumstances where a
16 greater penalty is provided in this section.

17 (e) If the battery is committed with the use of a deadly weapon,
18 and:

19 (1) No substantial bodily harm to the victim results, for a
20 category B felony by imprisonment in the state prison for a
21 minimum term of not less than 2 years and a maximum term of not
22 more than 10 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not
23 more than \$10,000.

24 (2) Substantial bodily harm to the victim results or the
25 battery is committed by strangulation, for a category B felony by
26 imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less
27 than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than 15 years, and
28 may be further punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000.

29 (f) If the battery is committed by a probationer, a prisoner who
30 is in lawful custody or confinement or a parolee, without the use of
31 a deadly weapon, whether or not substantial bodily harm results and
32 whether or not the battery is committed by strangulation, for a
33 category B felony by imprisonment in the state prison for a
34 minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not
35 more than 6 years.

36 (g) If the battery is committed by a probationer, a prisoner who
37 is in lawful custody or confinement or a parolee, with the use of a
38 deadly weapon, and:

39 (1) No substantial bodily harm to the victim results, for a
40 category B felony by imprisonment in the state prison for a
41 minimum term of not less than 2 years and a maximum term of not
42 more than 10 years.

43 (2) Substantial bodily harm to the victim results or the
44 battery is committed by strangulation, for a category B felony by



1 imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less
2 than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than 15 years.

3 **Sec. 2.** NRS 200.575 is hereby amended to read as follows:

4 200.575 1. A person who, without lawful authority, willfully
5 or maliciously engages in a course of conduct directed towards a
6 victim that would cause a reasonable person under similar
7 circumstances to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, harassed or
8 fearful for his or her immediate safety or the immediate safety of a
9 family or household member ~~§~~ *or a person with whom the victim
10 has had or is having a dating relationship*, and that actually causes
11 the victim to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, harassed or
12 fearful for his or her immediate safety or the immediate safety of a
13 family or household member ~~§~~ *or a person with whom the victim
14 has had or is having a dating relationship*, commits the crime of
15 stalking. Except where the provisions of subsection 2, 3 or 4 are
16 applicable, a person who commits the crime of stalking:

17 (a) For the first offense, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

18 (b) For the second offense, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

19 (c) For the third or any subsequent offense, is guilty of a
20 category C felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the
21 state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a
22 maximum term of not more than 5 years, and may be further
23 punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000.

24 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 or 4 and unless
25 a more severe penalty is prescribed by law, a person who commits
26 the crime of stalking where the victim is under the age of 16 and the
27 person is 5 or more years older than the victim:

28 (a) For the first offense, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

29 (b) For the second offense, is guilty of a category C felony and
30 shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a
31 minimum term of not less than 2 years and a maximum term of not
32 more than 5 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not
33 more than \$5,000.

34 (c) For the third or any subsequent offense, is guilty of a
35 category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the
36 state prison for a minimum term of not less than 2 years and a
37 maximum term of not more than 15 years, and may be further
38 punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000.

39 3. A person who commits the crime of stalking and in
40 conjunction therewith threatens the person with the intent to cause
41 the person to be placed in reasonable fear of death or substantial
42 bodily harm commits the crime of aggravated stalking. A person
43 who commits the crime of aggravated stalking shall be punished for
44 a category B felony by imprisonment in the state prison for a
45 minimum term of not less than 2 years and a maximum term of not



1 more than 15 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not
2 more than \$5,000.

3 4. A person who commits the crime of stalking ~~[with the use of~~
4 ~~an Internet or network site, electronic mail, text messaging or any~~
5 ~~other similar means of communication]~~ *by electronic means* to
6 publish, display or distribute information in a manner that
7 substantially increases the risk of harm or violence to the victim
8 shall be punished for a category C felony as provided in
9 NRS 193.130.

10 5. If any act engaged in by a person was part of the course of
11 conduct that constitutes the crime of stalking and was initiated or
12 had an effect on the victim in this State, the person may be
13 prosecuted in this State.

14 6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 of NRS
15 200.571, a criminal penalty provided for in this section may be
16 imposed in addition to any penalty that may be imposed for any
17 other criminal offense arising from the same conduct or for any
18 contempt of court arising from the same conduct.

19 7. If the court finds that a person convicted of stalking pursuant
20 to this section committed the crime against a person listed in
21 subsection 1 of NRS 33.018 and that the victim has an ongoing,
22 reasonable fear of physical harm, the court shall enter the finding in
23 its judgment of conviction or admonishment of rights.

24 8. If the court includes such a finding in a judgment of
25 conviction or admonishment of rights issued pursuant to this
26 section, the court shall:

27 (a) Inform the person convicted that he or she is prohibited from
28 owning, possessing or having under his or her control or custody
29 any firearm pursuant to NRS 202.360; and

30 (b) Order the person convicted to permanently surrender, sell or
31 transfer any firearm that he or she owns or that is in his or her
32 possession or under his or her custody or control in the manner set
33 forth in NRS 202.361.

34 9. A person who violates any provision included in a judgment
35 of conviction or admonishment of rights issued pursuant to this
36 section concerning the surrender, sale, transfer, ownership,
37 possession, custody or control of a firearm is guilty of a category B
38 felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for
39 a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not
40 more than 6 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not
41 more than \$5,000. The court must include in the judgment of
42 conviction or admonishment of rights a statement that a violation of
43 such a provision in the judgment or admonishment is a category B
44 felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for
45 a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not



1 more than 6 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not
2 more than \$5,000.

3 10. The penalties provided in this section do not preclude the
4 victim from seeking any other legal remedy available.

5 11. As used in this section:

6 (a) *“Act” includes, without limitation, accessing a social media*
7 *account of a specified person.*

8 (b) “Course of conduct” means ~~[a pattern of conduct which~~
9 ~~consists of]~~ two or more acts *conducted in person or by electronic*
10 *means* over a period of time that evidences a continuity of purpose
11 directed at a specific person.

12 ~~[(b)]~~ (c) *“Dating relationship” has the meaning ascribed to it*
13 *in NRS 33.018.*

14 (d) *“Electronic means” includes, without limitation, through*
15 *the use of an Internet or network site, a social media*
16 *communication, electronic mail, text messaging or any other*
17 *similar means of communication used to electronically publish,*
18 *display or distribute information.*

19 (e) “Family or household member” means a spouse, a former
20 spouse, a parent or other person who is related by blood or marriage
21 or is or was actually residing with the person.

22 ~~[(e)]~~ (f) “Internet or network site” has the meaning ascribed to it
23 in NRS 205.4744.

24 ~~[(d)]~~ (g) “Network” has the meaning ascribed to it in
25 NRS 205.4745.

26 ~~[(e)]~~ (h) “Offense” includes, without limitation, a violation of
27 the law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar
28 conduct set forth in this section.

29 (i) *“Social media communication” means:*

30 (1) *A private communication, including, without limitation,*
31 *a message or image, sent between users of a social media*
32 *platform; or*

33 (2) *A communication, including, without limitation, a*
34 *message or image, which is made available or otherwise shared on*
35 *a social media platform and which is visible to other users of the*
36 *social media platform or the public.*

37 ~~[(f)]~~ (j) “Text messaging” means a communication in the form
38 of electronic text or one or more electronic images sent from a
39 telephone or computer to another person’s telephone or computer by
40 addressing the communication to the recipient’s telephone number.

41 ~~[(g)]~~ (k) “Without lawful authority” includes acts which are
42 initiated or continued without the victim’s consent. The term does
43 not include acts which are otherwise protected or authorized by
44 constitutional or statutory law, regulation or order of a court of
45 competent jurisdiction, including, but not limited to:



1 (1) Picketing which occurs during a strike, work stoppage or
2 any other labor dispute.

3 (2) The activities of a reporter, photographer, camera
4 operator or other person while gathering information for
5 communication to the public if that person is employed or engaged
6 by or has contracted with a newspaper, periodical, press association
7 or radio or television station and is acting solely within that
8 professional capacity.

9 (3) The activities of a person that are carried out in the
10 normal course of his or her lawful employment.

11 (4) Any activities carried out in the exercise of the
12 constitutionally protected rights of freedom of speech and assembly.

13 **Sec. 2.5.** (Deleted by amendment.)

14 **Sec. 3.** NRS 200.730 is hereby amended to read as follows:
15 200.730 ~~[A]~~

16 *1. Subject to subsection 2, a person who knowingly and*
17 *willfully ~~[has in his or her possession]~~ possesses for any purpose*
18 *any film, photograph or other visual presentation depicting a person*
19 *under the age of 16 years as the subject of a sexual portrayal or*
20 *engaging in or simulating, or assisting others to engage in or*
21 *simulate, sexual conduct:*

22 ~~[1.]~~ *(a) For the first offense, is guilty of a category B felony and*
23 *shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a*
24 *minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not*
25 *more than 6 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not*
26 *more than \$5,000.*

27 ~~[2.]~~ *(b) For any subsequent offense, is guilty of a category A*
28 *felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for*
29 *a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of life*
30 *with the possibility of parole, and may be further punished by a fine*
31 *of not more than \$5,000.*

32 *2. Each person under the age of 16 years depicted in any*
33 *film, photograph or other visual presentation described in*
34 *subsection 1 constitutes a separate offense for purposes of this*
35 *section.*

36 **Sec. 4.** Chapter 202 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
37 thereto a new section to read as follows:

38 *1. If a court orders a person to surrender, sell or transfer any*
39 *firearm pursuant to NRS 202.361, the court shall require the*
40 *person to appear for a compliance hearing to determine whether*
41 *the person has complied with the provisions of the order for the*
42 *surrender, sale or transfer of the firearm.*

43 *2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the court*
44 *shall schedule the compliance hearing not earlier than 2 business*



1 *days nor later than 5 business days after the issuance of the order*
2 *for the surrender, sale or transfer of the firearm.*

3 3. *If a person is in custody at the time that the compliance*
4 *hearing is scheduled pursuant to subsection 2, the court shall*
5 *reschedule the compliance hearing to a date that is not later than*
6 *1 business day after the release of the person from custody.*

7 4. *The court may cancel the compliance hearing if:*

8 (a) *The person provides the affidavit described in paragraph*
9 *(d) of subsection 1 of NRS 202.361;*

10 (b) *The person provides the receipt or other documentation*
11 *required by subsection 2, 3 or 4 of NRS 202.361, as applicable; or*

12 (c) *The court issues a search warrant pursuant to subsection 5*
13 *of NRS 202.361.*

14 **Sec. 5.** NRS 202.253 is hereby amended to read as follows:

15 202.253 As used in NRS 202.253 to 202.369, inclusive **H** ,
16 **and section 4 of this act:**

17 1. "Antique firearm" has the meaning ascribed to it in 18
18 U.S.C. § 921(a)(16).

19 2. "Explosive or incendiary device" means any explosive or
20 incendiary material or substance that has been constructed, altered,
21 packaged or arranged in such a manner that its ordinary use would
22 cause destruction or injury to life or property.

23 3. "Firearm" means any device designed to be used as a
24 weapon from which a projectile may be expelled through the barrel
25 by the force of any explosion or other form of combustion.

26 4. "Firearm capable of being concealed upon the person"
27 applies to and includes all firearms having a barrel less than 12
28 inches in length.

29 5. "Firearms importer or manufacturer" means a person
30 licensed to import or manufacture firearms pursuant to 18 U.S.C.
31 Chapter 44.

32 6. "Machine gun" means any weapon which shoots, is
33 designed to shoot or can be readily restored to shoot more than one
34 shot, without manual reloading, by a single function of the trigger.

35 7. "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle that is self-propelled.

36 8. "Semiautomatic firearm" means any firearm that:

37 (a) Uses a portion of the energy of a firing cartridge to extract
38 the fired cartridge case and chamber the next shell or round;

39 (b) Requires a separate function of the trigger to fire each
40 cartridge; and

41 (c) Is not a machine gun.

42 9. "Unfinished frame or receiver" means a blank, a casting or a
43 machined body that is intended to be turned into the frame or lower
44 receiver of a firearm with additional machining and which has been
45 formed or machined to the point at which most of the major



1 machining operations have been completed to turn the blank, casting
2 or machined body into a frame or lower receiver of a firearm even if
3 the fire-control cavity area of the blank, casting or machined body is
4 still completely solid and unmachined.

5 **Sec. 6.** (Deleted by amendment.)

6 **Sec. 7.** (Deleted by amendment.)

7 **Sec. 8.** (Deleted by amendment.)

8 **Sec. 9.** (Deleted by amendment.)

9 **Sec. 10.** (Deleted by amendment.)

10 **Sec. 11.** (Deleted by amendment.)

11 **Sec. 12.** (Deleted by amendment.)

12 **Sec. 13.** (Deleted by amendment.)

13 **Sec. 14.** (Deleted by amendment.)

14 **Sec. 15.** (Deleted by amendment.)

15 **Sec. 16.** (Deleted by amendment.)

16 **Sec. 17.** (Deleted by amendment.)

17 **Sec. 18.** (Deleted by amendment.)

18 **Sec. 19.** (Deleted by amendment.)

19 **Sec. 20.** (Deleted by amendment.)

20 **Sec. 21.** (Deleted by amendment.)

21 **Sec. 22.** (Deleted by amendment.)

22 **Sec. 23.** (Deleted by amendment.)

23 **Sec. 24.** (Deleted by amendment.)

24 **Sec. 25.** (Deleted by amendment.)

25 **Sec. 26.** (Deleted by amendment.)

26 **Sec. 27.** (Deleted by amendment.)

27 **Sec. 28.** (Deleted by amendment.)

28 **Sec. 29.** (Deleted by amendment.)

29 **Sec. 29.1.** Chapter 205 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
30 thereto a new section to read as follows:

31 *1. If a person intentionally causes property damage to a retail*
32 *establishment during the commission of a theft offense and the*
33 *aggregate value of the amount involved in the theft or property*
34 *damage, or any combination thereof, is \$750 or more, the person*
35 *is guilty of a category C felony and shall be punished as provided*
36 *in NRS 193.130.*

37 *2. As used in this section:*

38 *(a) "Retail establishment" means an establishment that sells*
39 *goods or merchandise from a fixed location for direct*
40 *consumption by a purchaser. The term includes, without*
41 *limitation, an establishment that prepares and sells meals or other*
42 *edible products, regardless of the place of consumption by the*
43 *consumer.*

44 *(b) "Theft offense" means a violation of NRS 205.0832 or*
45 *205.240, as applicable.*



1 **Sec. 29.3.** Chapter 4 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
2 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 29.5 and 29.7 of this act.

3 **Sec. 29.5. 1.** *In a county wherein the board of county*
4 *commissioners adopts an ordinance that designates the*
5 *geographic boundaries of one or more corridors pursuant to*
6 *section 65.5 of this act, a justice court may establish an*
7 *appropriate program for the adjudication of offenses punishable*
8 *as a misdemeanor that occurred within such corridors.*

9 2. *Under a program established pursuant to subsection 1, a*
10 *justice court may rescind an order prohibiting a person from*
11 *entering a corridor upon the successful completion by the person*
12 *of a diversion program for which participation is a condition of*
13 *release, sentencing, suspended sentence or deferred adjudication.*

14 **Sec. 29.7. 1.** *On or before July 1 of each year, a justice*
15 *court whose jurisdiction includes a corridor established pursuant*
16 *to section 65.5 of this act shall prepare and submit an annual*
17 *report to the Legislature.*

18 2. *Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, the report*
19 *prepared and submitted pursuant to subsection 1 must include,*
20 *without limitation:*

21 (a) *The number of persons charged, convicted and sentenced*
22 *for any offense punishable as a misdemeanor in the corridor*
23 *during the immediately preceding year;*

24 (b) *The underlying crime for which such persons were*
25 *charged, convicted and sentenced in the corridor during the*
26 *immediately preceding year;*

27 (c) *The rate of successful completion of the sentence or*
28 *condition of release, which must be expressed as the percentage of*
29 *persons who successfully completed the sentence or condition of*
30 *release imposed by the court out of the total number of persons*
31 *sentenced by the court;*

32 (d) *The number of persons subject to an order prohibiting a*
33 *person from entering the geographic boundaries of a corridor*
34 *designated by ordinance in the immediately preceding year,*
35 *including, without limitation, whether the person has been*
36 *charged or convicted of a repeat offense within a corridor; and*

37 (e) *The information described in paragraphs (a) to (d),*
38 *inclusive, pertaining to any person who has been ordered,*
39 *assigned or sentenced to a diversion program.*

40 3. *Not later than the last day of each calendar month, a*
41 *justice court whose jurisdiction includes a corridor established*
42 *pursuant to section 65.5 of this act shall prepare and submit a*
43 *monthly report to the board of county commissioners.*



1 *4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, the report*
2 *prepared and submitted pursuant to subsection 3 must include,*
3 *without limitation:*

4 *(a) Any information required to be submitted to the*
5 *Legislature pursuant to subsection 2;*

6 *(b) The total number of cases involving offenses punishable as*
7 *a misdemeanor that were committed within a corridor;*

8 *(c) For each case reported pursuant to paragraph (b):*

9 *(1) The name of the presiding justice of the peace;*

10 *(2) The case number or other case identifier used by the*
11 *justice court for each case;*

12 *(3) Whether the person is a repeat offender for an offense*
13 *committed within the corridor; and*

14 *(4) If the person is a repeat offender for an offense*
15 *committed within a corridor:*

16 *(I) The duration of the time that has passed between the*
17 *commission of the offenses;*

18 *(II) The conditions of the sentences for the offenses;*
19 *and*

20 *(III) Whether the defendant was incarcerated for the*
21 *offenses.*

22 *5. Any report submitted pursuant to this section must not*
23 *include any identifying information of the:*

24 *(a) Person who was the subject of an order prohibiting the*
25 *person from entering a corridor; or*

26 *(b) Business or location where the underlying offense*
27 *occurred.*

28 **Sec. 30.** Chapter 33 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
29 thereto a new section to read as follows:

30 *1. If a court orders an adverse party to surrender, sell or*
31 *transfer any firearm pursuant to NRS 33.031, the court shall*
32 *require the adverse party to appear for a compliance hearing to*
33 *determine whether the adverse party has complied with the*
34 *provisions of the order for the surrender, sale or transfer of the*
35 *firearm.*

36 *2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the court*
37 *shall schedule the compliance hearing not earlier than 2 business*
38 *days nor later than 5 business days after the issuance of the order*
39 *for the surrender, sale or transfer.*

40 *3. If an adverse party is in custody at the time that the*
41 *compliance hearing is scheduled pursuant to subsection 2, the*
42 *court shall reschedule the compliance hearing to a date that is not*
43 *later than 1 business day after the release of the adverse party*
44 *from custody.*

45 *4. The court may cancel the compliance hearing if:*



1 (a) *The person provides the affidavit described in paragraph*
2 *(d) of subsection 1 of NRS 33.033;*

3 (b) *The adverse party provides the receipt or other*
4 *documentation required by subsection 2, 3 or 4 of NRS 33.033, as*
5 *applicable; or*

6 (c) *The court issues a search warrant pursuant to subsection 5*
7 *of NRS 33.033.*

8 **Sec. 31.** NRS 33.017 is hereby amended to read as follows:

9 33.017 As used in NRS 33.017 to 33.100, inclusive, *and*
10 *section 30 of this act*, unless the context otherwise requires:

11 1. "Extended order" means an extended order for protection
12 against domestic violence.

13 2. "Temporary order" means a temporary order for protection
14 against domestic violence.

15 **Sec. 32.** NRS 33.018 is hereby amended to read as follows:

16 33.018 1. Domestic violence occurs when a person commits
17 one of the following acts against or upon the person's spouse or
18 former spouse, any other person to whom the person is related by
19 blood or marriage, any other person with whom the person has had
20 or is having a dating relationship, any other person with whom the
21 person has a child in common, the minor child of any of those
22 persons, the person's minor child or any other person who has been
23 appointed the custodian or legal guardian for the person's minor
24 child:

25 (a) A battery.

26 (b) An assault.

27 (c) Coercion pursuant to NRS 207.190.

28 (d) A sexual assault.

29 (e) A knowing, purposeful or reckless course of conduct
30 intended to harass the other person. Such conduct may include, but
31 is not limited to:

32 (1) Stalking.

33 (2) Arson.

34 (3) Trespassing.

35 (4) Larceny.

36 (5) Destruction of private property.

37 (6) Carrying a concealed weapon without a permit.

38 (7) Injuring or killing an animal.

39 (8) Burglary.

40 (9) An invasion of the home.

41 (f) A false imprisonment.

42 (g) Pandering.

43 (h) *A kidnapping.*

44 (i) *An attempt or solicitation to commit an offense described in*
45 *paragraphs (a) to (h), inclusive.*



1 2. The provisions of this section do not apply to:

2 (a) Siblings, except those siblings who are in a custodial or
3 guardianship relationship with each other; or

4 (b) Cousins, except those cousins who are in a custodial or
5 guardianship relationship with each other.

6 3. As used in this section, "dating relationship" means
7 frequent, intimate associations primarily characterized by the
8 expectation of affectional or sexual involvement. The term does not
9 include a casual relationship or an ordinary association between
10 persons in a business or social context.

11 **Sec. 33.** (Deleted by amendment.)

12 **Sec. 34.** (Deleted by amendment.)

13 **Sec. 34.3.** NRS 41.910 is hereby amended to read as follows:

14 41.910 1. If a court finds that a person is entitled to a
15 judgment pursuant to NRS 41.900, the court shall enter a certificate
16 of innocence finding that the person was innocent of the felony for
17 which the person was wrongfully convicted.

18 2. If a court does not find that a person is entitled to a judgment
19 pursuant to NRS 41.900, the action must be dismissed and the court
20 shall not enter a certificate of innocence.

21 3. Upon an entry of a certificate of innocence pursuant to
22 subsection 1, the court shall order sealed all records of the
23 conviction, except such records maintained by the parties
24 concerning a civil action for wrongful conviction brought pursuant
25 to NRS 41.900, which are in the custody of any agency of criminal
26 justice or any public or private agency, company, official or other
27 custodian of records in the State of Nevada and shall order all such
28 records of the person returned to the file of the court where the
29 underlying criminal action was commenced from, including, without
30 limitation, the Federal Bureau of Investigation and all other agencies
31 of criminal justice which maintain such records and which are
32 reasonably known by either the person or the court to have
33 possession of such records. Such records must be sealed regardless
34 of whether the person has any prior criminal convictions in this
35 State.

36 4. The records maintained by the parties concerning a civil
37 action for wrongful conviction pursuant to subsection 3 must remain
38 confidential.

39 ***5. The entry of a certificate of innocence pursuant to***
40 ***subsection 1 and the provision of an award pursuant to NRS***
41 ***41.950 shall not be construed to be a finding that:***

42 ***(a) A person involved in the investigation, prosecution or***
43 ***conviction of the underlying offense committed any wrongdoing;***
44 ***or***



1 *(b) There was not probable cause to arrest or file a complaint*
2 *against the person subject to the certificate of innocence.*

3 **Sec. 34.7.** (Deleted by amendment.)

4 **Sec. 35.** Chapter 62C of NRS is hereby amended by adding
5 thereto a new section to read as follows:

6 *1. A child must not be released before a detention hearing is*
7 *held pursuant to NRS 62C.040 if the child:*

8 *(a) Is taken into custody for an unlawful act in violation of*
9 *NRS 200.481 against a school employee or child welfare*
10 *professional; and*

11 *(b) Has, in the previous year, been taken two or more times*
12 *into custody for an unlawful act in violation of paragraph (d) of*
13 *subsection 2 of NRS 200.481 for which:*

14 *(1) The child has been placed on informal supervision*
15 *pursuant to NRS 62C.200; or*

16 *(2) A petition has been filed alleging that the child is*
17 *delinquent.*

18 *2. At the detention hearing, the juvenile court shall order the*
19 *mental health of the child to be evaluated by a qualified*
20 *professional, if the child has not been ordered by the court to be so*
21 *evaluated in the previous year.*

22 *3. If an evaluation is required by subsection 2, the court*
23 *shall:*

24 *(a) Detain the child at a facility for the detention of children*
25 *for not more than 14 days or until the completion of the*
26 *evaluation, whichever is sooner; or*

27 *(b) Place the child under a program of supervision in the*
28 *home of the child that may include electronic surveillance of the*
29 *child.*

30 *4. If a child is evaluated by a qualified professional pursuant*
31 *to subsection 2, the statements made by the child to the qualified*
32 *professional during the evaluation and any evidence directly or*
33 *indirectly derived from those statements may not be used for any*
34 *purpose in a proceeding which is conducted to prove that the child*
35 *committed a delinquent act or criminal offense. The provisions of*
36 *this subsection do not prohibit the district attorney from proving*
37 *that the child committed a delinquent act or criminal offense*
38 *based upon evidence obtained from sources or by means that are*
39 *independent of the statements made by the child to the qualified*
40 *professional during the evaluation.*

41 *5. As used in this section:*

42 *(a) "Child protective services" has the meaning ascribed to it*
43 *in NRS 432B.042.*



1 (b) *“Child welfare professional” means an employee of this*
2 *State or a political subdivision of this State who as part of his or*
3 *her job responsibilities:*

4 (1) *Interacts with the public; and*

5 (2) *Performs tasks related to child welfare services or child*
6 *protective services or tasks that expose the person to comparable*
7 *dangers.*

8 (c) *“Child welfare services” has the meaning ascribed to it in*
9 *NRS 432B.044.*

10 (d) *“School employee” means any licensed or unlicensed*
11 *person employed by a board of trustees of a school district*
12 *pursuant to NRS 391.100 or 391.281.*

13 **Sec. 36.** NRS 62C.100 is hereby amended to read as follows:

14 62C.100 1. When a complaint is made alleging that a child is
15 delinquent or in need of supervision:

16 (a) The complaint must be referred to a probation officer of the
17 appropriate county; and

18 (b) The probation officer shall conduct a preliminary inquiry to
19 determine whether the best interests of the child or of the public:

20 (1) Require that a petition be filed; or

21 (2) Would better be served by placing the child under
22 informal supervision pursuant to NRS 62C.200.

23 2. If, after conducting the preliminary inquiry, the probation
24 officer recommends the filing of a petition, the district attorney shall
25 determine whether to file the petition.

26 3. If, after conducting the preliminary inquiry, the probation
27 officer does not recommend the filing of a petition or that the child
28 be placed under informal supervision, the probation officer must
29 notify the complainant regarding the complainant’s right to seek a
30 review of the complaint by the district attorney.

31 4. If the complainant seeks a review of the complaint by the
32 district attorney, the district attorney shall:

33 (a) Review the facts presented by the complainant;

34 (b) Consult with the probation officer; and

35 (c) File the petition with the juvenile court if the district attorney
36 believes that the filing of the petition is necessary to protect the
37 interests of the child or of the public.

38 5. The determination of the district attorney concerning
39 whether to file the petition is final.

40 6. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 62C.060  *and*
41 *section 35 of this act*, if a child is in detention or shelter care, the
42 child must be released immediately if a petition alleging that the
43 child is delinquent or in need of supervision is not:

44 (a) Approved by the district attorney; or



1 (b) Filed within 4 days after the date the complaint was referred
2 to the probation officer, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays,
3 except that the juvenile court may, for good cause shown by the
4 district attorney, allow an additional 4 days for the filing of the
5 petition, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays.

6 **Sec. 37.** (Deleted by amendment.)

7 **Sec. 38.** (Deleted by amendment.)

8 **Sec. 39.** (Deleted by amendment.)

9 **Sec. 39.2.** NRS 62E.430 is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 62E.430 1. ~~##~~ *Except as otherwise provided in this section,*
11 *if* a child is adjudicated to be in need of supervision because the
12 child is a habitual truant, the juvenile court shall:

13 (a) The first time the child is adjudicated to be in need of
14 supervision because the child is a habitual truant:

15 (1) Order:

16 (I) The child to pay a fine of not more than \$100 or, if the
17 parent or guardian of the child knowingly induced the child to be a
18 habitual truant, order the parent or guardian to pay the fine; or

19 (II) The child to perform not less than 8 hours but not
20 more than 16 hours of community service; and

21 (2) If the child is 14 years of age or older, order the
22 suspension of the driver's license of the child for at least 30 days but
23 not more than 6 months. If the child does not possess a driver's
24 license, the juvenile court shall prohibit the child from applying for
25 a driver's license for 30 days:

26 (I) Immediately following the date of the order if the child
27 is eligible to apply for a driver's license; or

28 (II) After the date the child becomes eligible to apply for
29 a driver's license if the child is not eligible to apply for a driver's
30 license.

31 (b) The second or any subsequent time the child is adjudicated
32 to be in need of supervision because the child is a habitual truant:

33 (1) Order:

34 (I) The child to pay a fine of not more than \$200 or, if the
35 parent or guardian of the child knowingly induced the child to be a
36 habitual truant, order the parent or guardian to pay the fine;

37 (II) The child to perform not more than 10 hours of
38 community service; or

39 (III) Compliance with the requirements set forth in both
40 sub-subparagraphs (I) and (II); and

41 (2) If the child is 14 years of age or older, order the
42 suspension of the driver's license of the child for at least 60 days but
43 not more than 1 year. If the child does not possess a driver's license,
44 the juvenile court shall prohibit the child from applying for a
45 driver's license for 60 days:



1 (I) Immediately following the date of the order if the child
2 is eligible to apply for a driver's license; or

3 (II) After the date the child becomes eligible to apply for
4 a driver's license if the child is not eligible to apply for a driver's
5 license.

6 2. The juvenile court may suspend the payment of a fine
7 ordered pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 if the child attends
8 school for 60 consecutive school days, or its equivalent in a school
9 district operating under an alternative schedule authorized pursuant
10 to NRS 388.090, after the imposition of the fine, or has a valid
11 excuse acceptable to the child's teacher or the principal for any
12 absence from school within that period.

13 3. The juvenile court may suspend the payment of a fine
14 ordered pursuant to this section if the parent or guardian of a child is
15 ordered to pay a fine by another court of competent jurisdiction in a
16 case relating to or arising out of the same circumstances that caused
17 the juvenile court to adjudicate the child in need of supervision.

18 4. The community service ordered pursuant to this section must
19 be performed at the child's school of attendance, if practicable.

20 *5. If the juvenile court finds that the suspension of the*
21 *driver's license of a child pursuant to this section is not in the best*
22 *interest of the child, the juvenile court may order the Department*
23 *of Motor Vehicles to issue the child a restricted driver's license*
24 *pursuant to NRS 483.490.*

25 *6. If the juvenile court issues an order requiring the*
26 *Department of Motor Vehicles to issue a restricted driver's license*
27 *to a child pursuant to subsection 5, not later than 5 days after*
28 *issuing the order, the juvenile court shall forward to the*
29 *Department of Motor Vehicles a copy of the order.*

30 **Sec. 39.4.** NRS 62E.440 is hereby amended to read as follows:

31 62E.440 1. ~~§~~ *Except as otherwise provided in this section,*
32 *if* a child is adjudicated to be in need of supervision because the
33 child has committed an offense related to tobacco, the juvenile court
34 may:

35 (a) The first time the child is adjudicated to be in need of
36 supervision because the child has committed an offense related to
37 tobacco, order the child to:

38 (1) Pay a fine of \$25; and

39 (2) Attend and complete a tobacco awareness and cessation
40 program.

41 (b) The second time the child is adjudicated to be in need of
42 supervision because the child has committed an offense related to
43 tobacco, order the child to:

44 (1) Pay a fine of \$50; and



1 (2) Attend and complete a tobacco awareness and cessation
2 program.

3 (c) The third or any subsequent time the child is adjudicated to
4 be in need of supervision because the child has committed an
5 offense related to tobacco, order:

6 (1) The child to pay a fine of \$75;

7 (2) The child to attend and complete a tobacco awareness
8 and cessation program; and

9 (3) That the driver's license of the child be suspended for at
10 least 30 days but not more than 90 days or, if the child does not
11 possess a driver's license, prohibit the child from receiving a
12 driver's license for at least 30 days but not more than 90 days:

13 (I) Immediately following the date of the order, if the
14 child is eligible to receive a driver's license.

15 (II) After the date the child becomes eligible to apply for
16 a driver's license, if the child is not eligible to receive a license on
17 the date of the order.

18 2. If the juvenile court orders a child to pay a fine pursuant to
19 this section and the child willfully fails to pay the fine, the juvenile
20 court may order that the driver's license of the child be suspended
21 for at least 30 days but not more than 90 days or, if the child does
22 not possess a driver's license, prohibit the child from receiving a
23 driver's license for at least 30 days but not more than 90 days:

24 (a) Immediately following the date of the order, if the child is
25 eligible to receive a driver's license.

26 (b) After the date the child becomes eligible to apply for a
27 driver's license, if the child is not eligible to receive a license on the
28 date of the order.

29 ↪ If the child is already the subject of a court order suspending or
30 delaying the issuance of the driver's license of the child, the juvenile
31 court shall order the additional suspension or delay, as appropriate,
32 to apply consecutively with the previous order.

33 3. If the juvenile court ~~[suspends]~~ *finds that the suspension of*
34 *the driver's license of [a] the child pursuant to this section [] is not*
35 *in the best interest of the child*, the juvenile court may order the
36 Department of Motor Vehicles to issue *the child* a restricted driver's
37 license pursuant to NRS 483.490 . ~~[permitting the child to drive a~~
38 ~~motor vehicle:~~

39 ~~—(a) To and from work or in the course of his or her work, or~~
40 ~~both;~~

41 ~~—(b) To and from school; or~~

42 ~~—(c) To acquire supplies of medicine or food or receive regularly~~
43 ~~scheduled medical care for himself, herself or a member of his or~~
44 ~~her immediate family.]~~



1 *4. If the juvenile court issues an order requiring the*
2 *Department of Motor Vehicles to issue a restricted driver's license*
3 *to a child pursuant to subsection 3, not later than 5 days after*
4 *issuing the order, the juvenile court shall forward to the*
5 *Department of Motor Vehicles a copy of the order.*

6 **Sec. 39.6.** NRS 62E.630 is hereby amended to read as follows:

7 62E.630 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, if a
8 child is adjudicated delinquent for the unlawful act of using,
9 possessing, selling or distributing a controlled substance, or
10 purchasing, consuming or possessing an alcoholic beverage in
11 violation of NRS 202.020, the juvenile court shall:

12 (a) If the child possesses a driver's license, issue an order
13 suspending the driver's license of the child for at least 90 days but
14 not more than 2 years; or

15 (b) If the child does not possess a driver's license and the child
16 is or will be eligible to receive a driver's license within the 2 years
17 immediately following the date of the order, issue an order
18 prohibiting the child from receiving a driver's license for a period
19 specified by the juvenile court which must be at least 90 days but
20 not more than 2 years:

21 (1) Immediately following the date of the order, if the child
22 is eligible to receive a driver's license; or

23 (2) After the date the child will be eligible to receive a
24 driver's license, if the child is not eligible to receive a driver's
25 license on the date of the order.

26 2. If the child is already the subject of a court order suspending
27 or delaying the issuance of the driver's license of the child, the
28 juvenile court shall order the additional suspension or delay, as
29 appropriate, to apply consecutively with the previous order.

30 3. If the juvenile court finds that ~~[a] the suspension [or delay in~~
31 ~~the issuance]~~ of the driver's license of a child pursuant to this
32 section ~~[would cause or is causing a severe or undue hardship to] is~~
33 ~~not in the best interest of~~ the child, ~~[or his or her immediate family~~
34 ~~and that the child is otherwise eligible to receive a driver's license,]~~
35 the juvenile court may order the Department of Motor Vehicles to
36 issue *the child* a restricted driver's license ~~[to the child]~~ pursuant to
37 NRS 483.490.

38 4. If the juvenile court issues an order requiring the
39 Department of Motor Vehicles to issue a restricted driver's license
40 to a child pursuant to subsection 3, not later than 5 days after issuing
41 the order, the juvenile court shall forward to the Department of
42 Motor Vehicles a copy of the order.

43 **Sec. 39.8.** NRS 62E.690 is hereby amended to read as follows:

44 62E.690 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, if a
45 child is adjudicated delinquent for the unlawful act of placing



1 graffiti on or otherwise defacing public or private property owned or
2 possessed by another person in violation of NRS 206.125 or
3 206.330 or for the unlawful act of carrying a graffiti implement in
4 certain places without valid authorization in violation of NRS
5 206.335, the juvenile court shall:

6 (a) If the child possesses a driver's license, issue an order
7 suspending the driver's license of the child for at least 1 year but not
8 more than 2 years; or

9 (b) If the child does not possess a driver's license and the child
10 is or will be eligible to receive a driver's license within the 2 years
11 immediately following the date of the order, issue an order
12 prohibiting the child from receiving a driver's license for a period
13 specified by the juvenile court which must be at least 1 year but not
14 more than 2 years:

15 (1) Immediately following the date of the order, if the child
16 is eligible to receive a driver's license; or

17 (2) After the date the child will be eligible to receive a
18 driver's license, if the child is not eligible to receive a driver's
19 license on the date of the order.

20 2. If the child is already the subject of a court order suspending
21 or delaying the issuance of the driver's license of the child, the
22 juvenile court shall order the additional suspension or delay, as
23 appropriate, to apply consecutively with the previous order.

24 *3. If the juvenile court finds that the suspension of the*
25 *driver's license of a child pursuant to this section is not in the best*
26 *interest of the child, the juvenile court may order the Department*
27 *of Motor Vehicles to issue the child a restricted driver's license*
28 *pursuant to NRS 483.490.*

29 *4. If the juvenile court issues an order requiring the*
30 *Department of Motor Vehicles to issue a restricted driver's license*
31 *to a child pursuant to subsection 3, not later than 5 days after*
32 *issuing the order, the juvenile court shall forward to the*
33 *Department of Motor Vehicles a copy of the order.*

34 **Sec. 40.** (Deleted by amendment.)

35 **Sec. 41.** NRS 176.0931 is hereby amended to read as follows:

36 176.0931 1. If a defendant is convicted of a sexual offense,
37 the court shall include in sentencing, in addition to any other
38 penalties provided by law, a special sentence of lifetime supervision.

39 2. The special sentence of lifetime supervision commences
40 after any period of probation or any term of imprisonment and any
41 period of release on parole.

42 3. A person sentenced to lifetime supervision may petition the
43 sentencing court or the State Board of Parole Commissioners for
44 release from lifetime supervision. The sentencing court or the Board



1 shall grant a petition for release from a special sentence of lifetime
2 supervision if:

3 (a) The person has complied with the requirements of the
4 provisions of NRS 179D.010 to 179D.550, inclusive;

5 (b) The person has not been convicted of an offense that poses a
6 threat to the safety or well-being of others for an interval of at least
7 10 consecutive years after the person's last conviction or release
8 from incarceration, whichever occurs later; and

9 (c) The person is not likely to pose a threat to the safety of
10 others, as determined by a licensed, clinical professional who has
11 received training in the treatment of sexual offenders, if released
12 from lifetime supervision.

13 4. A person who is released from lifetime supervision pursuant
14 to the provisions of subsection 3 remains subject to the provisions
15 for registration as a sex offender and to the provisions for
16 community notification, unless the person is otherwise relieved from
17 the operation of those provisions pursuant to the provisions of NRS
18 179D.010 to 179D.550, inclusive.

19 5. As used in this section:

20 (a) "Offense that poses a threat to the safety or well-being of
21 others" includes, without limitation:

22 (1) An offense that involves:

23 (I) A victim less than 18 years of age;

24 (II) A crime against a child as defined in
25 NRS 179D.0357;

26 (III) A sexual offense as defined in NRS 179D.097;

27 (IV) A deadly weapon, explosives or a firearm;

28 (V) The use or threatened use of force or violence;

29 (VI) Physical or mental abuse;

30 (VII) Death or bodily injury;

31 (VIII) An act of domestic violence;

32 (IX) Harassment, stalking, threats of any kind or other
33 similar acts;

34 (X) The forcible or unlawful entry of a home, building,
35 structure, vehicle or other real or personal property; or

36 (XI) The infliction or threatened infliction of damage or
37 injury, in whole or in part, to real or personal property.

38 (2) Any offense listed in subparagraph (1) that is committed
39 in this State or another jurisdiction, including, without limitation, an
40 offense prosecuted in:

41 (I) A tribal court.

42 (II) A court of the United States or the Armed Forces of
43 the United States.

44 (b) "Sexual offense" means:



1 (1) A violation of NRS 200.366, subsection 4 of NRS
2 200.400, NRS 200.710, 200.720, *paragraph (b) of* subsection ~~2~~ 1
3 of NRS 200.730, paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.975,
4 NRS 201.180, 201.230, 201.450, 201.540 or 201.550 or paragraph
5 (a) or (b) of subsection 4 or paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection 5 of
6 NRS 201.560;

7 (2) An attempt to commit an offense listed in subparagraph
8 (1); or

9 (3) An act of murder in the first or second degree,
10 kidnapping in the first or second degree, false imprisonment,
11 burglary or invasion of the home if the act is determined to be
12 sexually motivated at a hearing conducted pursuant to NRS 175.547.

13 **Sec. 42.** NRS 176.211 is hereby amended to read as follows:

14 176.211 1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection,
15 upon a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere, but
16 before a judgment of guilt, the court may, without entering a
17 judgment of guilt and with the consent of the defendant, defer
18 judgment on the case to a specified future date and set forth specific
19 terms and conditions for the defendant. The duration of the deferral
20 period must not exceed the applicable period set forth in subsection
21 1 of NRS 176A.500 or the extension of the period pursuant to
22 subsection 2 of NRS 176A.500. The court may not defer judgment
23 pursuant to this subsection if the defendant has entered into a plea
24 agreement with a prosecuting attorney unless the plea agreement
25 allows the deferral.

26 2. The terms and conditions set forth for the defendant during
27 the deferral period may include, without limitation, the:

- 28 (a) Payment of restitution;
29 (b) Payment of court costs;
30 (c) Payment of an assessment in lieu of any fine authorized by
31 law for the offense;
32 (d) Payment of any other assessment or cost authorized by law;
33 (e) Completion of a term of community service;
34 (f) Placement on probation pursuant to NRS 176A.500 and the
35 ordering of any conditions which can be imposed for probation
36 pursuant to NRS 176A.400; or
37 (g) Completion of a specialty court program.

38 3. The court:

39 (a) Upon the consent of the defendant:

40 (1) Shall defer judgment for any defendant who has entered a
41 plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere to a
42 violation of paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS 453.336; or

43 (2) May defer judgment for any defendant who is placed in a
44 specialty court program. The court may extend any deferral period



1 for not more than 12 months to allow for the completion of a
2 specialty court program.

3 (b) Shall not defer judgment for any defendant who has been
4 convicted of ~~§a~~:

5 (1) A violent or sexual offense as defined in NRS 202.876
6 ~~§a~~;

7 (2) A crime against a child as defined in NRS 179D.0357
8 ~~§a~~;

9 (3) A violation of NRS 200.508 ; or ~~§a~~

10 (4) A violation of NRS 574.100 that is punishable pursuant to
11 subsection 6 of that section.

12 4. Upon violation of a term or condition:

13 (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b):

14 (1) The court may enter a judgment of conviction and
15 proceed as provided in the section pursuant to which the defendant
16 was charged.

17 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (e) of
18 subsection 2 of NRS 193.130, the court may order the defendant to
19 the custody of the Department of Corrections if the offense is
20 punishable by imprisonment in the state prison.

21 (b) If the defendant has been placed in the program for a first or
22 second violation of paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS 453.336,
23 the court may allow the defendant to continue to participate in the
24 program or terminate the participation of the defendant in the
25 program. If the court terminates the participation of the defendant in
26 the program, the court shall allow the defendant to withdraw his or
27 her plea.

28 5. Upon completion of the terms and conditions of the deferred
29 judgment, and upon a finding by the court that the terms and
30 conditions have been met, the court shall discharge the defendant
31 and dismiss the proceedings. Discharge and dismissal pursuant to
32 this section is without adjudication of guilt and is not a conviction
33 for purposes of employment, civil rights or any statute or regulation
34 or license or questionnaire or for any other public or private
35 purpose, but is a conviction for the purpose of additional penalties
36 imposed for second or subsequent convictions or the setting of bail.
37 Discharge and dismissal restores the defendant, in the contemplation
38 of the law, to the status occupied before the arrest, indictment or
39 information.

40 6. ~~The~~ *Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the*
41 court shall order sealed all documents, papers and exhibits in the
42 defendant's record, minute book entries and entries on dockets, and
43 other documents relating to the case in the custody of such other
44 agencies and officers as are named in the court's order if the
45 defendant fulfills the terms and conditions imposed by the court and



1 the Division. The court shall order those records sealed without a
2 hearing unless the Division or the prosecutor petitions the court, for
3 good cause shown, not to seal the records and requests a hearing
4 thereon.

5 7. *The provisions of subsection 6 do not apply to, and the*
6 *court may not order sealed pursuant to subsection 6, the records of*
7 *a defendant who is charged with a violation of NRS 200.508 or*
8 *200.5099 and who is discharged pursuant to this section.*

9 8. If the court orders sealed the record of a defendant
10 discharged pursuant to this section, the court shall send a copy of the
11 order to each agency or officer named in the order. Each such
12 agency or officer shall notify the court in writing of its compliance
13 with the order.

14 ~~[8.]~~ 9. As used in this section:

15 (a) "Court" means a district court of the State of Nevada.

16 (b) "Specialty court program" has the meaning ascribed to it in
17 NRS 176A.065.

18 **Sec. 43.** (Deleted by amendment.)

19 **Sec. 44.** NRS 176A.245 is hereby amended to read as follows:

20 176A.245 1. Except as otherwise provided in ~~[subsection 2,]~~
21 *this section*, after a defendant is discharged from probation or a case
22 is dismissed pursuant to NRS 176A.240, the court shall order sealed
23 all documents, papers and exhibits in the defendant's record, minute
24 book entries and entries on dockets, and other documents relating to
25 the case in the custody of such other agencies and officers as are
26 named in the court's order if the defendant fulfills the terms and
27 conditions imposed by the court and the Division. The court shall
28 order those records sealed without a hearing unless the Division
29 petitions the court, for good cause shown, not to seal the records and
30 requests a hearing thereon.

31 2. If the defendant is charged with a violation of NRS 200.485,
32 484C.110 or 484C.120 and the charges are conditionally dismissed
33 or the judgment of conviction is set aside as provided in NRS
34 176A.240, not sooner than 7 years after the charges are
35 conditionally dismissed or the judgment of conviction is set aside
36 and upon the filing of a petition by the defendant, the justice court,
37 municipal court or district court, as applicable, shall order that all
38 documents, papers and exhibits in the defendant's record, minute
39 book entries and entries on dockets, and other documents relating to
40 the case in the custody of such other agencies and officers as are
41 named in the court's order be sealed. The justice court, municipal
42 court or district court, as applicable, shall order those records sealed
43 without a hearing unless the Division petitions the court, for good
44 cause shown, not to seal the records and requests a hearing thereon.



1 3. *The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply to, and the*
2 *court may not order sealed pursuant to this section, the records of*
3 *a defendant who is charged with a violation of NRS 200.508 or*
4 *200.5099 and who is discharged from probation, whose case is*
5 *dismissed or whose judgment of conviction was set aside pursuant*
6 *to NRS 176A.240.*

7 4. If the court orders sealed the record of a defendant who is
8 discharged from probation, whose case is dismissed, whose charges
9 were conditionally dismissed or whose judgment of conviction was
10 set aside pursuant to NRS 176A.240, the court shall send a copy of
11 the order to each agency or officer named in the order. Each such
12 agency or officer shall notify the court in writing of its compliance
13 with the order.

14 **Sec. 45.** (Deleted by amendment.)

15 **Sec. 46.** NRS 176A.265 is hereby amended to read as follows:

16 176A.265 1. Except as otherwise provided in ~~[subsection 2,]~~
17 *this section*, after a defendant is discharged from probation or a case
18 is dismissed pursuant to NRS 176A.260, the district court, justice
19 court or municipal court, as applicable, shall order sealed all
20 documents, papers and exhibits in the defendant's record, minute
21 book entries and entries on dockets, and other documents relating to
22 the case in the custody of such other agencies and officers as are
23 named in the court's order if the defendant fulfills the terms and
24 conditions imposed by the court and the Division. The district court,
25 justice court or municipal court, as applicable, shall order those
26 records sealed without a hearing unless the Division petitions the
27 court, for good cause shown, not to seal the records and requests a
28 hearing thereon.

29 2. If the defendant is charged with a violation of NRS 200.485,
30 484C.110 or 484C.120 and the charges are conditionally dismissed
31 or the judgment of conviction is set aside as provided in NRS
32 176A.260, not sooner than 7 years after the charges are
33 conditionally dismissed or the judgment of conviction is set aside
34 and upon the filing of a petition by the defendant, the justice court,
35 municipal court or district court, as applicable, shall order that all
36 documents, papers and exhibits in the defendant's record, minute
37 book entries and entries on dockets, and other documents relating to
38 the case in the custody of such other agencies and officers as are
39 named in the court's order be sealed. The justice court, municipal
40 court or district court, as applicable, shall order those records sealed
41 without a hearing unless the Division petitions the court, for good
42 cause shown, not to seal the records and requests a hearing thereon.

43 3. *The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply to, and the*
44 *court may not order sealed pursuant to this section, the records of*
45 *a defendant who is charged with a violation of NRS 200.508 or*



1 **200.5099 and who is discharged from probation, whose case is**
2 **dismissed or whose judgment of conviction was set aside pursuant**
3 **to NRS 176A.260.**

4 4. If the district court, justice court or municipal court, as
5 applicable, orders sealed the record of a defendant who is
6 discharged from probation, whose case is dismissed, whose charges
7 were conditionally dismissed or whose judgment of conviction was
8 set aside pursuant to NRS 176A.260, the court shall send a copy of
9 the order to each agency or officer named in the order. Each such
10 agency or officer shall notify the district court, justice court or
11 municipal court, as applicable, in writing of its compliance with the
12 order.

13 **Sec. 47.** (Deleted by amendment.)

14 **Sec. 48.** (Deleted by amendment.)

15 **Sec. 49.** NRS 176A.295 is hereby amended to read as follows:

16 176A.295 1. Except as otherwise provided in ~~[subsection 2,]~~
17 **this section**, after a defendant is discharged from probation or a case
18 is dismissed pursuant to NRS 176A.290, the justice court, municipal
19 court or district court, as applicable, shall order sealed all
20 documents, papers and exhibits in the defendant's record, minute
21 book entries and entries on dockets, and other documents relating to
22 the case in the custody of such other agencies and officers as are
23 named in the court's order if the defendant fulfills the terms and
24 conditions imposed by the court and the Division. The justice court,
25 municipal court or district court, as applicable, shall order those
26 records sealed without a hearing unless the Division petitions the
27 court, for good cause shown, not to seal the records and requests a
28 hearing thereon.

29 2. If the defendant is charged with a violation of NRS 200.485,
30 484C.110 or 484C.120 and the charges are conditionally dismissed
31 or the judgment of conviction is set aside as provided in NRS
32 176A.290, not sooner than 7 years after the charges are
33 conditionally dismissed or the judgment of conviction is set aside
34 and upon the filing of a petition by the defendant, the justice court,
35 municipal court or district court, as applicable, shall order that all
36 documents, papers and exhibits in the defendant's record, minute
37 book entries and entries on dockets, and other documents relating to
38 the case in the custody of such other agencies and officers as are
39 named in the court's order be sealed. The justice court, municipal
40 court or district court, as applicable, shall order those records sealed
41 without a hearing unless the Division petitions the court, for good
42 cause shown, not to seal the records and requests a hearing thereon.

43 3. **The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply to, and the**
44 **court may not order sealed pursuant to this section, the records of**
45 **a defendant who is charged with a violation of NRS 200.508 or**



1 *200.5099 and who is discharged from probation, whose case is*
2 *dismissed or whose judgment of conviction was set aside pursuant*
3 *to NRS 176A.290.*

4 4. If the justice court, municipal court or district court, as
5 applicable, orders sealed the record of a defendant who is
6 discharged from probation, whose case is dismissed, whose charges
7 were conditionally dismissed or whose judgment of conviction was
8 set aside pursuant to NRS 176A.290, the court shall send a copy of
9 the order to each agency or officer named in the order. Each such
10 agency or officer shall notify the justice court, municipal court or
11 district court, as applicable, in writing of its compliance with the
12 order.

13 **Sec. 50.** NRS 176A.413 is hereby amended to read as follows:

14 176A.413 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, if
15 a defendant is convicted of stalking ~~[with the use of an Internet or~~
16 ~~network site, electronic mail, text messaging or any other similar~~
17 ~~means of communication]~~ *by electronic means* pursuant to
18 ~~[subsection 4 of]~~ NRS 200.575, an offense involving pornography and
19 a minor pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive, luring a
20 child or a person with mental illness through the use of a computer,
21 system or network pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection 4
22 of NRS 201.560 or a violation of NRS 201.553 which involved the
23 use of an electronic communication device and the court grants
24 probation or suspends the sentence, the court shall, in addition to
25 any other condition ordered pursuant to NRS 176A.400, order as a
26 condition of probation or suspension that the defendant not own or
27 use a computer, including, without limitation, use electronic mail, a
28 chat room or the Internet.

29 2. The court is not required to impose a condition of probation
30 or suspension of sentence set forth in subsection 1 if the court finds
31 that:

32 (a) The use of a computer by the defendant will assist a law
33 enforcement agency or officer in a criminal investigation;

34 (b) The defendant will use the computer to provide
35 technological training concerning technology of which the
36 defendant has a unique knowledge; or

37 (c) The use of the computer by the defendant will assist
38 companies that require the use of the specific technological
39 knowledge of the defendant that is unique and is otherwise
40 unavailable to the company.

41 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 1, if a defendant
42 is convicted of an offense that involved the use of a computer,
43 system or network and the court grants probation or suspends the
44 sentence, the court may, in addition to any other condition ordered
45 pursuant to NRS 176A.400, order as a condition of probation or



1 suspension that the defendant not own or use a computer, including,
2 without limitation, use electronic mail, a chat room or the Internet.

3 4. As used in this section:

4 (a) "Computer" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 205.4735
5 and includes, without limitation, an electronic communication
6 device.

7 (b) "Electronic communication device" has the meaning
8 ascribed to it in NRS 200.737.

9 (c) *"Electronic means" has the meaning ascribed to it in*
10 *NRS 200.575.*

11 (d) "Network" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 205.4745.

12 ~~[(d)] (e) "System" has the meaning ascribed to it in~~
13 ~~NRS 205.476.~~

14 ~~[(e) "Text messaging" has the meaning ascribed to it in~~
15 ~~NRS 200.575.]~~

16 **Sec. 51.** Chapter 178 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
17 thereto a new section to read as follows:

18 *1. If a court prohibits a person from possessing a firearm as a*
19 *condition of release pursuant to NRS 178.4851, the court shall*
20 *require the person to appear for a compliance hearing to*
21 *determine whether the person has complied with the prohibition.*

22 *2. The court shall schedule the compliance hearing not*
23 *earlier than 2 business days nor later than 5 business days after*
24 *the release of the person.*

25 *3. For the purpose of complying with a condition of release*
26 *prohibiting the person from possessing a firearm, the person and*
27 *the court may follow the procedures for:*

28 (a) *The surrender, sale or transfer of firearms described in*
29 *NRS 202.361; and*

30 (b) *The cancellation of a compliance hearing described in*
31 *section 4 of this act.*

32 **Sec. 52.** NRS 178.483 is hereby amended to read as follows:

33 178.483 As used in NRS 178.483 to 178.548, inclusive, *and*
34 *section 51 of this act*, unless the context otherwise requires,
35 "electronic transmission," "electronically transmit" or
36 "electronically transmitted" means any form or process of
37 communication not directly involving the physical transfer of paper
38 or another tangible medium which:

39 1. Is suitable for the retention, retrieval and reproduction of
40 information by the recipient; and

41 2. Is retrievable and reproducible in paper form by the recipient
42 through an automated process used in conventional commercial
43 practice.

44 **Sec. 53.** (Deleted by amendment.)

45 **Sec. 54.** (Deleted by amendment.)



Sec. 55. NRS 178.522 is hereby amended to read as follows:

178.522 1. When the condition of the bond has been satisfied or the forfeiture thereof has been set aside or remitted, the court shall exonerate the obligors and release any bail. The court shall exonerate the obligors and release any bail at the time of sentencing the defendant ~~[, if the court has not previously done so]~~ unless the money deposited ~~[by the defendant]~~ as bail must be applied ~~[to satisfy a judgment]~~ pursuant to NRS 178.528.

2. A surety may be exonerated by a deposit of cash in the amount of the bond or by a timely surrender of the defendant into custody.

Sec. 56. NRS 178.528 is hereby amended to read as follows:

178.528 1. When money has been deposited ~~[,]~~ *as bail by a person other than a surety*, if it remains on deposit at the time of ~~[a judgment for the payment of a fine,]~~ *sentencing*, the court, or the clerk under the direction of the court, *upon the provision of notice to and the agreement of the person who deposited the bail*, shall apply the money in satisfaction ~~[thereof,]~~ *of any restitution.* ~~[and]~~

2. *If a distribution is not made pursuant to subsection 1, or after satisfying the restitution pursuant to subsection 1 there is a surplus remaining, as applicable, the court, or the clerk under the direction of the court, shall apply the money to any* fine and costs .

3. *If there is any surplus remaining after the distributions are made pursuant subsections 1 and 2, as applicable, the court, or the clerk under the direction of the court,* shall refund the surplus ~~[, if any,]~~ to the person who deposited the bail, unless that person has directed, in writing, that any surplus be refunded to another.

Sec. 57. (Deleted by amendment.)

Sec. 58. NRS 178.760 is hereby amended to read as follows:

178.760 Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

1. A district attorney, assistant district attorney ~~[,]~~ *or a designated city attorney may:*

(a) *If the attorney is a* deputy district attorney or other attorney employed by a district attorney ~~[may:~~

~~—(a) Be]~~ *be* deputized to prosecute a person in a county other than the county by which the attorney is employed for the limited purpose of serving as the prosecuting attorney in a pretrial release hearing required by NRS 178.4849. An assistant district attorney, deputy district attorney or other attorney employed by a district attorney must receive the approval of the district attorney of the county in which the attorney is employed before serving as the prosecuting attorney in a pretrial release hearing in a county other than the county by which the attorney is employed.

(b) *If the attorney is a designated city attorney, be deputized to prosecute a person in the county which encompasses the city that*



1 *employs the city attorney for the limited purpose of serving as the*
2 *prosecuting attorney in a pretrial release hearing required by*
3 *NRS 178.4849.*

4 (c) Receive a stipend for being available on a weekend or
5 holiday to serve as the prosecuting attorney in a pretrial release
6 hearing required by NRS 178.4849 or for serving as the prosecuting
7 attorney in any such pretrial release hearing conducted on a
8 weekend or holiday.

9 2. A public defender and the State Public Defender may,
10 pursuant to an interlocal agreement, authorize the public defender,
11 State Public Defender or any other attorney employed by the public
12 defender or State Public Defender to provide for the representation
13 of a defendant in a pretrial release hearing required by NRS
14 178.4849 in any county.

15 3. A public defender, the State Public Defender or any other
16 attorney employed by the public defender or State Public Defender
17 may receive a stipend for being available on a weekend or holiday
18 to represent a defendant in a pretrial release hearing required by
19 NRS 178.4849 or for representing a defendant in any such pretrial
20 release hearing conducted on a weekend ~~H~~ or holiday.

21 4. *As used in this section, "designated city attorney" means a*
22 *city attorney in a county in this State whose population is less than*
23 *100,000.*

24 **Sec. 59.** (Deleted by amendment.)

25 **Sec. 60.** (Deleted by amendment.)

26 **Sec. 60.1.** (Deleted by amendment.)

27 **Sec. 60.2.** (Deleted by amendment.)

28 **Sec. 60.3.** (Deleted by amendment.)

29 **Sec. 60.4.** (Deleted by amendment.)

30 **Sec. 60.5.** (Deleted by amendment.)

31 **Sec. 60.6.** Chapter 209 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
32 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 60.7 and 60.8 of this act.

33 **Sec. 60.7.** *"Alternative correctional program" means the*
34 *program for reentry of offenders into the community that is*
35 *established by the Director pursuant to section 60.8 of this act.*

36 **Sec. 60.8. 1.** *The Director may establish an alternative*
37 *correctional program for reentry of offenders into the community*
38 *pursuant to this section.*

39 2. *If the Director establishes an alternative correctional*
40 *program pursuant to this section, the Director may:*

41 (a) *Assign offenders whom:*

42 (1) *The Director has requested that the Chair of the State*
43 *Board of Parole Commissioners assign to the custody of the*
44 *Division to participate in a correctional program pursuant to*
45 *subsection 3 of NRS 209.4888; and*



1 (2) *The Chair does not assign to the custody of the Division*
2 *to participate in a correctional program pursuant to subsection 3*
3 *of NRS 209.4888; and*

4 (b) *Supervise offenders participating in the alternative*
5 *correctional program.*

6 **Sec. 61.** NRS 209.4247 is hereby amended to read as follows:

7 209.4247 1. To the extent that money is available ~~[3]~~ *and*
8 *subject to subsection 2*, the Director shall, with the approval of the
9 Board, establish a program of treatment for offenders with a
10 substance use disorder using medication-assisted treatment.

11 2. *If the program established pursuant to subsection 1 relates*
12 *to opioid use disorder, the Director shall collaborate with the*
13 *Department of Health and Human Services to establish the*
14 *program.*

15 3. The program established pursuant to subsection 1 must:

16 (a) Provide each eligible offender who participates in the
17 program with appropriate medication-assisted treatment for the
18 period in which the offender is incarcerated; and

19 (b) Require that all decisions regarding the type, dosage or
20 duration of any medication administered to an eligible offender as
21 part of his or her medication-assisted treatment be made by a
22 treating physician and the eligible offender.

23 ~~[3-]~~ 4. Except as otherwise provided in this section, any
24 offender who the Director has determined has a substance use
25 disorder for which a medication-assisted treatment exists and who
26 meets any reasonable conditions imposed by the Director pursuant
27 to subsection ~~[4]~~ 5 is eligible to participate in the program
28 established pursuant to subsection 1 and must be offered the
29 opportunity to participate. If an offender received medication-
30 assisted treatment immediately preceding his or her incarceration,
31 the offender is eligible to continue that medication-assisted
32 treatment as a participant in the program. Participation in the
33 program must be voluntary.

34 ~~[4]~~ 5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the
35 Director may impose reasonable conditions for an offender to be
36 eligible to participate in the program established pursuant to
37 subsection 1 and to continue his or her participation in the program.
38 The Director shall not deny an offender the ability to participate in
39 the program or terminate the participation of an offender in the
40 program on the basis that:

41 (a) The results of a screening test administered to the offender
42 upon the commencement of his or her incarceration or upon the
43 commencement of his or her participation in the program indicated
44 the presence of a controlled substance; or



1 (b) The offender committed an infraction of the rules of the
2 institution or facility before or during the participation of the
3 offender in the program.

4 ~~5.1~~ 6. An offender who participates in the program established
5 pursuant to subsection 1 is not subject to discipline on the basis that
6 the results of a screening test administered to the offender during his
7 or her participation in the program indicated the presence of a
8 controlled substance.

9 ~~6.1~~ 7. As used in this section:

10 (a) "Medication-assisted treatment" means treatment for a
11 substance use disorder using medication approved by the United
12 States Food and Drug Administration for that purpose.

13 (b) "Substance use disorder" means a cluster of cognitive,
14 behavioral and psychological symptoms indicating that a person
15 continues using a substance despite significant substance-related
16 problems.

17 **Sec. 61.3.** NRS 209.4871 is hereby amended to read as
18 follows:

19 209.4871 As used in NRS 209.4871 to 209.4889, inclusive,
20 *and sections 60.7 and 60.8 of this act*, unless the context otherwise
21 requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 209.4873 to 209.488,
22 inclusive, *and section 60.7 of this act* have the meanings ascribed to
23 them in those sections.

24 **Sec. 61.7.** NRS 209.4889 is hereby amended to read as
25 follows:

26 209.4889 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 208.280,
27 the Director may enter into one or more contracts with one or more
28 public or private entities to provide any of the following services, as
29 necessary and appropriate, to offenders or parolees participating in a
30 correctional *program, alternative correctional program* or judicial
31 program:

32 (a) Transitional housing;

33 (b) Treatment pertaining to a substance use disorder or mental
34 health;

35 (c) Training in life skills;

36 (d) Vocational rehabilitation and job skills training; and

37 (e) Any other services required by offenders or parolees who are
38 participating in a correctional *program, alternative correctional*
39 *program* or judicial program.

40 2. The Director may consult with the Division before entering
41 into a contract with a public or private entity pursuant to
42 subsection 1.

43 3. The Director shall, as necessary and appropriate, provide
44 referrals and information regarding:

45 (a) Any of the services provided pursuant to subsection 1;



- 1 (b) Access and availability of any appropriate self-help groups;
- 2 (c) Social services for families and children; and
- 3 (d) Permanent housing.

4 4. The Director may apply for and accept any gift, donation,
5 bequest, grant or other source of money to carry out the provisions
6 of this section. Money received pursuant to this subsection may be
7 deposited with the State Treasurer for credit to the Account for
8 Reentry Programs in the State General Fund created by
9 NRS 480.810.

10 5. A contract entered into between the Director and a public or
11 private entity pursuant to subsection 1 must require the entity to:

12 (a) Provide a budget concerning all services the entity will
13 provide during the duration of any grant received.

14 (b) Provide all services required by any grant received.

15 (c) Provide to the Department for its approval a curriculum for
16 any program of services the entity will provide.

17 (d) Provide to the Division, if appropriate, a list of the parolees
18 who have completed or are currently participating in a program of
19 services provided by the entity pursuant to any grant received.

20 (e) Provide to any offender or parolee who completes a program
21 of services provided by the entity a certificate of completion, and
22 provide a copy of such a certificate to the Division or the
23 Department, as appropriate.

24 (f) To the extent financially practicable and necessary, assess the
25 risk levels and needs of offenders and parolees by using a validated
26 assessment tool.

27 (g) Share with the Director information concerning assessments
28 of the risk levels and needs of offenders and parolees so the Director
29 can ensure that adequate assessments are being conducted.

30 (h) While the entity is providing services pursuant to the
31 contract, meet annually with the Director, a representative of the
32 Division, and other entities that have entered into a contract with
33 the Director pursuant to subsection 1 to discuss, without limitation:

34 (1) The services provided by the entities, including the
35 growth and success of the services, any problems with the services
36 and any potential solutions to such problems;

37 (2) Issues relating to the reentry of offenders and parolees
38 into the community and reducing the risk of recidivism; and

39 (3) Issues relating to offenders and parolees who receive
40 services from an entity and are subsequently convicted of another
41 crime.

42 6. As used in this section, "training in life skills" includes,
43 without limitation, training in the areas of:

44 (a) Parenting;

45 (b) Improving human relationships;



- (c) Preventing domestic violence;
- (d) Maintaining emotional and physical health;
- (e) Preventing alcohol and other substance use disorders;
- (f) Preparing for and obtaining employment; and
- (g) Budgeting, consumerism and personal finances.

Sec. 62. NRS 211.400 is hereby amended to read as follows:

211.400 1. To the extent that money is available, a sheriff, chief of police or town marshal who is responsible for a county, city or town jail or detention facility shall establish a program to provide for the treatment of prisoners with a substance use disorder using medication-assisted treatment.

2. *If the program established pursuant to subsection 1 relates to opioid use disorder, the sheriff, chief of police or town marshal shall collaborate with the Department of Health and Human Services to establish the program.*

3. The program established pursuant to subsection 1 must:

(a) Provide each eligible prisoner who participates in the program with appropriate medication-assisted treatment for the period in which the prisoner is incarcerated; and

(b) Require that all decisions regarding the type, dosage or duration of any medication administered to an eligible prisoner as part of his or her medication-assisted treatment be made by a treating physician and the eligible prisoner.

~~[3.]~~ 4. Except as otherwise provided in this section, any prisoner who the sheriff, chief of police or town marshal has determined has a substance use disorder for which a medication-assisted treatment exists and who meets any reasonable conditions imposed by the sheriff, chief of police or town marshal pursuant to subsection ~~[4]~~ 5 is eligible to participate in the program established pursuant to subsection 1 and must be offered the opportunity to participate. If a prisoner received medication-assisted treatment immediately preceding his or her incarceration, the prisoner is eligible to continue that medication-assisted treatment as a participant in the program. Participation in the program must be voluntary.

~~[4.]~~ 5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the sheriff, chief of police or town marshal may impose reasonable conditions for a prisoner to be eligible to participate in the program established pursuant to subsection 1 and to continue his or her participation in the program. The sheriff, chief of police or town marshal shall not deny a prisoner the ability to participate in the program or terminate the participation of a prisoner in the program on the basis that:

(a) The results of a screening test administered to the prisoner upon the commencement of his or her incarceration or upon the



1 commencement of his or her participation in the program indicated
2 the presence of a controlled substance; or

3 (b) The prisoner committed an infraction of the rules of the
4 county, city or town jail or detention facility before or during the
5 participation of the prisoner in the program.

6 ~~[5.]~~ 6. A prisoner who participates in the program established
7 pursuant to subsection 1 is not subject to discipline on the basis that
8 the results of a screening test administered to the prisoner during his
9 or her participation in the program indicated the presence of a
10 controlled substance.

11 ~~[6.]~~ 7. As used in this section, "medication-assisted treatment"
12 means treatment for a substance use disorder using medication
13 approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for
14 that purpose.

15 **Sec. 63.** NRS 213.1258 is hereby amended to read as follows:

16 213.1258 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, if
17 the Board releases on parole a prisoner convicted of stalking ~~[with~~
18 ~~the use of an Internet or network site, electronic mail, text~~
19 ~~messaging or any other similar means of communication]~~ *by*
20 *electronic means* pursuant to ~~[subsection 4 of]~~ NRS 200.575, an
21 offense involving pornography and a minor pursuant to NRS
22 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive, luring a child or a person with mental
23 illness through the use of a computer, system or network pursuant to
24 paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection 4 of NRS 201.560 or a violation
25 of NRS 201.553 which involved the use of an electronic
26 communication device, the Board shall, in addition to any other
27 condition of parole, require as a condition of parole that the parolee
28 not own or use a computer, including, without limitation, use
29 electronic mail, a chat room or the Internet.

30 2. The Board is not required to impose a condition of parole set
31 forth in subsection 1 if the Board finds that:

32 (a) The use of a computer by the parolee will assist a law
33 enforcement agency or officer in a criminal investigation;

34 (b) The parolee will use the computer to provide technological
35 training concerning technology of which the defendant has a unique
36 knowledge; or

37 (c) The use of the computer by the parolee will assist companies
38 that require the use of the specific technological knowledge of the
39 parolee that is unique and is otherwise unavailable to the company.

40 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 1, if the Board
41 releases on parole a prisoner convicted of an offense that involved
42 the use of a computer, system or network, the Board may, in
43 addition to any other condition of parole, require as a condition of
44 parole that the parolee not own or use a computer, including,
45 without limitation, use electronic mail, a chat room or the Internet.



1 4. As used in this section:

2 (a) "Computer" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 205.4735
3 and includes, without limitation, an electronic communication
4 device.

5 (b) "Electronic communication device" has the meaning
6 ascribed to it in NRS 200.737.

7 (c) *"Electronic means" has the meaning ascribed to it in*
8 *NRS 200.575.*

9 (d) "Network" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 205.4745.

10 ~~[(d)]~~ (e) "System" has the meaning ascribed to it in
11 NRS 205.476.

12 ~~[(e) "Text messaging" has the meaning ascribed to it in~~
13 ~~NRS 200.575.]~~

14 **Sec. 64.** (Deleted by amendment.)

15 **Sec. 65.** (Deleted by amendment.)

16 **Sec. 65.5.** Chapter 244 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
17 thereto a new section to read as follows:

18 *1. In a county whose population is 700,000 or more, the*
19 *board of county commissioners shall adopt an ordinance that*
20 *designates the geographic boundaries of one or more corridors in*
21 *which the commission of crime poses a significant risk to public*
22 *safety and the economic welfare of this State due to the high*
23 *concentration of tourists, visitors, employees and other persons in*
24 *such corridors.*

25 *2. The boundaries of a corridor established pursuant to*
26 *subsection 1:*

27 (a) *May be contiguous or noncontiguous.*

28 (b) *Must be displayed on a map in a manner capable of being*
29 *understood by a person of ordinary intelligence and posted on the*
30 *Internet website of the county in which the corridor is established.*

31 *3. In a county that establishes a corridor pursuant to*
32 *subsection 1:*

33 (a) *Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), a person*
34 *who is charged with, convicted of or the subject of deferred*
35 *adjudication for any offense punishable as a misdemeanor:*

36 (1) *For a first offense within the corridor within 2 years,*
37 *may, as a condition of release, sentencing, suspension of sentence*
38 *or deferred adjudication, as applicable, be prohibited from*
39 *entering the corridor in which the offense occurred for a period*
40 *not to exceed 1 year.*

41 (2) *For a second or subsequent offense within the corridor,*
42 *within two years, shall as a condition of release, sentencing,*
43 *suspension of sentence or deferred adjudication, as applicable, be*
44 *prohibited from entering the corridor in which the offense*
45 *occurred for a period of not less than 1 year.*



1 *(b) The board of county commissioners may provide by*
2 *ordinance for any condition or exemption under which a person*
3 *who is charged with, convicted of or the subject of adjudication for*
4 *any offense punishable as a misdemeanor may enter the corridor*
5 *in which the offense occurred.*

6 **Sec. 66.** Chapter 433 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
7 thereto a new section to read as follows:

8 *The Department shall make available on an Internet website*
9 *maintained by the Department information relating to peer*
10 *recovery support services.*

11 **Sec. 67.** (Deleted by amendment.)

12 **Sec. 68.** NRS 433.622 is hereby amended to read as follows:

13 433.622 As used in NRS 433.622 to 433.641, inclusive, *and*
14 *section 66 of this act*, unless the context otherwise requires, the
15 words and terms defined in NRS 433.623 to 433.629, inclusive,
16 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

17 **Sec. 69.** NRS 433.730 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18 433.730 1. On or before June 30 of each even-numbered
19 year, the Advisory Committee shall submit to the Director of the
20 Department a report of recommendations concerning:

21 (a) The statewide needs assessment conducted pursuant to
22 paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 433.734, including, without
23 limitation, the establishment of priorities pursuant to paragraph ~~(e)~~
24 *(f)* of subsection 1 of NRS 433.736; and

25 (b) The statewide plan to allocate money from the Fund
26 developed pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of
27 NRS 433.734.

28 2. When developing recommendations to be included in the
29 report pursuant to subsection 1, the Advisory Committee shall
30 consider:

31 (a) Health equity and identifying relevant disparities among
32 racial and ethnic populations, geographic regions and special
33 populations in this State; and

34 (b) The need to prevent overdoses, address disparities in access
35 to health care and prevent substance use among youth.

36 3. When developing recommendations concerning the
37 establishment of priorities pursuant to paragraph ~~(e)~~ *(f)* of
38 subsection 1 of NRS 433.736, the Advisory Committee shall use an
39 objective method to define the potential positive and negative
40 impacts of a priority on the health of the affected communities with
41 an emphasis on disproportionate impacts to any population targeted
42 by the priority.

43 4. Before finalizing a report of recommendations pursuant to
44 subsection 1, the Advisory Committee must hold at least one public
45 meeting to solicit comments from the public concerning the



1 recommendations and make any revisions to the recommendations
2 determined, as a result of the public comment received, to be
3 necessary.

4 **Sec. 70.** NRS 433.736 is hereby amended to read as follows:

5 433.736 1. A statewide needs assessment conducted by the
6 Department, in consultation with the Office, pursuant to paragraph
7 (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 433.734 must:

8 (a) Be evidence-based and use information from damages
9 reports created by experts as part of the litigation described in
10 subsection 1 of NRS 433.732.

11 (b) Include an analysis of the impacts of opioid use and opioid
12 use disorder on this State that uses quantitative and qualitative data
13 concerning this State and the regions, counties and Native American
14 tribes in this State to determine the risk factors that contribute to
15 opioid use, the use of substances and the rates of opioid use
16 disorder, other substance use disorders and co-occurring disorders
17 among residents of this State.

18 (c) Focus on health equity and identifying disparities across all
19 racial and ethnic populations, geographic regions and special
20 populations in this State.

21 (d) Take into account the resources of state, regional, local and
22 tribal agencies and nonprofit organizations, including, without
23 limitation, any money recovered or anticipated to be recovered by
24 county, local or tribal governmental agencies through judgments or
25 settlements resulting from litigation concerning the manufacture,
26 distribution, sale or marketing of opioids, and the programs
27 currently existing in each geographic region of this State to address
28 opioid use disorder and other substance use disorders.

29 (e) *Identify educational resources for governmental agencies*
30 *involved in law enforcement or criminal justice for training*
31 *related to trauma-informed practices for persons with opioid use*
32 *disorder and medication-assisted treatment for persons with opioid*
33 *use disorder.*

34 (f) Based on the information and analyses described in
35 paragraphs (a) to ~~(d)~~ (e), inclusive, establish priorities for the use
36 of the funds described in subsection 1 of NRS 433.732. Such
37 priorities must include, without limitation, priorities related to the
38 *training described in paragraph (e) and* prevention of overdoses,
39 addressing disparities in access to health care and the prevention of
40 substance use among youth.

41 2. When conducting a needs assessment, the Department, in
42 consultation with the Office, shall:

43 (a) Use community-based participatory research methods or
44 similar methods to conduct outreach to groups impacted by the use



1 of opioids, opioid use disorder and other substance use disorders,
2 including, without limitation:

3 (1) Persons and families impacted by the use of opioids and
4 other substances;

5 (2) Providers of treatment for opioid use disorder and other
6 substance use disorders;

7 (3) Substance use disorder prevention coalitions;

8 (4) Communities of persons in recovery from opioid use
9 disorder and other substance use disorders;

10 (5) Providers of services to reduce the harms caused by
11 opioid use disorder and other substance use disorders;

12 (6) Persons involved in the child welfare system;

13 (7) Providers of social services;

14 (8) Faith-based organizations;

15 (9) Providers of health care and entities that provide health
16 care services; and

17 (10) Members of diverse communities disproportionately
18 impacted by opioid use and opioid use disorder; and

19 (b) Conduct outreach to governmental agencies who interact
20 with persons or groups impacted by the use of opioids, opioid use
21 disorder and other substance use disorders, including, without
22 limitation:

23 (1) The Office of the Attorney General, the Department of
24 Public Safety, the Department of Corrections, courts, juvenile
25 justice agencies and other governmental agencies involved in law
26 enforcement or criminal justice;

27 (2) Agencies which provide child welfare services and other
28 governmental agencies involved in the child welfare system; and

29 (3) Public health agencies.

30 **3. As used in this section, "medication-assisted treatment"**
31 **has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 639.28079.**

32 **Sec. 71.** (Deleted by amendment.)

33 **Sec. 72.** (Deleted by amendment.)

34 **Sec. 73.** (Deleted by amendment.)

35 **Sec. 74.** (Deleted by amendment.)

36 **Sec. 75.** (Deleted by amendment.)

37 **Sec. 76.** (Deleted by amendment.)

38 **Sec. 76.5.** NRS 483.490 is hereby amended to read as follows:
39 483.490 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, after
40 a driver's license has been suspended or revoked and one-half of the
41 period during which the driver is not eligible for a license has
42 expired, the Department may, unless the statute authorizing the
43 suspension or revocation prohibits the issuance of a restricted
44 license, issue a restricted driver's license to an applicant permitting
45 the applicant to drive a motor vehicle:



1 (a) To and from work or in the course of his or her work, or
2 both; or

3 (b) To acquire supplies of medicine or food or receive regularly
4 scheduled medical care for himself, herself or a member of his or
5 her immediate family.

6 ↪ Before a restricted license may be issued, the applicant must
7 submit sufficient documentary evidence to satisfy the Department
8 that a severe hardship exists because the applicant has no alternative
9 means of transportation and that the severe hardship outweighs the
10 risk to the public if the applicant is issued a restricted license.

11 2. If the driver's license of a person assigned to a program
12 established pursuant to NRS 484C.392 is suspended or revoked, the
13 Department may issue a restricted driver's license to an applicant
14 that is valid while he or she is participating in and complying with
15 the requirements of the program and that permits the applicant to
16 drive a motor vehicle:

17 (a) To and from a testing location established by a designated
18 law enforcement agency pursuant to NRS 484C.393;

19 (b) If applicable, to and from work or in the course of his or her
20 work, or both;

21 (c) To and from court appearances;

22 (d) To and from counseling; or

23 (e) To receive regularly scheduled medical care for himself or
24 herself.

25 3. Except as otherwise provided in NRS **62E.430**, **62E.440**,
26 **62E.630** **§** **and 62E.690**, after a driver's license has been revoked
27 or suspended pursuant to title 5 of NRS or NRS 392.148, the
28 Department may issue a restricted driver's license to an applicant
29 permitting the applicant to drive a motor vehicle:

30 (a) If applicable, to and from work or in the course of his or her
31 work, or both; or

32 (b) If applicable, to and from school.

33 4. After a driver's license has been suspended pursuant to NRS
34 483.443, the Department may issue a restricted driver's license to an
35 applicant permitting the applicant to drive a motor vehicle:

36 (a) If applicable, to and from work or in the course of his or her
37 work, or both;

38 (b) To receive regularly scheduled medical care for himself,
39 herself or a member of his or her immediate family; or

40 (c) If applicable, as necessary to exercise a court-ordered right to
41 visit a child.

42 5. A driver who violates a condition of a restricted license
43 issued pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 is guilty of a misdemeanor and,
44 if the license of the driver was suspended or revoked for:

45 (a) A violation of NRS 484C.110, 484C.210 or 484C.430;



1 (b) A homicide resulting from driving or being in actual
2 physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of
3 intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance or resulting from any
4 other conduct prohibited by NRS 484C.110, 484C.130 or 484C.430;
5 or

6 (c) A violation of a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits
7 the same or similar conduct as set forth in paragraph (a) or (b),
8 ➤ the driver shall be punished in the manner provided pursuant to
9 subsection 2 of NRS 483.560.

10 6. The periods of suspensions and revocations required
11 pursuant to this chapter and NRS 484C.210 must run consecutively,
12 except as otherwise provided in NRS 483.465 and 483.475, when
13 the suspensions must run concurrently.

14 7. Whenever the Department suspends or revokes a license, the
15 period of suspension, or of ineligibility for a license after the
16 revocation, begins upon the effective date of the revocation or
17 suspension as contained in the notice thereof.

18 8. Any person for whom a court provides an exception relating
19 to the installation of an ignition interlock device pursuant to
20 subsection 4 of NRS 484C.210 or subsection 2 of NRS 484C.460 is
21 eligible for a restricted driver's license under this section while the
22 person is participating in and complying with the requirements of a
23 program established pursuant to NRS 484C.392.

24 9. If the Department receives a copy of an order requiring a
25 person to install an ignition interlock device in a motor vehicle
26 pursuant to NRS 484C.460, the Department shall issue an ignition
27 interlock privilege to the person after he or she submits proof of
28 compliance with the order. A person who is required to install an
29 ignition interlock device pursuant to NRS 484C.210 or 484C.460
30 shall install the device not later than 14 days after the date on which
31 the order was issued. A driver who violates any condition of an
32 ignition interlock privilege issued pursuant to this subsection is
33 guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished in the same manner
34 provided in subsection 2 of NRS 483.560 for driving a vehicle while
35 a driver's license is cancelled, revoked or suspended.

36 **Sec. 77.** NRS 484C.110 is hereby amended to read as follows:

37 484C.110 1. It is unlawful for any person who:

38 (a) Is under the influence of intoxicating liquor;

39 (b) Has a concentration of alcohol of 0.08 or more in his or her
40 blood or breath; or

41 (c) Is found by measurement within 2 hours after driving or
42 being in actual physical control of a vehicle to have a concentration
43 of alcohol of 0.08 or more in his or her blood or breath,

44 ➤ to drive or be in actual physical control of a vehicle on a highway
45 or on premises to which the public has access.



1 2. It is unlawful for any person who:
2 (a) Is under the influence of a controlled substance;
3 (b) Is under the combined influence of intoxicating liquor and a
4 controlled substance; or

5 (c) Inhales, ingests, applies or otherwise uses any chemical,
6 poison or organic solvent, or any compound or combination of any
7 of these, to a degree which renders the person incapable of safely
8 driving or exercising actual physical control of a vehicle,

9 ➔ to drive or be in actual physical control of a vehicle on a highway
10 or on premises to which the public has access. The fact that any
11 person charged with a violation of this subsection is or has been
12 entitled to use that drug under the laws of this State is not a defense
13 against any charge of violating this subsection.

14 3. It is unlawful for any person to drive or be in actual physical
15 control of a vehicle on a highway or on premises to which the public
16 has access with an amount of any of the following prohibited
17 substances in his or her blood or urine that is equal to or greater
18 than:

19
20

	Urine	Blood
	Nanograms	
Prohibited substance	per milliliter	per milliliter
(a) Amphetamine	500	100
(b) Cocaine	150	50
(c) Cocaine metabolite	150	50
(d) Heroin	2,000	50
(e) Heroin metabolite:		
(1) Morphine	2,000	50
(2) 6-monoacetyl morphine	10	10
(f) Lysergic acid diethylamide	25	10
(g) Methamphetamine	500	100
(h) Phencyclidine	25	10

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35 4. For any violation that is punishable pursuant to paragraph
36 (c) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400, **NRS 484C.410, 484C.430 or**
37 **484C.440**, it is unlawful for any person to drive or be in actual
38 physical control of a vehicle on a highway or on premises to which
39 the public has access with an amount of any of the following
40 prohibited substances in his or her blood that is equal to or greater
41 than:



1		Blood
2		Nanograms
3	Prohibited substance	per milliliter
4		
5	(a) Marijuana (delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol)	2
6	(b) Marijuana metabolite (11-OH-tetrahydrocannabinol)	5

7
8 5. If consumption is proven by a preponderance of the
9 evidence, it is an affirmative defense under paragraph (c) of
10 subsection 1 that the defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of
11 alcohol after driving or being in actual physical control of the
12 vehicle, and before his or her blood or breath was tested, to cause
13 the defendant to have a concentration of alcohol of 0.08 or more in
14 his or her blood or breath. A defendant who intends to offer this
15 defense at a trial or preliminary hearing must, not less than 14 days
16 before the trial or hearing or at such other time as the court may
17 direct, file and serve on the prosecuting attorney a written notice of
18 that intent.

19 6. A person who violates any provision of this section may be
20 subject to any additional penalty set forth in NRS 484B.130 or
21 484B.135.

22 **Sec. 78.** (Deleted by amendment.)

23 **Sec. 79.** (Deleted by amendment.)

24 **Sec. 80.** NRS 484C.430 is hereby amended to read as follows:
25 484C.430 1. ~~Unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to~~
26 ~~NRS 484C.440, a~~ A person who:

27 (a) Is under the influence of intoxicating liquor;
28 (b) Has a concentration of alcohol of 0.08 or more in his or her
29 blood or breath;

30 (c) Is found by measurement within 2 hours after driving or
31 being in actual physical control of a vehicle to have a concentration
32 of alcohol of 0.08 or more in his or her blood or breath;

33 (d) Is under the influence of a controlled substance or is under
34 the combined influence of intoxicating liquor and a controlled
35 substance;

36 (e) Inhales, ingests, applies or otherwise uses any chemical,
37 poison or organic solvent, or any compound or combination of any
38 of these, to a degree which renders the person incapable of safely
39 driving or exercising actual physical control of a vehicle; or

40 (f) Has a prohibited substance in his or her blood or urine, as
41 applicable, in an amount that is equal to or greater than the amount
42 set forth in subsection 3 or 4 of NRS 484C.110,

43 ➤ and does any act or neglects any duty imposed by law while
44 driving or in actual physical control of any vehicle on or off the
45 highways of this State, if the act or neglect of duty proximately



1 causes the death of, or substantial bodily harm to, another person,
2 *shall be punished as provided in subsection 2.*

3 *2. Unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to NRS*
4 *484C.440, a person who violates any provision of subsection 1 is*
5 *guilty of :*

6 *(a) If the violation proximately causes the death of another*
7 *person and the person who committed the violation:*

8 *(1) Has not previously been convicted of any offense, a*
9 *category B felony and shall be punished by a term of*
10 *imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less*
11 *than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than 25 years and*
12 *must be further punished by a fine of not less than \$2,000 nor*
13 *more than \$5,000.*

14 *(2) Has previously been convicted of one or two offenses, a*
15 *category B felony and shall be punished by a term of*
16 *imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less*
17 *than 5 years and a maximum term of not more than 25 years and*
18 *must be further punished by a fine of not less than \$2,000 nor*
19 *more than \$5,000.*

20 *(b) If the violation proximately causes substantial bodily harm*
21 *to another person,* a category B felony and shall be punished by
22 imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less
23 than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than 20 years and
24 must be further punished by a fine of not less than \$2,000 nor more
25 than \$5,000.

26 *3. A person ~~is~~ imprisoned pursuant to subsection 2 must,*
27 insofar as practicable, be segregated from offenders whose crimes
28 were violent and, insofar as practicable, be assigned to an institution
29 or facility of minimum security.

30 ~~2.~~ *4. A prosecuting attorney shall not dismiss a charge of*
31 *violating the provisions of subsection 1 in exchange for a plea of*
32 *guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere to a lesser charge or*
33 *for any other reason unless the attorney knows or it is obvious that*
34 *the charge is not supported by probable cause or cannot be proved at*
35 *the time of trial. A sentence imposed pursuant to subsection ~~4~~ 2*
36 *may not be suspended nor may probation be granted.*

37 ~~3.~~ *5. Except as otherwise provided in subsection ~~4~~ 6, if*
38 *consumption is proven by a preponderance of the evidence, it is an*
39 *affirmative defense under paragraph (c) of subsection 1 that the*
40 *defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of alcohol after driving or*
41 *being in actual physical control of the vehicle, and before his or her*
42 *blood or breath was tested, to cause the defendant to have a*
43 *concentration of alcohol of 0.08 or more in his or her blood or*
44 *breath. A defendant who intends to offer this defense at a trial*
45 *or preliminary hearing must, not less than 14 days before the trial or*



1 hearing or at such other time as the court may direct, file and serve
2 on the prosecuting attorney a written notice of that intent.

3 ~~[4.]~~ 6. If the defendant is also charged with violating the
4 provisions of NRS 484E.010, 484E.020 or 484E.030, the defendant
5 may not offer the affirmative defense set forth in subsection ~~[3.]~~ 5.

6 ~~[5.]~~ 7. If the defendant was transporting a person who is less
7 than 15 years of age in the motor vehicle at the time of the violation,
8 the court shall consider that fact as an aggravating factor in
9 determining the sentence of the defendant.

10 8. *As used in this section, "offense" means:*

11 (a) *A violation of this section;*

12 (b) *A violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120;*

13 (c) *A homicide resulting from driving or being in actual*
14 *physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of*
15 *intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance or resulting from any*
16 *other conduct prohibited by this section or NRS 484C.110 or*
17 *484C.130; or*

18 (d) *A violation of a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits*
19 *the same or similar conduct as set forth in paragraph (a), (b)*
20 *or (c).*

21 **Sec. 81.** NRS 488.410 is hereby amended to read as follows:

22 488.410 1. It is unlawful for any person who:

23 (a) Is under the influence of intoxicating liquor;

24 (b) Has a concentration of alcohol of 0.08 or more in his or her
25 blood or breath; or

26 (c) Is found by measurement within 2 hours after operating or
27 being in actual physical control of a power-driven vessel or sailing
28 vessel under way to have a concentration of alcohol of 0.08 or more
29 in his or her blood or breath,

30 ➔ to operate or be in actual physical control of a power-driven
31 vessel or sailing vessel under way on the waters of this State.

32 2. It is unlawful for any person who:

33 (a) Is under the influence of a controlled substance;

34 (b) Is under the combined influence of intoxicating liquor and a
35 controlled substance; or

36 (c) Inhales, ingests, applies or otherwise uses any chemical,
37 poison or organic solvent, or any compound or combination of any
38 of these, to a degree which renders the person incapable of safely
39 operating or exercising actual physical control of a power-driven
40 vessel or sailing vessel under way,

41 ➔ to operate or be in actual physical control of a power-driven
42 vessel or sailing vessel under way on the waters of this State.

43 3. It is unlawful for any person to operate or be in actual
44 physical control of a power-driven vessel or sailing vessel under
45 way on the waters of this State with an amount of any of the



1 following prohibited substances in his or her blood or urine that is
2 equal to or greater than:

3		Urine	Blood
4		Nanograms per	Nanograms per
5	Prohibited substance	milliliter	milliliter
6			
7			
8	(a) Amphetamine	500	100
9	(b) Cocaine	150	50
10	(c) Cocaine metabolite	150	50
11	(d) Heroin	2,000	50
12	(e) Heroin metabolite:		
13	(1) Morphine	2,000	50
14	(2) 6-monoacetyl morphine	10	10
15	(f) Lysergic acid diethylamide	25	10
16	(g) Methamphetamine	500	100
17	(h) Phencyclidine	25	10

18
19 4. For any violation that is punishable pursuant to NRS
20 **488.420, 488.425 or** 488.427, it is unlawful for any person to
21 operate or be in actual physical control of a power-driven vessel or
22 sailing vessel under way on the waters of this State with an amount
23 of any of the following prohibited substances in his or her blood that
24 is equal to or greater than:

25		Blood
26		Nanograms per
27	Prohibited substance	milliliter
28		
29		
30	(a) Marijuana (delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol)	2
31	(b) Marijuana metabolite (11-OH-tetrahydrocannabinol)	5

32
33 5. If consumption is proven by a preponderance of the
34 evidence, it is an affirmative defense under paragraph (c) of
35 subsection 1 that the defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of
36 alcohol after operating or being in actual physical control of the
37 power-driven vessel or sailing vessel, as applicable, under way and
38 before his or her blood was tested, to cause the defendant to have a
39 concentration of 0.08 or more of alcohol in his or her blood or
40 breath. A defendant who intends to offer this defense at a trial
41 or preliminary hearing must, not less than 14 days before the trial or
42 hearing or at such other time as the court may direct, file and serve on
43 the prosecuting attorney a written notice of that intent.

44 6. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 488.427, a person who
45 violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.



1 **Sec. 82.** NRS 488.420 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2 488.420 1. ~~[Unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to~~
3 ~~NRS 488.425, a]~~ A person who:

4 (a) Is under the influence of intoxicating liquor;

5 (b) Has a concentration of alcohol of 0.08 or more in his or her
6 blood or breath;

7 (c) Is found by measurement within 2 hours after operating or
8 being in actual physical control of a power-driven vessel or sailing
9 vessel under way to have a concentration of alcohol of 0.08 or more
10 in his or her blood or breath;

11 (d) Is under the influence of a controlled substance or is under
12 the combined influence of intoxicating liquor and a controlled
13 substance;

14 (e) Inhales, ingests, applies or otherwise uses any chemical,
15 poison or organic solvent, or any compound or combination of any
16 of these, to a degree which renders the person incapable of safely
17 operating or being in actual physical control of a power-driven
18 vessel or sailing vessel under way; or

19 (f) Has a prohibited substance in his or her blood or urine, as
20 applicable, in an amount that is equal to or greater than the amount
21 set forth in subsection 3 or 4 of NRS 488.410,

22 ↳ and does any act or neglects any duty imposed by law while
23 operating or being in actual physical control of any power-driven
24 vessel or sailing vessel under way, if the act or neglect of duty
25 proximately causes the death of, or substantial bodily harm to,
26 another person, *shall be punished as provided in subsection 2.*

27 **2. Unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to NRS**
28 **488.425, a person who violates subsection 1 is guilty of :**

29 **(a) If the violation proximately causes the death of another**
30 **person and the person who committed the violation:**

31 **(1) Has not previously been convicted of any offense, a**
32 **category B felony and shall be punished by a term of**
33 **imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less**
34 **than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than 25 years and**
35 **shall be further punished by a fine of not less than \$2,000 nor**
36 **more than \$5,000.**

37 **(2) Has previously been convicted of one or two offenses, a**
38 **category B felony and shall be punished by a term of**
39 **imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less**
40 **than 5 years and a maximum term of not more than 25 years and**
41 **shall be further punished by a fine of not less than \$2,000 nor**
42 **more than \$5,000.**

43 **(b) If the violation proximately causes substantial bodily harm**
44 **to another person, a category B felony and shall be punished by**
45 **imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less**



1 than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than 20 years and
2 shall be further punished by a fine of not less than \$2,000 nor more
3 than \$5,000.

4 ~~3.~~ A person ~~[so]~~ imprisoned *pursuant to subsection 2* must,
5 insofar as practicable, be segregated from offenders whose crimes
6 were violent and, insofar as practicable, be assigned to an institution
7 or facility of minimum security.

8 ~~[2.]~~ 4. A prosecuting attorney shall not dismiss a charge of
9 violating the provisions of subsection 1 in exchange for a plea of
10 guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere to a lesser charge or
11 for any other reason unless the prosecuting attorney knows or it is
12 obvious that the charge is not supported by probable cause or cannot
13 be proved at the time of trial. A sentence imposed pursuant to
14 subsection ~~[H]~~ 2 must not be suspended, and probation must not be
15 granted.

16 ~~[3.]~~ 5. If consumption is proven by a preponderance of the
17 evidence, it is an affirmative defense under paragraph (c) of
18 subsection 1 that the defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of
19 alcohol after operating or being in actual physical control of the
20 power-driven vessel or sailing vessel, as applicable, under way and
21 before his or her blood was tested, to cause the defendant to have a
22 concentration of alcohol of 0.08 or more in his or her blood or
23 breath. A defendant who intends to offer this defense at a trial
24 or preliminary hearing must, not less than 14 days before the trial or
25 hearing or at such other time as the court may direct, file and serve
26 on the prosecuting attorney a written notice of that intent.

27 ~~[4.]~~ 6. If a person less than 15 years of age was in the vessel at
28 the time of the defendant's violation, the court shall consider that
29 fact as an aggravating factor in determining the sentence of the
30 defendant.

31 7. *As used in this section, "offense" means:*

32 (a) *A violation of this section;*

33 (b) *A violation of NRS 488.410;*

34 (c) *A homicide resulting from operating or being in actual*
35 *physical custody of a power-driven vessel or sailing vessel under*
36 *way while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a*
37 *controlled substance or resulting from any other conduct*
38 *prohibited by this section or NRS 488.410 or 488.425; or*

39 (d) *A violation of a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits*
40 *the same or similar conduct as set forth in paragraph (a), (b)*
41 *or (c).*

42 **Sec. 83.** (Deleted by amendment.)

43 **Sec. 84.** (Deleted by amendment.)

44 **Sec. 85.** NRS 641.029 is hereby amended to read as follows:

45 641.029 The provisions of this chapter do not apply to:



- 1 1. A physician who is licensed to practice in this State;
- 2 2. A person who is licensed to practice dentistry in this State;
- 3 3. A person who is licensed as a marriage and family therapist
- 4 or marriage and family therapist intern pursuant to chapter 641A of
- 5 NRS;
- 6 4. A person who is licensed as a clinical professional counselor
- 7 or clinical professional counselor intern pursuant to chapter 641A of
- 8 NRS;
- 9 5. A person who is licensed to engage in social work pursuant
- 10 to chapter 641B of NRS;
- 11 6. A person who is licensed as an occupational therapist or
- 12 occupational therapy assistant pursuant to chapter 640A of NRS;
- 13 7. A person who is licensed as a clinical alcohol and drug
- 14 counselor, licensed or certified as an alcohol and drug counselor or
- 15 certified as an alcohol and drug counselor intern, a clinical alcohol
- 16 and drug counselor intern, a problem gambling counselor or a
- 17 problem gambling counselor intern, pursuant to chapter 641C of
- 18 NRS;
- 19 8. A person who provides or supervises the provision of peer
- 20 recovery support services in accordance with the provisions of NRS
- 21 433.622 to 433.641, inclusive ~~§~~, *and section 66 of this act*;
- 22 9. A person who is licensed as a behavior analyst or an
- 23 assistant behavior analyst or registered as a registered behavior
- 24 technician pursuant to chapter 641D of NRS, while engaged in the
- 25 practice of applied behavior analysis as defined in NRS 641D.080;
- 26 or
- 27 10. Any member of the clergy,
- 28 ➔ if such a person does not commit an act described in NRS
- 29 641.440 or represent himself or herself as a psychologist.
- 30 **Sec. 86.** NRS 641B.040 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 31 641B.040 The provisions of this chapter do not apply to:
- 32 1. A physician who is licensed to practice in this State;
- 33 2. A nurse who is licensed to practice in this State;
- 34 3. A person who is licensed as a psychologist pursuant to
- 35 chapter 641 of NRS or authorized to practice psychology in this
- 36 State pursuant to the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact
- 37 enacted in NRS 641.227;
- 38 4. A person who is licensed as a marriage and family therapist
- 39 or marriage and family therapist intern pursuant to chapter 641A of
- 40 NRS;
- 41 5. A person who is licensed as a clinical professional counselor
- 42 or clinical professional counselor intern pursuant to chapter 641A of
- 43 NRS;
- 44 6. A person who is licensed as an occupational therapist or
- 45 occupational therapy assistant pursuant to chapter 640A of NRS;



1 7. A person who is licensed as a clinical alcohol and drug
2 counselor, licensed or certified as an alcohol and drug counselor or
3 certified as a clinical alcohol and drug counselor intern, an alcohol
4 and drug counselor intern, a problem gambling counselor or a
5 problem gambling counselor intern, pursuant to chapter 641C of
6 NRS;

7 8. A person who provides or supervises the provision of peer
8 recovery support services in accordance with NRS 433.622 to
9 433.641, inclusive ~~§~~, *and section 66 of this act*;

10 9. Any member of the clergy;

11 10. A county welfare director;

12 11. Any person who may engage in social work or clinical
13 social work in his or her regular governmental employment but does
14 not hold himself or herself out to the public as a social worker; or

15 12. A student of social work and any other person preparing for
16 the profession of social work under the supervision of a qualified
17 social worker in a training institution or facility recognized by the
18 Board, unless the student or other person has been issued a
19 provisional license pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS
20 641B.275. Such a student must be designated by the title "student of
21 social work" or "trainee in social work," or any other title which
22 clearly indicates the student's training status.

23 **Sec. 87.** NRS 641C.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:

24 641C.130 The provisions of this chapter do not apply to:

25 1. A physician who is licensed pursuant to the provisions of
26 chapter 630 or 633 of NRS;

27 2. A nurse who is licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter
28 632 of NRS and is authorized by the State Board of Nursing to
29 engage in the practice of counseling persons with alcohol and other
30 substance use disorders or the practice of counseling persons with
31 an addictive disorder related to gambling;

32 3. A psychologist who is licensed pursuant to the provisions of
33 chapter 641 of NRS or authorized to practice psychology in this
34 State pursuant to the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact
35 enacted in NRS 641.227;

36 4. A clinical professional counselor or clinical professional
37 counselor intern who is licensed pursuant to chapter 641A of NRS;

38 5. A marriage and family therapist or marriage and family
39 therapist intern who is licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter
40 641A of NRS and is authorized by the Board of Examiners for
41 Marriage and Family Therapists and Clinical Professional
42 Counselors to engage in the practice of counseling persons with
43 alcohol and other substance use disorders or the practice of
44 counseling persons with an addictive disorder related to gambling;

45 6. A person who is:



(a) Licensed as:

(1) A clinical social worker pursuant to the provisions of chapter 641B of NRS; or

(2) A master social worker or an independent social worker pursuant to the provisions of chapter 641B of NRS and is engaging in clinical social work as part of an internship program approved by the Board of Examiners for Social Workers; and

(b) Authorized by the Board of Examiners for Social Workers to engage in the practice of counseling persons with alcohol and other substance use disorders or the practice of counseling persons with an addictive disorder related to gambling; or

7. A person who provides or supervises the provision of peer recovery support services in accordance with NRS 433.622 to 433.641, inclusive ~~§~~, *or section 66 of this act.*

Sec. 87.3. 1. There is hereby appropriated from the State General Fund to the Interim Finance Committee for allocation to the Administrative Office of the Courts for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act the following sums:

For the Fiscal Year 2025-2026 \$919,080

For the Fiscal Year 2026-2027 \$948,695

2. Any balance of the sums appropriated by subsection 1 remaining at the end of the respective fiscal years must not be committed for expenditure after June 30 of the respective fiscal years by the entity to which the appropriation is made or any entity to which money from the appropriation is granted or otherwise transferred in any manner, and any portion of the appropriated money remaining must not be spent for any purpose after September 18, 2026, and September 17, 2027, respectively, by either the entity to which the money was appropriated or the entity to which the money was subsequently granted or transferred, and must be reverted to the State General Fund on or before September 18, 2026, and September 17, 2027, respectively.

Sec. 87.5. 1. There is hereby appropriated from the State General Fund to the Interim Finance Committee for allocation to the Department of Corrections for costs associated with carrying out the provisions of this act the following sums:

For the Fiscal Year 2025-2026 \$2,242,145

For the Fiscal Year 2026-2027 \$2,915,779

2. Any balance of the sums appropriated by subsection 1 remaining at the end of the respective fiscal years must not be committed for expenditure after June 30 of the respective fiscal years by the entity to which the appropriation is made or any entity to which money from the appropriation is granted or otherwise transferred in any manner, and any portion of the appropriated money remaining must not be spent for any purpose after



1 September 18, 2026, and September 17, 2027, respectively, by
2 either the entity to which the money was appropriated or the entity
3 to which the money was subsequently granted or transferred, and
4 must be reverted to the State General Fund on or before
5 September 18, 2026, and September 17, 2027, respectively.

6 **Sec. 88.** (Deleted by amendment.)

7 **Sec. 89.** The provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 218D.380 do
8 not apply to any provision of this act which adds or revises a
9 requirement to submit a report to the Legislature.



